THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

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THEY ALWAYS MAKE TROUBLE FOR HIM

Eastern Papers Know That William J. Bryan Leads

ANY OTHER MAN IN PARTY

For the Nomination for the Presidency Next Year.

BUT THEY ARE SLOW TO ADMIT IT

Their Latest Effort Is To See Danger for Bryan in Selection of Sulzer or Bankhead as Leader of the Democrats in the House.

By Jos: Ohl.

Washington, November 29.—(Special.)—The newspapers of the east, with their characteristic faculty of getting things wrong when it comes to discussing politics, are now endeavoring to see in the contest for the democratic leadership some danger for Mr. Bryan. Some figure it out one way, some another; some declare that Sulzer is against Bryan, others that the real danger lies in Bankhead's candidacy, and still others, in the vain hope of stirring up strife, say that whoever may win Bryan will lose. They do not attempt to give any reason for their statement—any of these self-constituted prophets of evil—but they are bent on finding trouble for the Nebraskan at any cost.

Almost all their statements are based upon the presumption that Tammany is going to be against Bryan and that all the members of the east are, therefore, against him. They ignore the fact that Sulzer was one of the most loyal supporters Bryan had; that he endangered his own hold on public life by taking that position in the face of the known antagonism of eastern democrats. They ignore the fact that Colonel Bankhead has entered vigorous denial whenever it has been suggested to him that he was not enthusiastic as well as friendly toward the man from Nebraska. In fact, they ignore everything, for they can find nothing on which to base any such wild claims.

Individual Aspirations.

There is nothing in this contest for leadership except the individual aspirations of very clever democrats. They are all here—Richardson, DeArmond, Bankhead and Sulzer—and each has his friends around him. So far, however, the contest has been very mild, for there are few other members on hand. Each candidate listens to the stories of his friends, counts over his list, sees he has not enough to elect, and figures it out that he will be the winner.

There has been much uncertainty about Mr. Bailey's position, but the arrival of the Texan has settled two things very positively.

One of these is that he will under no circumstances allow his name to be used; the other that he is for Bankhead.

Several of Bailey's closest friends have been urging him to let his name be used, but the Texan has put his foot down very firmly upon any such effort. He has pointed out that such a step would not only be unfair to those gentlemen who have become candidates upon the assumption that he would not, but also to his friends who have taken up the fights of the other candidates, and would be especially unfair to himself, putting him in a wrong light before the people.

In his talk with me tonight he said: "I would not allow the use of my name under any circumstances. In persisting on my position I have had to go counter to the wishes of a number of my warmest friends, but there must be no mistake about my position."

Richardson seems to have the best chance, as things look tonight. He is second choice of the Sulzer and almost all of the DeArmond men; and also, it is fair to say, of a good many of the Bankhead men. Certainly he would get most of these votes, if it were to narrow down to a contest between the Tennesseean and Sulzer.

The close Bailey men—that is, those who ask the Texan's advice—to a man are against DeArmond. Indeed, it is by no means certain that the Missourian will let his name go before the caucus. He has taken the stand that he did not care for the responsibilities of the leadership unless called by his colleagues without his own solicitation, and there is no such demand that can be discovered. If he is not a candidate, the votes now pledged to him will go almost to a man to Richardson.

The fight for the places in the house at the disposal of the minority has centered on the two positions held in the last congress—by Knight, of Georgia, and Browning, of Virginia. There are half a dozen candidates, or more. Browning is not a candidate, so that helps Knight's chances; but the contest for these places is hot, and there is no certainty that the Georgia boy will win. Judge Maddox is here doing all he can, and he has the solid delegation at his back.

Calls for a Caucus.

A call has been issued for a democratic caucus for 1 o'clock on Saturday. It is important for members not here to note the hour. The caucus is usually held at night, and they may be misled into taking it for granted that the same obtains now. Judge Maddox, Colonel Livingston and Mr. Fleming are the only members of the Georgia delegation now here. All three are of the opinion that Richardson will win.

As for Bryan and national politics, neither enter into this contest in the slightest degree. All the candidates are Bryan men, and all their supporters are the same. If there is a democrat who is not a Bryan man these days, he is very hard to find. He is not in evidence here, at any rate.

Croker's very positive statement showing Tammany's support to Bryan did not create much surprise here, although the newspapers endeavored to make it into a sensation. The fact is, everybody knew how Croker stood, or ought to have known. His conversion to Bryan is not a recent thing. For some time the Tammany leader has not failed to see the handwriting on the wall. He might have liked as a democratic candidate some man whom he could have used, but he sees that Bryan is to be the nominee, and that there is a good chance with democratic unity to elect him.

Palmer Sees the Light.

Nor is Croker the only man who sees how things are going. Old Senator Palmer, who allowed himself to be the stool pigeon for McKinley and Hanna in the last campaign, is here, and does not hesitate to say that in his opinion there is a good chance for the democrats to elect Bryan next year. He says that Bryan is certain to be the nominee, and that, as the trust and imperialism questions are bound to be prominent in the campaign, Bryan may be elected despite his position on silver.

This is not a very valuable political straw, except that it shows a realization of the inevitable by the men who did their best to elect McKinley, although they were themselves posing as democrats. With Palmer in line and Bynum safely ensconced in a federal position given him in payment for the perfidy of 1896, Mark Hanna will have to look elsewhere for his stool pigeons.

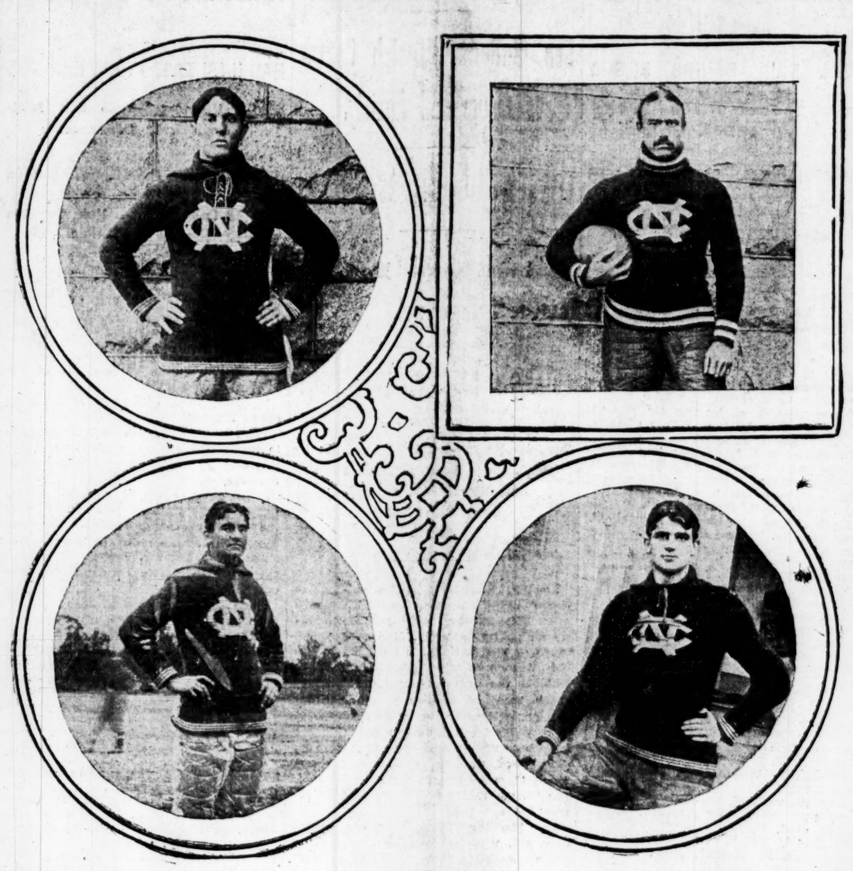
The action of these two men can fairly be taken as indicating that they see very little in the future for independentism in the interest of the republicans. The republicans will have to fight the next fight out in the open.



MAJOR PETER J. OTEY, OF VIRGINIA.

He Has Accepted an Invitation from the Virginia Society To Deliver the Annual Oration on Lee's Birthday.

FOUR OF THE TARHEEL GRIDIRON GIANTS



Bennett, Right Tackle. Ozburn, Right End.

Koehler, Left End. Captain Shull, Left Tackle.

METHODISTS AT LAGRANGE IN ANNUAL CONFERENCE

North Georgia Preachers Began Their Meeting Yesterday Morning.

BISHOP HENDRIX PRESIDES

Very Large Attendance and There Is Much Enthusiasm.

REPORTS READ AND RECEIVED

Affecting Scene When Superanuated Preachers Made Addresses—The Trial of Andrew Weaver, Charged with Immorality.

LaGrange, Ga., November 29.—(Special.) The thirty-second annual session of the North Georgia conference convened in the First Methodist church of this city, on Broad street, this morning promptly at 9 o'clock.

Bishop E. R. Hendrix, who is presiding over the conference, appears to be in a fine condition as to health and is a most admirable presiding officer; firm, but courteous to all, rushing business and never allowing the body to get from under his control.

The bishop, upon calling the conference to order, announced the old familiar hymn, "There is a Fountain Filled with Blood," which was sung with that earnestness and zest peculiar to the Methodist preachers.

For his scripture lesson the bishop read a part of the fifth chapter of Second Corinthians, which he followed with prayer.

Dr. J. W. Heidt, who so long has been secretary, then called the roll of preachers and most of them were present and answered to their names.

Upon motion, Dr. Heidt was unanimously re-elected to fill his old position. Then, upon his motion, the following named gentlemen were elected as his assistants: F. W. McCleskey, Ford McRee, J. E. Rosser, Casper Wright, Loy Warwick, Henry B. Mays, H. M. Smith and W. S. Stevens.

The hours for meeting are from 9 o'clock in the morning until 12:45 o'clock.

Rev. J. B. Holland was made chairman of the committee on books and periodicals.

Rev. Fletcher Walton was made chairman of the committee on Bible cause.

Rev. J. N. Snow was made chairman of the committee on temperance.

Rev. J. R. Lewis was made chairman of committee on Sabbath observance.

The routine work of reports was then gone through with. The reports of Dr. C. E. Dowman, president of Emory college; of the president of Payne institute and Lane college; of Dr. J. D. Hammond, secretary of the board of education; of Dr. J. W. Roberts, president of Wesleyan Female college; of R. W. Smith, president of the LaGrange Female college, and of Rev. Oscar L. Kelly, president of Fairmount college, were all received and referred to the conference board of education.

Dr. W. F. Glenn and Dr. W. P. Lovejoy reported on the condition of The Wesleyan Christian Advocate.

Upon the call of question 6: "Who are received from other conferences by transfer?" the names of H. C. Christian, from Los Angeles conference, and Sterling P. Wiggins, east California conference, were announced, and these gentlemen were presented to the conference.

The following rsolution was unanimously adopted:

"Whereas there is now pending before the general assembly of Georgia a measure known as the Willingham bill, which, if enacted into law, will drive licensed barrooms from this state; and,

"Whereas, this bill has already been passed by the lower house by a large majority; and,

"Whereas, the overwhelming sentiment of the best people of this commonwealth is in favor of a state prohibition law; therefore

"Resolved, That the North Georgia conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, south, representing a constituency of 100,000 members and 400,000 adherents, respectfully, but earnestly appeal to the senate, now in session, to pass the Willingham bill and give us deliverance from this monster evil and enemy of the human race—the open saloon. W. P. Lovejoy, J. R. King, J. B. Robins and J. F. Mixon."

In addition to the above a resolution was passed to notify the secretary of the senate and the chairman of the temperance committee of the action of the body.

The roll of the superannuated preachers was called, not all answered, for some of them had passed over the river to their reward. Those who answered were invited to talk and did so. These old soldiers who had fought the battles of the Lord thirty, forty and as high as fifty-three years regularly in the service were still ready to go forward at their Captain's command. Their speeches were a benediction to the younger members. Rev. R. W. Bigham, father of R. J. Bigham, was one of the old men who was too feeble to be present, but wrote the conference a letter that was swee, loving, sympathetic and touching and its reading filled the eyes of his brethren with tears and they all knelt down and prayed the Lord to bless Brother Robert W. Bigham."

The trial of Rev. Andrew B. Weaver for immorality is going on. Mr Weaver was pastor in charge of the Elijay Mission in Gilmer county. His case was investigated by a committee of three which declared a trial necessary. He has been suspended since last March pending this trial. Heretofore he has borne an unsullied reputation. One of the committe said in the presence of your reporter that the outcome is doubtful.

Methodist ministers filled the various pulpits in town this afternoon and tonight.

Rev. C. C. Spence, president of the school at Demorest, made a statement to the conference, that it was not true as reported of him in the newspapers that he had threatened the life of a young man to prevent a marriage.

The bishop and his cabinet held a meeting at the home of Colonel T. A. Atkinson last night.

The preachers are being royally entertained and are having a good time.

All Well at Ladysmith.

Ladysmith, Monday, November 20, by Messenger to Mooi River.—All here are well and cheerful. The Boers are not shelling today and we have no fear that they will attack the town. Our position we have made very strong with redoubts and breastworks, and we look forward confidently to the ultimate result.

SIX PERSONS ARE KILLED IN A HEAD END COLLISION

Accommodation Train Crashes Into an Expres at Full Speed.

TWENTY BADLY INJURED

Occurred on the Delaware Lackawanna and Western Railroad.

EXPRESS WAS OUTSIDE STATION

Accommodation Was Going at Full Speed and Engineer Could Not Stop His Train—Two Cars and Engine Torn to Splinters.

New York, November 29.—The eastbound Buffalo express on the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railroad, while standing outside the station at Paterson, N. J., tonight was run into by a swiftly moving accommodation train bound from Phillipsburg, N. J., to Jersey City.

At least six people were killed, and there are now twenty injured at the hospital in Paterson, of which number some will probably die, while some of those seriously injured were able to go to their destination.

The dead as far as known are:

MRS. MARY ROE, wife of David Roe, of Ithaca, N. Y., and two daughters.

WALTER WELLBROCK, Cornell college, Ithaca.

UNKNOWN WOMAN.

The body that was thought to be that of a boy proved to be the young daughter of Mrs. Roe.

All the bodies have been removed to the morgue. The injured include:

Miss Agnes MacDonald, Oxford, N. Y., both legs broken.

Samuel Mendelson, Wilkesbarre, legs broken.

Miss Mamie Doyle, Binghamton, arm broken and crushed.

David Roe, Ithaca, husband of the wo- killed, right leg crushed.

Oscar Aronson, Scranton, Pa., legs crushed.

John White, Ithaca, leg broken; badly cut by glass.

Louis Daron, Dover, N. J., face and body badly cut.

Louis Freedman, Scranton, Pa., legs crushed and head bruised.

Charles Remsen, Brooklyn, thought to be internally injured.

William C. Osella, Chicago, leg crushed.

Daniel Maxwell, Hackettstown, N. J., seriously bruised and cut.

How Accident Occurred.

The Buffalo express was waiting for a local train to move that had been delayed at the station, and the Phillipsburg accommodation was following the express but a short distance behind. The two rear cars of the express were broken to pieces, most of the passengers on them being either killed or injured. The engine of the Phillipsburg train was completely wrecked, the engineer and fireman escaping by jumping.

When Engineer Reardon, of the accommodation, saw the lights ahead, the distance was too short to avoid collision. His train was going at full speed. The engine plunged into the rear car of the express, a Pullman day coach and plowed through the heavy timbers almost its entire limits. The car was lifted from the track and pushed to the next to the last car also a Pullman carrying off its end and almost completely telescoping it. The wreckage caught fire, but the flames were soon extinguished.

Within a few moments police reserves, firemen and great crowds of people came to the rescue of those in the terrible tangle of wood and iron.

From the wreck came groans and shrieks and prayers for death or deliverance. It was intensely dark at the scene and as the broken wood was taken out of the wreck, it was thrown to the sides of the track. Then it was set on fire to furnish light for the rescuers.

The firemen, police, train hands and several score of citizens turned in to rip the fearful pile to pieces. It was desirable to draw the engine out, but this could not be done, because it would result in death to some of those imprisoned in the debris.

Before the wreckage was attacked there was the body of a man hanging half way out of the rear windows on one side and a woman hanging from a window on the other side. Both were in rear seats in the rear car and when the engine hit the car and tore through it their mangled bodies were crushed through the windows and hung between the sides of the car and the engine.

Stood on His Head in Corner.

The rescuers took the men and women out of the wreckage in rapid succession and they were hurried away to the hospitals. In many cases it was necessary to chop away the wreckage about the injured in order to get them out. One man was found standing upon his head in a corner, held fast by the wreckage, which had piled about him. He was taken out unconscious, and it was thought he was dead, but he revived and proved to be only slightly injured.

The Whites, father and son, were found with their arms about each other. The son's leg is broken, while the father is badly bruised and his face and hands cut by flying glass.

One of the men killed is thought to be Miller Craig, of New York. A pass ticket book found on his body indicated this.

Wheeler's Gritty Nephew.

Those who were chopping through the roof of a car and freeing the victims were treated to a splendid piece of courage when they came to Sterling S. Smith, a Cornell student and a nephew of General Joe Wheeler. The boy lives in Brooklyn and was going to Philadelphia to see the football game between Cornell and the University of Pennsylvania.

His right leg was terribly mangled and jammed between heavy iron and woodwork, but he was conscious when the rescuers reached him.

"Don't bother about me," he yelled to the rescuers. "There are women below me. Get them out first, I can wait awhile. My leg is broken. See it wiggle?" And then the youth tried to smile.

One of the rescuers said as he was chopping away: "You are a brave young chap."

"I don't know about that," said Smith calmly, "but my mother is a sister of General Joe Wheeler, and I guess I've got the right stuff in me."

The leg which he referred to as being broken was mashed almost into a shapeless mass, and it "wiggled" because the bones were splintered and it was hanging simply by shreds of flesh and torn tissues.

At the hospital later the doctors made immediate preparations to amputate it.

CLASH BETWEEN OFFICIALS.

Mayor of Columbia, S. C., and Board of Health Disagree.

Columbia, S. C., November 29.—(Special) A clash occurred today between Mayor Lipscomb and the board of health, and it is intimated that one or the other will resign. The board had a butcher arrested, who was charged with buying and selling hogs known to have cholera. The man went before the mayor, who continued his case, the meat, in the meantime, continuing to be sold. The board of health called for a special meeting of council, and in the meantime took authority which the mayor did not seem to consider it entitled to and seized the meat, which is being tested by experts. The mayor's contention was that the meat should be tested before its sale was stopped.

GEORGIA MEETS CAROLINA TODAY

Great Gridiron Battle Thanksgiving Feature.

GAME WILL BEGIN AT 2:30

Fierce Battle of Pigskin Science Provided.

BOTH TEAMS IN FINE CONDITION

Georgia Is in Better Shape Than Ever Before—North Carolina Team Is in Tip-Top Trim. Will Represent Its State Well.

FOOTBALL GAME AT 2:30.

The city will be full of college men from the University of Georgia and the University of North Carolina today. Their college yells and songs will resound in all parts of the town, and their ribbons and flags will float from innumerable coats and dresses. For this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock the football elevens from the two institutions will play a game at Piedmont park.

The game gives every promise of being one of the fiercest played in Atlanta this season, as the great improvement shown in the Georgia eleven for the past few weeks argues to its supporters that North Carolina will have a formidable task on her hands when she tries to win this game. It also suggests to the football experts that the team is in excellent condition and will put up a beautiful fight.

The team which played Auburn last week was not the same team that played Sewanee. In the Sewanee there was no magnificent speed at play, no impregnably formed interference work by the backs and no strong pushing forces in the line.

In the game with Auburn, Georgia showed team work, rounded, smooth team work, the kind that wins games. Surprising speed was shown in putting the ball in play and in running with it. In the line giant forces tore holes in the opposing one for the backs to jump through. In all there were the qualities that form a winning team and the work done was clearly an easily first-class in both offensive and defensive playing.

Changes in the Team.

But in the eleven that faced Auburn were missing two of the best players of the eleven—Hewlette, the big running man who played halfback and end, and Terry, the rock-wall center, whose ability is of the star order. Both these men, who are powerful forces in a game, were kept from playing on account of illness.

They will play this afternoon and the effect of their so doing will be to materially strengthen the team and build to its working, winning qualities. Terry will go to the center, while Hewlette will be put on one of the ends in order that the two halfbacks, Simcox and Young, may remain at their posts. Watkins and Shannon, who played center, will be used as substitutes.

From Athens comes the report that Finnegan has not entirely recovered from his hurt of the last game, but that he may be in the game at one end, where he did so much excellent work. If he is at the end he will make a most excellent

Continued on Second Page.



BISHOP E. R. HENDRIX, OF MISSOURI.

He Is Presiding Over the Methodist Conference Now in Session at La Grange, Ga.

OTIS TELLS OF OUR VICTORY

His Dispatches Show Troops To Be Making Progress.

BELL SCATTERS INSURGENTS

He Has Captured All Their Quick Firing and Krupp Guns.

TWENTY DEAD FILIPINOS ARE FOUND

The Dispatches Would Indicate That the Demoralization of the Insurgents Is Complete—Gilmore's Party Believed To Be Found.

Washington, November 29.—General Otis's advices to the war department today show that the troops are pushing rapidly ahead and indicate that the demoralization of the insurgents is complete. Two dispatches were received today. The first relates to the operations in the northwest part of Luzon and is as follows:

"The following from the northwest Luzon coast: Young left San Fernando 23d instant, where Marche's battalion, Thirty-third infantry, arrived 26th, on which day Young was at Namaopacan, where supplied by navy gunboat Samar. He marched out next day. Battleship Oregon landed 200 men at Vigan 24th instant; no opposition; sailors welcomed by inhabitants. Believe the Spanish and American prisoners still in vicinity of Bangued guarded by small insurgent troops at Bayonbong; Neuva Viscaya province surrendered yesterday to Lawton's troops. He advanced by both the San Nicholas and Carangian trails."

The second dispatch states: "General MacArthur reports from Bambyang that Bell with Thirty-sixth and company Thirty-third infantry struck enemy commanded by Generals San Miguel and Alejandrino in mountains west of Mangularen and by series of combats through mountains, has so scattered their forces that concentration is impossible. Bell has captured all their quick firing and Krupp guns, ammunition and powder factory and arsenal with thousand pounds of lead and sheet copper, all their transportation, engineering tools, clothing and food supplies. Property scattered over mountains now being collected. Twenty of the killed and wounded of the enemy left on field. Bell does not report casualties; expected this evening."

DR. CROW ISSUES HIS CALL.

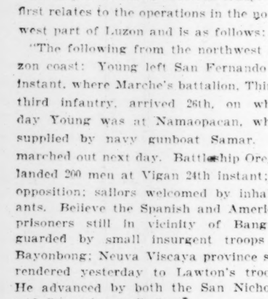
For a Meeting of Alabama Populist Executive Committee.

Birmingham, Ala., November 29.—(Special.)—As was forecasted in these dispatches last night, State Chairman G. B. Crowe, of the populist party, today issued a call for a meeting of the state executive committee of that party at the Opera House hotel in Birmingham December 14th. Discussing the probable action to be taken at this meeting, Dr. Crowe said:

"The future course of the populists in Alabama will be discussed and definite action taken in shaping it. It is not at all improbable that a senatorial candidate will be put in the field by our party, but who he will be cannot be stated at this time, except that he will be a populist. The populists will maintain their organization. There may be a few willing and ready to go back to the democratic ranks, as was done by Kolb, Bowman and a few others, but the rank and file will remain true and steadfast and the democratic party will be given a fight. A full state ticket will be put in the field by the populists. Other matters will be taken up, including the reorganization of the party which will be considered by the committee and effected along stronger lines than ever before."

Dr. Crowe is very much pleased at the refusal of the recent conference of populist leaders held in this city, which, by the way, he did not attend, to adopt a resolution proposing the abandonment of the populist organization and the return of all populists to the democratic party.

A GOLDEN DISCOVERY.



The famous Klondike region is not all gold. Hundreds of prospectors drop and die of hunger and fatigue without ever finding the precious metal. Often the most precious things of life are found only after infinite exertion and discouraging search. Many a man and woman looking vainly for health almost drops by the wayside before the golden means of relief is at last discovered.

"About twelve years ago," says O. S. Copenhaver, Esq., of Mount Union, Huntington Co., Pa., "I was suddenly taken with a pain in the pit of my stomach which was so violent I could not walk straight. It would grow more severe until it caused waterbrash and vomiting of a slimy yellow matter. I consulted a physician and he told me I had a form of dyspepsia, and treated me for about six months with but little benefit. I still kept getting so weak I could scarcely walk.

"I then tried another physician and he told me my liver was out of order and that I had indigestion. He gave me a treatment and I got some better but only for a short time. I then tried another one who said I had chronic indigestion, ulceration of the lining of the stomach, torpid liver and kidney affection. He treated me for more than a year and I felt much better but it did not last.

"I then took to using several widely advertised patent medicines, but received no more than temporary relief while using. I then tried Dr. Pierce's medicines, using his 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and the 'Pleasant Pellets,' and in two months' time I was feeling better than I had for years before. I can truthfully say Dr. Pierce's medicines did me more good than any I had ever taken."

If you are one of those discouraged ones in the long and weary search for health, write to Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y. He will send you friendly advice that will not cost you one cent.

For constipation, nothing is equal to Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

SECRETARY WILSON MAKES HIS REPORT

Document Tells in Detail of Department's Work.

EXTENSIVE RESEARCH MADE

Much Has Been Learned of India Rubber Plants.

SOUTH CAROLINA TEA COMMENDED

Quality of This Product Declared To Be Good—Irrigation in the West Is Discussed.

Washington, November 29.—The annual report of Secretary Wilson summarizes an immense amount of valuable work done by the agricultural department during the past year. He comments particularly on the successful extention of the weather bureau service around the Carribean sea, giving timely storm warnings to the vessels of the navy and merchant marine.

The department has gathered much information regarding the plants which supply India rubber and gutta percha and expects during the coming year to locate in our island possessions zones suitable for the culture of these plants. The United States now imports about $30,000,000 worth of rubber annually and it is thought that a large portion of the supply can be raised in our new island possessions. The same is true of Egyptian cotton, of which we import $5,000,000 worth annually, while he thinks that $200,000,000 worth of tropical products which we now import each year can all be raised in Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines.

Much work has been done in the hybridizing of grains to secure varieties which will resist the drought. The same methods are being used to produce hardy orange trees and sea island cotton which will be immune to the fungus disease now attacking that staple.

Practical forestry work is being done on a large scale among the lumbermen of several states. Irrigation work in the west has been carried on and much alkali land has been reclaimed. The secretary's recommendations in this line include irrigation experiments in the east and south outside of the arid region. He thinks that congressional action also may be necessary in the west on the subject of water rights and reservoir sites.

Experiment Work Enlarged.

The experiment station work of the department has been extended to Alaska and is to be extended to Hawaii, Porto Rico and the Philippines so they may be enabled to supply the United States with the tropical products of which our importations are now $200,000,000 annually.

Extensive experiments are being carried on in road construction in co-operation with the local authorities of the several states, including the building of sample roads from the materials found in different localities and the laying of steel track wagon roads.

The third year of experimentation with hog cholera shows that from 75 to 80 per cent of the hogs injected with serum are saved.

The secretary strongly recommends a more rigid inspection of our export dairy products to counteract the injury that has been done to this trade by unscrupulous dealers in the past.

Regarding seed distribution, the secretary says there is no need for the department to come into competition with the sales of seedmen, but that there is room for valuable work in the collection and distribution of such foreign seeds and plants as are adapted to this country, but would not be secured by private enterprise.

Tea growing experiments in South Carolina are recommended and he notes that 3,600 pounds of good tea was raised in the gardens at Summerville in the past season.

A valuable quality of rice has been introduced from Japan. It is superior to the domestic product, and should it succeed in Louisiana, hundreds of thousands of dollars will be added yearly to the rice growing industry. The secretary asks for $10,000 to prosecute a technical and scientific investigation of native drug plants in co-operation with the Pan-American congress.

GEN. WHEELER TO RETURN

ANNOUNCES THAT HE WILL ATTEND CONGRESS.

Writes to Editor of Florence, Ala., Herald and Tells of Philippine Situation.

Chattanooga, Tenn., November 29.—A special to The Times from Florence, Ala., says that General Joseph Wheeler is coming to the states for the session of congress.

W. M. Bunting, editor of The Herald, of that city, has received the following letter from the general today, which effectually settles the matter:

"Angeles Island of Luzon October 20, 1899—My Dear Sir: I have now been in these islands for two months and I am very favorably impressed with them. I am quite confident that the insurrection will soon be closed. All that is needed is an energetic move forward—the Filipinos cannot stand against our soldiers. I can-fiot sufficiently express to you the possibilities of this country under good American rule. The fertility is remarkable, the climate cannot be said to be unhealthy, and I think the people will improve very much under American rule.

"Will you please state in your paper that 'Letters addressed to General Wheeler at Washington about matters of congressional business will be attended to, as he is expected to be here very soon.'"

The letter also contains much interesting matter about the country and reaffirms the general's opinions regarding the keeping of the islands by the United States.

He says further:

"I want to devote myself to congressional business and do all I can for my people."

TO PREVENT CONSOLIDATION.

State of Colorado Seeks To Enjoin Railroads from Consolidating.

Cripple Creek, Col., November 29.—Judge Stimson, of the district court, today issued a temporary injunction to prevent the consummation of the consolidation of the six railroads now operating in the gold district.

The injunctions were asked for by Attorney General Campbell, acting under the direction of Governor Thomas, on the ground that the proposed consolidation is for the purpose of creating a monopoly of the transportation to and from the Cripple Creek mining district. The money for the purchase of the various interests is understood to have been paid over in New York today.

GOOD PRICES PAID FOR FINE HORSES

Successful Day at the Lexington Horse Sale.

ANNA BAIN BRINGS $5,300

Several Two-Year-Olds Are Sold for $2,000.

THREE FAMOUS STALLIONS SOLD

Favor, Imp. Fortissimo and Terra Cotta Sold in a Bunch for $65. Other Sales.

Lexington, Ky., November 29.—At the Woodard & Shanklin horse sale today the best prices were:

Anna Bain, 1897, b. f., by Kingston, dam Laura W, by Onadga, Johnson Smith, Newport, Ky., $5,300.

Edinborough, 1897, b. c., by Albert, dam Mol Mioy, by Bramble, H. Stofer, $1,050.

Tulane, 1898, b. c., by imp Sir Modred, dam Faux Pas, by imp. Prince Charley, C. W. Wadsworth, $1,900.

Unsightly, 1897, br. f., by imp. Purse Bearer, dam Hira Villa, by Himyar, R. J. Hines, $2,100.

Kriss Kringle, 1895, b. g., by Springbok, dam Brune, J. H. McAver, $2,700.

Algol, 1894, ch. h., by imp. Topgallant, dam Equality, by Ben D'Or, W. W. Darden, $3,500.

W. Overton, 1896, b. c., by Belvidere, dam imp. Peninah, b. f., Lithica, $1,100.

Aberdale, 1897, ch. c., by Jim Gore, dam Lady Jack, by Hayden Edwards, P. T. Chinn, $600.

The Rush, 1899, b. c., by imp. Odd Fellow, dam Chauntress, imp. Charauxus, W. H. May & Son, $1,700.

Yoloco, 1897, b. c., by Take Notice, dam Lake County, by imp. Greenback, W. H. McCorkle, $900.

Miss Gussie, 1895, ch. f., by Chorister, dam Katonia, C. W. Moore, $800.

Serrano, 1894, ch. h., by Fonso, dam Jennette, by Leever, Thomas Cary, $2,700.

Marito, 1897, b. f., by Wadsworth, dam Modjeska, by Buckmaster, H. B. Durham $1,300.

High Degree, 1896, ch. f., by His Highness, dam Nettie, by Neptune, Runny Meade Stud, $1,400.

Mr. Brown, 1897, b. c., by Bramble, dam Little Bess, by McDuff, J. B. Respess, $1,000.

Vohicer, 1897, b. c., by imp. St. George, dam Fanfan, by imp. King Ernest, W. M. Hayes, $700.

Maccabee, 1897, b. c., by McDuff, dam Lima B, by John Harper, W. H. Young, $645.

Hazeldean, 1895, b. m., by Hayden Edwards, dam Workmate, Charles McGuigan, $500.

Lady Inez, 1893, ch. m., by Spendthrift, dam Longitude, Sam Brown, $1,650.

B. c., 1897, by Badge, dam Lady Inez, J. E. Cushings, $375.

B. c., 1897, by imp. Wagner, dam May Kennedy, by Faustus, W. H. Young, $525.

Favor, imp. Fortissimo and Terra Cotta, three famous stallions, each nearly twenty years old, sold for a bunch sum of $65 to J. A. Wood, Cincinnati.

Bow Bells, owned by May Overton, Nashville, sold privately to the Fasig-Tipton Sale Company, New York, for a high price. He is by Electioneer, dam Beautiful Bells, is twelve years old, sire of fifteen standard performers, among them Bill Andrews, 2:06½; Bellowed A, 2:07½; Belesprit, 2:12½; Boreal, 2:15¾, and Boralma, 2:13.

SENSATION IN A COURTROOM.

Two Lawyers in Columbus Have a Little Row.

Columbus, Ga., November 29.—(Special.) A courtroom sensation marked the close of the murder trial of Walter Goins today. Attorney A. A. Carson, of the prosecution, made a statement in his argument which Attorney J. H. Worrill, of the defense, construed to mean that he (Worrill) had tried to purposely mislead the court in a point then under discussion.

Attorney Worrill sprang to his feet and said very deliberately:

"I desire to say that the statement just made is absolutely and unqualifiedly false."

"I reiterate it," said Attorney Carson. "Nobody but a coward would take that," said Mr. Worrill.

Mr. Carson seized a law book and hurled it at the other attorney. It barely missed his head and struck another lawyer.

In an instant the courtroom was in an uproar. Several officers sprang between the two lawyers. Mr. Worrill had out his knife.

"Put up your knife, Mr. Worrill," said the court. "We want nothing of that sort here."

Quiet was soon restored and Mr. Carson proceeded with his argument. Both the lawyers are prominent and popular members of the bar and their friends regret the affair very much. Attorney Carson did not think that his language warranted Attorney Worrill's construction.

The jury in the case retired at 9:30 o'clock tonight. They are to deliver their verdict when court reconvenes in the morning.

SPEAKER OF HOUSE INDICTED.

Adams, of Michigan, Charged with Receiving $26,000.

Lansing, Mich., November 29.—Edward J. Adams, of Grand Rapids, speaker of the house of representatives, was arraigned late this afternoon under two grand jury indictments, charging him, respectively, with receiving $20,000 and $6,000 in the alleged boodling law library transactions.

Mr. Adams pleaded not guilty, reserving the privilege of changing the plea if so advised by counsel. He gave $3,000 bail. The Adams indictment alleges that one of the bribes was offered by Land Commissioner French, who has already been arraigned; the other by C. H. Pratt, agent of the publishing house which it is alleged furnished $20,000 with which to aid in the passage of the measure.

SWELLING

of the glands of the neck, scaly eruptions, imperfect digestion, and running of the ears, are some of the prominent symptoms of Scrofula. Don't wait until the health fails, but just as soon as any of these symptoms appear, give the child Scott's Emulsion. It will enrich the blood, strengthen the digestion, correct the disease, and prevent serious trouble.

At all druggists; 50c. and $1.00.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

BRITISH AWAIT NEWS OF BATTLE

Gen. Buller's Dispatch Causes Pleasure and Anxiety.

LOSSES DOUBTLESS HEAVY

Details of Engagement Can Only Be Conjectured.

NOTHING LATER HAS COME

Surprise Expressed That Lord Methuen's Men Were Without Food and Water—All Said To Be Well at Ladysmith.

London, November 30, 4:30 a. m.—Twelve hours' reflection upon Lord Methuen's brief dispatch has only served to increase public anxiety and suspense. All kinds of speculation are indulged in. In the absence of any indications as to whether the Boers occupied the north or south bank of Modder river, the best opinion inclines to the latter theory, and it is pointed out that the British must have been utterly exhausted if they could not follow up the retiring Boers and crush them as the enemy crowded over the bridge, their compulsory line of retreat.

The Morning Post's military correspondent, who has usually shown great ability, suggests that the Boers are still on the south side of the river and that the bridge is in their hands. He points out "the great danger to the small British force which crossed on pontoons."

The importance attached to this pontooning operation is proved by the fact that General Pole-Carew, one of the only two brigadier generals, was selected to superintend it.

No word has since arrived either from Lord Methuen or from Natal. Speculation, therefore, is useless. It is believed that Lord Methuen will be instantly reenforced from Cape Town by two battalions of infantry, a detachment of cavalry and a battery of artillery.

Colonel Albrecht, who is directing the work of the Boers in opposing Lord Methuen, was originally an officer in the Austrian army. He entered the Free State army and soon brought its artillery to a high state of efficiency. He is known as an able artillerist and strategist.

Some surprise is expressed at the fact that Lord Methuen's troops had to fight without food or water. It seems, however, that he is not using tinned rations. He seizes and pays for fresh food. Usually he begins a march about 3 o'clock in the morning after a breakfast of cocoa. Then he does his fighting or marching and afterwards pitches his camp near the best water, dining when his transport arrives. The afternoons are given over to resting. Only bare necessities are allowed.

As one correspondent describes it, the British are "fighting an omnipresent but almost invisible foe."

Unstinted admiration is everywhere expressed of the splendid work of Lord Methuen's column. With a force really inadequate, he has marched fifty-three miles and fought three battles within seven days.

While no credence is given to the rumor that Ladysmith has fallen, the scare serves to impress the public with the danger of what is still within the bounds of possibility. Such a misfortune would probably produce a formidable revolt among the Cape Dutch.

The Daily News says:

"Whatever comes, we must brace our nerves to meet it. Certainly today it looks as if we had life, but it is a very stern and earnest struggle before we see our way clear to final victory."

The Times comments upon the fact that thus far the Boers have been able to compel attacks by inadequate force upon their well chosen positions, while keeping the initiative in their own hands. It says:

"Ample numbers are our greatest need, and the decision to send out the Sixth division has certainly not been taken too soon. Now that disloyalty in Cape Colony has to be faced, even greater efforts will have to be made. The only wise course is to turn to account the somewhat bitter lessons of the last six weeks and to employ a large factor of safety."

METHUEN IN BLOODY BATTLE.

Wires the Queen It Is the Bloodiest of the Century.

London, November 29.—The war office has received the following dispatch from General Buller:

"Cape Town, Tuesday, November 28.—General Metheun reports: Modder River, Tuesday, November 28.—Reconnoitered at 5 a. m. enemy's position on river Modder and found them strongly intrenched and concealed. No means of outflanking, the river being full. Action commenced with artillery, mounted infantry and cavalry at 5:30, Guard on right, Ninth brigade on left, attackep position in widely extended formation in front of the whole Boer force, 8,000 strong, with two large guns, four Krupps, etc.

"The naval brigade rendered great assistance from the railway.

"After desperate, hard fighting, which lasted ten hours, our men, without water or food and in the burning sun, made the enemy quit his position.

"General Pole-Carew was successful in getting a small party across the river, gallantly assisted by 300 snappers.

"I speak in terms of high praise of the conduct of all who were engaged in one of the hardest and most trying fights in the annals of the British army. If I can mention one arm particularly, it is two batteries of artillery."

A special dispatch from Windsor says that General Metheun's dispatch to the queen after the battle of Modder river says:

"The battle was the bloodiest of the century. The British shelled the enemy out of the trenches and then charged. The result was terrible."

AMBASSADOR WHITE WILL NOT RESIGN

Declares That Report Is an Entire Fiction.

HAD UNPLEASANT EXPERIENCE

Landlord Attempted To Sell Residence During Absence.

MATTER IN HAND OF A LAWYER

This Is Calculated To Embitter His Story—Complaint Made of the Underling Authorities.

Berlin, November 29.—Ambassador White, who is taking a short vacation in Italy, sent the following dispatch to the Associated Press this evening in reply to an inquiry regarding the report that he intended to resign on account of advanced age:

"The report to which you allude is an entire fiction."

The rumor had caused no little comment in Berlin and several semi-official papers this evening expressed doubts of its correctness.

John B. Jackson, secretary of the United States embassy, had declared that the embassy officials were not aware of any such intention on the part of the ambassador, but Mr. White's denial this evening is the first authentic information on the subject.

Some color has been given to the report by a recent unpleasant experience of Mr. White, calculated to embitter his stay here. His landlord is trying to sell the ambassador's residence to the government of the grand duchy of aden, which is an excuse to secure it for its own legation. He repudiates Mr. White's contention that the lease of the premises was for the ambassador's term. Mr. White finally placed the matter in the hands of a lawyer. Before he left for his vacation he remarked that if forced to leave the premises he would resign, as he was unwilling to undergo again the heavy expense and trouble of fitting up a residence.

While the relations between the United States embassy and the higher German officials leave nothing to be desired, several members of the embassy have had reason to complain of the underling authorities. Thus it has just leaked out that Dr. Fisk, second secretary of the embassy, was arrested a month ago. He was simply an eye witness of boisterous behavior of a number of American boys in a railroad car, but, on arriving at the station, he was taken to the nearest police functionary, who detained him an hour, although he asserted his position and offered documentary proof of it. It was only after the arrival of one of Dr. Fisk's friends from the official residence that the police released him. The next day on a representation from the embassy, the blundering officials apologized.

It is understood that several army corps have already been equipped with the new army rifle, altered from the 1888 model.

The emperor and empress are again on German soil. They left Flushing this evening and are expected to arrive at Potsdam at 8 o'clock tomorrow morning. His majesty's Hohenzollern drama, "The Iron Tooth," will have its first performance in Berlin on the evening of his birthday.

Although only a fortnight has passed since the reichstag was re-convened, public interest in the proceedings has subsided and today scarcely sixty members attended.

FIRST TENNESSEE AT HOME

REGIMENT RECEIVES A ROYAL WELCOME IN NASHVILLE.

Governor Receives Them and Friends Entertain Them Royally—The City Decorated.

Nashville, Tenn., November 29.—The First Tennessee volunteers, which enjoys the distinction of having been the last of the volunteer regiments called into service for the Spanish-American war, to be mustered out, were welcomed home today by tens of thousands of their friends and neighbors.

Large crowds came from many neighboring towns to do honor to Colonel Childers's boys. They were greeted by Governor McMillin and his official family, were fed until they could contain no more and then turned over to eager relatives and friends, whose banquets, jollifications, presentations of swords and gifts and other manifestations of affection and admiration lasted well into the night.

The regiment was reviewed by the state and city officials after a parade, which was participated in by thousands of marching veterans, militiamen and civic societies. The city was liberally decorated in honor of the returning soldiers and no effort was spared to make their greeting all that they could desire.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c. E. W. Grove's sig. is on each box.

MORTUARY.

James M. Williams, Fredonia, Ala.

West Point, Ga., November 29.—(Special.)—Mr. James M. Williams died at his home near Fredonia, Chambers county, Ala., and about ten miles from here, yesterday. His death was brought on by typhoid fever, from which he had been suffering for several weeks. He was deputy sheriff of Chambers county and was prominently mentioned as a likely successor to the present sheriff of that county. He leaves a wife and several small children. His remains were interred in the family burying ground near Fredonia this afternoon.

Mrs. Eliza Dorsey, Huntsville, Ala.

Huntsville, Ala., November 29.—(Special.)—Mrs. Eliza Sherman Dorsey, wife of Rev. L. A. Dorsey, presiding elder of the Huntsville district of the north Alabama Methodist conference, died this afternoon after a long illness. The funeral will occur tomorrow afternoon at the First Methodist church.

W. H. Hatfield, Augusta, Ga.

Augusta, Ga., November 29.—(Special.)—Mr. W. H. Hatfield, a well known and popular citizen of Augusta, died last night at his home, 1401 Young street, at 11:30 o'clock.

Miss Stella Raines, Augusta, Ga.

Augusta, Ga., November 29.—(Special.)—Miss Stella Rains, daughter of the late General Gabriel Rains, died yesterday at the home of her sister, Mrs. Smythe, at 732 Reynolds street.

South Carolina Baptists.

Columbia, S. C., November 29.—(Special) The seventy-ninth annual meeting of the South Carolina Baptist state convention convened at Hartney tonight. Rev. W. D. Rice, D.D., was re-elected president. Hon. Joel E. Bfunson and J. Howard Patterson was chosen first and second vice presidents.

GEORGIA MEETS CAROLINA TODAY

Continued from First Page.

partner for Hewlette, who was his running mate when both were playing at half. If he does not play his place will be taken by Gooding, who played end acceptably against Auburn.

McIntosh will undoubtedly be at full again, and his strong bucking and long punting may cause Georgia to go a long way down the gridiron toward the North Carolina goal. His line bucking has always been a prominent factor in the winning forces of the Georgia aggregation.

With the exceptions of these named positions the team will line up as it did in the Auburn game, the same heavy line men being in good condition and playing a strong game every day. The men will come over to the Aragon hotel this morning on a special train from Athens, reaching the union depot in company with about 500 students and supporters at 11:15 o'clock.

North Carolina Men Here.

Sixteen players and a number of college men, making up the North Carolina aggregation, reached the city yesterday morning at 5 o'clock, but remained in the sleeping car until 8 o'clock, when they went to their quarters at the Kimball house and were given breakfast.

These men were all in excellent condition and expressed themselves as being confident of their ability to play as fine a game this afternoon as has been seen on the gridiron here this year. They said they were confident they would win, but did not expect to have anything like a walkover. They realized their task for today was not a light one, and the trainer said he had been working them exceptionally hard for the past week to get them in proper shape for the game.

In the forepart of the afternoon the men went out to the park and were given an hour's light practice on the gridiron there so as to get them familiar with it. The men made their formations quickly and ran with good interference and fine speed. The captain expressed himself as being well pleased with the kind of work done. He thought if the team did as well in the game today it would win.

The Tarheel Game.

On the team are some excellent men who have stood the test of opposing forces several times in the past. Elliott is a new man at center, but weighs 169 pounds and is said to be an excellent successor to the great Cunningham of last year. The left guard is Rankin, a 198-pound giant, who is said to have outplayed Edwards in the Princeton game recently played and lost by a score of 24 to 0.

Phifer, who is playing right guard, held the same position last season. He weighs 200 pounds and is a star player. "Youngster" Bennett was the right tackle of the All Southern team last season and is looked on by the experts of the south as an equal to the big men of the northern teams. He weighs 200 pounds and is in the pink of condition. With him is Captain Shull, who has made a great reputation during the past three years by his magnificent playing. He is only 170 pounds heavy, but has always held his own against any and all teams tackled by North Carolina.

North Carolina has two very fast ends in Craig and Osborne, both of whom are experienced. The former tackles like a fiend, while the latter is the fastest man on the team. They weigh 150 and 157 pounds, respectively. Behind the line are Bellamy and Koehler at halves. Both have experience, but may be relied on to add to their reputation this afternoon. Graves has improved over his star work of last year at full, and Martin is a good quarter.

How They Will Line Up.

Both elevens have good reasons for wanting to win the game and both will fight hard to do so. It will be a fine contest and one of the most interesting of the year. The game will be called at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon at Piedmont park.

The officials will be Phil Connell, of Vanderbilt, referee, and Mr. Rowbotham, of Tufts college, umpire. Tickets are on sale at the Kimball, the Aragon and at Harry Silverman's store.

The teams will line up as follows:

Georgia.	Position.	North Carolina.
Gooding, Finnegan	left end	Craig
Hamilton	left tackle	Shull, captain
Goff	left guard	Ruskin
Terry	center	Elliott
Lindsay	right guard	Phifer
Ritchie, captain	right tackle	Bennett
Hewlette	right end	Osborne
McCutcheon	quarterback	Martin
Young	left half	Koehler
Simcox	right half	Bellamy
McIntosh	fullback	Graves

THE ATLANTA TROPHY SHOOT.

Marksmen Will Compete This Morning for Handsome Silver Cup.

The annual trophy shoot for the Atlanta cup will take place at Lakewood this morning at 9 o'clock.

The greatest interest has been manifested in the shoot and the different marksmen in the city have been practicing for some weeks past. Some exceptionally good scores are expected.

The following rules will govern the shoot:

Ranges and Shots—Same as state ranges and shots for sharpshooters, 5 at 200, 5 at 300, 10 at 500, 5 at 600, and 10 at skirmish (removing bar to 500 and 600 yard ranges). Two sighting shots each allowed at 500 and 600 yard ranges.

Regulations—State regulations, which includes Blunt, to govern.

Ammunition—Government or reloaded.

Rifle—Springfield rifle, caliber 45, for all teams.

Strength of Teams—Twelve men. Teams to be selected from the Governor's Horse Guard and from the Fifth regiment infantry Georgia volunteers, residents of this city.

Field and Staff—General staff, retired, field and staff, commissioned and non-commissioned of regiments and battalions, residents of this city, will be permitted to form a team to compete for the trophy.

Shooting to commence promptly at 9 a. m., on the above named day.

All shooters must be in uniform, either fatigue or service, Georgia regulation.

Nervous Exhaustion.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

Acts as a tonic and nerve food, imparting vigor and strength to the entire system. Induces refreshing sleep.

Genuine bears name Horsford's on wrapper.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.



ACTS GENTLY ON THE
KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS
CLEANSES THE SYSTEM
DISPELS COLDS EFFECTUALLY
OVERCOMES HEADACHES & FEVERS
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION PERMANENTLY
TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS
BUY THE GENUINE - MAN'F'D BY
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
LOUISVILLE, KY. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. NEW YORK, N.Y.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE 50c. PER BOTTLE.

"A CHAMPAGNE CLIMATE"

Describes the Ozone of Scenic Colorado. Inquire about

ESTES PARK.

Burlington Route

Current low excursion rates to Rocky Mountain resorts. Two finely equipped daily trains for Colorado, Utah, California from either St. Louis, Chicago or Kansas City.

New Atlanta City Passenger Office, No. 5 North Pryor Street, opposite Kimball House.

J. M. MERRILL, Gen. Sou. Agt.

To those living in malarial districts Tutt's Pills are indispensible, they keep the system in perfect order and are

an absolute cure for sick headache, indigestion, malaria, torpid liver, constipation and all bilious diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS'
Hair Grower and Scalp Cleaner.
Are the only preparations that will restore the hair to its original healthy condition. At all druggists.

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder
AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY.
Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.

Strictly Reliable

Treatment for all acute and chronic diseases of MEN ONLY.

DR. TANNER & CO.,
Strictly Reliable Specialists,

Treat every form of weakness and diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs and associate diseases. No matter who has treated you and failed, we will cure you just as certain as you come to us for treatment. Our guarantee means something for we are willing to wait for our fee till

CURE IS EFFECTED.

Gould Bldg., 10 Decatur St., Atlanta, Ga.
Office Hours, 9 to 4, 7 to 8 evenings, 10 to 1 Sunday.


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Big 42 is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

BRUNSWICK TO ENTERTAIN THE GOVERNOR AND LEGISLATURE

Special Train with Them Arrives This Morning and They Will Be Royally Received.

WILL BE BIG DAY AT THE FAIR

Military from All Parts of the State to Take Part.

TEXAS WITH SIGSBEE EXPECTED TODAY

Up to Midnight Warship Had Not Been Sighted, but Will Undoubtedly Show Up This Morning—Yesterday's Races.

Brunswick, Ga., November 29.—(Special.)—Everything is in readiness here for the arrival of Governor Candler and staff and Georgia legislators, who are to come in tomorrow morning on a special train over the Southern railway. The people are preparing to receive them and the visiting military and treat them royally.

More perfect weather could not have been arranged by a special act of providence than is prevailing, and at the fair grounds the number of attractions, both free and paid, are aboue five times as great as they were at Atlanta or any of the other fairs and carnivals recently held in Georgia and Florida.

About 9 o'clock the visiting military and band from Savannah and the Fourth regiment boys will arrive, and at near the same hour the governor's special, with a second section bringing a special excursion train from Macon, will come in. At 8 o'clock a special excursion from Waycross will arrive and these special trains, together with the regular trains, will swell the crowds already here to enormous proportions.

Military Parade and Review.

The military parade and review at 10 o'clock will be under command of Mr. W. B. Burroughs, grand marshal of the day, and will march through the principal streets to the fair grounds. Breakfast will be served to all the visiting soldiers.

The commands that are announced to be here are five companies of the First regiment and band, from Savannah, under command of Colonel Lawton; the naval militia from Savannah, under command of Lieutenant Kinzie, and two companies of the First regiment from outside of Savannah.

In addition to these there will be several companies from the Fourth regiment from Waycross and other places, and the two companies of naval militia from Brunswick, with the Riflemen, making a grand total of about fourteen companies of forty-odd men each.

The governor and legislative party will be at the gair grounds and all the military will be entertained there.

Today's Races.

The horse races for tomorrow are unusually fine, including running, trotting and pacing events, while there will be free high diving, rope walking, bicycle high wire riding, balloon ascension and parachute jump and other free attractions, besides about thirty special shows.

At night Pain's one thousand dollar exhibition of fireworks goes on and will draw thousands. The special excursion trains will not leave Brunswick until after the fireworks.

Today President Erwin, of the Plant system, and party, and Mr. Henry M. Flagler, the Florida east coast magnate, spent several hours at the grounds and were especially pleased, going through all the buildings and expressing surprise at the thoroughness of the displays and the excellence of the exhibits in the negro department.

The races today were superb. The trotting finished trot was won by Kate. Time, 2:33, 2:24. In the pace Robert G won. Time, 2:29¼.

The Texas Arrives Today.

The battleship Texas had not arrived up to midnight, but will undoubtedly steam up the harbor this morning with the brave Captain Sigsbee in command.

Some of the Exhibits.

A number of cows and hogs are on exhibition and attract a good deal of attention in their stalls along the fence next to the race horse stables.

The poultry and pet stock exhibit in the first room of the main hall as one enters the gate is unusually fine. A beautiful collection of chickens, ducks, geese and turkeys are here and a number of rabbits, white and colored, attract great admiration.

In one corner of the grounds a cane mill is in operation and is a great curiosity to many visitors who have never seen anything of the kind before. A mule is hitched to the long pole, a drive around is made, and while the cane is being pressed between iron wheels the juice is served to visitors.

The negro building is filled with fine displays and attracts attention from all.

DAWSON'S COTTON FACTORY.

Movement To Build One in the South Georgia City.

Dawson, Ga., November 29.—(Special.)—Dawson and Terrell county citizens are agitating the building of a cotton factory in this city and the probabilities are that the enterprise will be in operation in time for the next cotton crop.

It is proposed to build a $100,000 plant and a list asking subscriptions of stock is now being circulated and meeting with marked encouragement. Over thirty thousand dollars has already been subscribed and the amount is growing daily. It will be a county enterprise and the farmers are taking a leading part in its advancement.

Thanksgiving will be generally observed in Dawson tomorrow. The church ladies will serve dinner in the Dawson Guards' armory and there will be an elaborate Thanksgiving service at the Methodist church. The people of this city and county have enjoyed marked prosperity this year—good crops, good prices, an immense and profitable mercantile business and general advancement in all lines, and they feel that there is much to be thankful for.

Dawson is the proud possessor of a new paid fire department which has just been inaugurated and perfected, and this, with her new electric lights, her waterworks and other modern improvements puts her on an equal footing with other progressive Georgia cities. One fire alarm has been sent in since the department has been established, and while only a small blaze, it gave the fire ladies an opportunity to show how rapid and skillful their training has been and the blaze was soon extinguished.

A bit of local legislation in which the people of Terrell generally are interested is a bill to make the city court judge and solicitor and all other county officers elective by the people. A petition signed by over seven hundred white qualified voters has been presented to Judge J. A. Laing, Terrell county's representative, asking him to introduce this measure in the legislature, and as the judge is a man of the people, and who is also pledged to do the bidding of his constituents, there is no reasonable doubt of it becoming a law.

THOUGHT TO BE INCENDIARY.

Burning of the Postoffice at Hogansville Yesterday.

Hogansville, Ga., November 29.—(Special.)—The postoffice building with Freedman's Aid Society hall above it, burned down this morning about 6 o'clock. The origin of the fire is not known, as there was no one in the building at the time. Besides the mail matter, postage stamps and office fixtures, there was a stock of merchandise worth about $300 in the lower room, and everything was lost.

The Freedman's Aid Society has given several suppers in the hall lately and the negroes have engaged in a number of free-for-all fights, in which some of them came out worsted. This has caused some hard feeling toward the society, and the fact that one of the principal fighters last week had to pay a fine of $17.50, did not make things any better.

While no one knows who fired the building suspicion points strongly to one of these fighting negroes as the incendiary.

The fire started upstairs in the hall and before it was discovered it had made such progress that nothing could be saved. There was a small amount of insurance on the house, but none on the stock of merchandise.

ONE OF THEM MADE ESCAPE.

Two Men Arrested Charged with Counterfeiting.

Willacoochee, Ga., November 29.—Deputy United States Marshal Cason, of Waycross, captured and brought to this place from Berrien county early this morning a set of molds for making silver coin, together with a lot of counterfeit coin. The molds and money were found in a trunk in the possesion of Wade Gaskins and Ben Corbitt, who were arrested to be taken to Waycross on the evening train. Corbitt afterwards escaped. Some of the coin is so perfectly finished that it requires very close inspection to detect the difference between that and the genuine. Ephraim Brotcher and David Rowan were also summoned as witnesses. It is believed that sufficient evidence is obtained to convict several accomplices and to prove that they have been operating for several months.

Hawkinsville Primary.

Hawkinsville, Ga., November 29.—(Special.)—In the white primary here yesterday Mr. T. H. Grace was nominated for mayor, and Messrs. J. F. Coney, S. M. Caldwell and R. O. Pate for aldermen. The contest for mayor was hot, three good men being in the race. Mr. J. E. Laidler has been in our city several days talking up a cotton factory. Mr. Laidler has lots of property here and is always ready to help in any movement for the good of our town.

Charged with Forging Licenses.

Lumpkin, Ga., November 29.—Four negro public school teachers in this county have been arrested at the instance of Colonel Tomlinson Fort, county school commissioner, on a charge of presenting forged teachers' licenses purporting to be from adjoining counties.

Copper Colored Splotches.

There is only one cure for Contagious Blood Poison—the disease which has completely baffled the doctors. They are totally unable to cure it, and direct their efforts toward bottling the poison up in the blood and concealing it from view. S. S. S. cures the disease positively and permanently by forcing out every trace of the taint.



I was afflicted with a terrible blood disease, which was in spots at first, but afterwards spread all over my body. These soon broke out into sores, and it is easy to imagine the suffering I endured. Before I became convinced that the doctors could do no good, I had spent a hundred dollars, which was really thrown away. I then tried various patent medicines, but they did not reach the disease. When I had finished my first bottle of S. S. S. I was greatly improved and was delighted with the result. The large red splotches on my chest began to grow paler and smaller and before long disappeared entirely. I regained my lost weight, became stronger, and my appetite greatly improved. I was soon entirely well, and my skin as clear as a piece of glass.

R. L. MYERS, 100 Mulberry St., Newark, N. J.

Don't destroy all possible chance of a cure by taking the doctor's treatment of mercury and potash. These minerals cause the hair to fall out, and will wreck the entire system.

S.S.S. For The Blood

is PURELY VEGETABLE, and is the only blood remedy guaranteed to contain no potash, mercury, or other mineral.

Books on the disease and its treatment mailed free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Georgia.

HAVE BEEN MARRIED FOR FIFTY YEARS

Captain and Mrs. Matthew Hutchens Meet Friends

AT THEIR GOLDEN WEDDING

Parlors of Victoria Hotel at Athens a Brilliant Scene.

PEOPLE FROM ALL PARTS OF THE STATE

And Some from Adjoining States Come To Extend Their Best Wishes to the Couple.

Athens, Ga., November 29.—(Special.)—Captain and Mrs. Matthew W. Hutchens celebrated their golden wedding this evening from 8 until 11 o'clock, with a brilliant reception at the Victoria hotel.

The elegant parlors of the hotel were most exquisitely decorated for the occasion, the walls being covered with a profusion of bamboo, which mingled in lovely contrast with the golden colored decorations. Beautiful yellow chrysanthemums were the prevailing flowers.

Several hundred friends of Captain and Mrs. Hutchens, from all parts of Georgia, and not a few from adjoining states, were present to enjoy the hospitality of the host and hostess, and to pay their compliments and extend their best wishes for many more years of pleasure for the genial couple who were celebrating the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding day.

After the reception the guests partook of most delicious refreshments. The tables were visions of beauty. In the center of the main table was the bride's cake, upon which were fifty lighted tapers, presenting a beautiful scene. The banquet was one of the most elegant ever seen in classic Athens.

The Story of Their Youth.

Matthew W. Hutchens was born in Newton county, three miles from Covington, Ga., June 27, 1829, and is consequently in the seventy-first year of his life. His father was Mr. John D. Hutchens and his mother was, previous to her marriage, Miss Moinen Woodward. He was the only child.

As a young man he remained with his father on the farm, and when but a boy met Miss Susan Holland Cofer, daughter of Mr. M. W. Cofer, a farmer of Morgan county, who had come to Georgia from North Carolina. Mr. Cofer was a Virginian by birth and his wife was a Miss Bennett, an aunt of Mr. B. F. Bennett, of Atlanta. Rev. M. J. Cofer, presiding Elder of the Elberton district of the North Georgia Methodist conference, is a brother of Mrs. Hutchens.

On the 29th of November, 1849, at the home of Mr. Cofer, in Covington, Captain Hutchens led his bride to the altar. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Charles Sanders, pastor of the Methodist church, although both Captain and Mrs. Hutchens are Baptists. There were not many present at the wedding, as it was a quiet home affair, and today all the parties present are dead save the two who at that time plighted their troth, and who tonight celebrated their golden wedding day.

Captain Hutchens has outlived all his relatives. He has one son, Mr. Henry Hutchens, of Norfolk, Va., who is the superintendent of the Danville division of the Southern railroad, and who, pattering after his father, has become a most valued and efficient railroad man. He and his wife were present tonight at the golden wedding celebration.

Captain Hutchens as a Conductor.

On January 26, 1857, Captain Hutchens went to work for the Georgia railroad as a train hand and on October 28, 1858, he was placed in charge of a freight train as a conductor. His rise was rapid and for the greater part of his life he has been one of the most efficient conductors in the service of the Georgia road.

The first engine that pulled out a train on which he was conductor was the old Asbury Hull, an engine well known to all the older railroad men in Georgia. Mr. Ruck Goodwin was engineer at that time.

It is quite interesting to hear Captain Hutchens tell of his experiences as a conductor, the pride he took in his work, the care he exercised and the results attained.

The Oldest Conductor in America.

Captain Hutchens enjoys the distinction of being the oldest conductor in active service in the United States. He still makes his run from Athens to Union Point, a position he has held for the past seventeen years.

Forty-one years ago he started on the Georgia road as a conductor. He has never worked for any other road and is still a conductor in the service of that company. This is a working record of which few men in this world can boast.

During that long service he never had a men on his train seriously hurt. He has been in a number of accidents, but no one connected with his train has ever been seriously injured, either workman or passenger.

He has never been brought up before his employers for any neglect of duty. His record is perfectly clean and is a tribute to his ability, his care and his faithfulness.

During his service, although half the time he has been on the Athens branch, away from the main line, he has taken up in all probably a quarter of a million tickets and is known by thousands upon thousands of citizens of Georgia and other states.

Never Touched Intoxicants.

Captain Hutchens has one record of which he is exceedingly proud. In fact, any man should feel proud of such a record, for very few men who have reached their three score years and ten can boast of it.

Captain Hutchens has never in all his life touched intoxicating liquors. He does not know their taste. He does not take them either as a beverage or a medicine. He does not even touch cider. He is, consequently, a "teetotaler" in the extreme sense of the word. How much of his faithful and efficient service is directly traceable to this great and abiding rule and practice of his life, the public will find no trouble in judging.

A Most Courteous Gentleman.

Captain Hutchens ahs a reputation for courtesy that reaches far beyond the limits of Georgia. The profoundest respect for woman has always marked his life. In taking up tickets on his train he never fails to lift his cap when he takes a ticket from a lady. Such an unvarying custom with him attracted the attention of the traveling public long years ago, and whenever his name is mentioned, invariably the mind pictures him passing down the aisle of his car, lifting his hat politely to each lady as he took up the tickets.

Friends he has by the thousands, and especially along the line of the road from Athens to Union Point. All know and honor "Uncle Matt." He has made these friends by his uniform courtesy, his unfailing friendship and his prompt and polite attention to business. He never had any trouble in his life with either passenger or train hand.

His Care as a Conductor.

No more careful railway conductor ever guarded the interests of company or passengers better than Matthew W. Hutchens. He has established a bright record on this point, and the Georgia railroad has been saved by that care and faithfulness to duty many thousands of dollars, while by the averting of many accidents he has been the instrument of saving many lives in the past.

Devoted to the Georgia Railroad.

Captain Hutchens is devoted to his employer, the Georgia railroad. He said this afternoon, on the eve of his golden wedding celebration: "If God should spare me longer in this world, I want to remain in the active service of the Georgia railroad. I want to die in the harness, and if I should get to a point where I can no longer go, I still want to remain on the books of the company. I never worked for any other railroad, and never want to vary that record. The Georgia railroad has always been my friend, and has treated me fairly and squarely in all respects. I have given the road fifty-one years of the best service that was in me. I want to give them the remaining years of my life."

The presents sent to Captain and Mrs. Hutchens were many and beautiful. They came from rich and poor alike, and were in themselves a high tribute to the worth of this estimable couple. A big trunk full of cake was sent by various parties along the line of the Georgia railroad, some of the cakes being of most lovely design.

A Happy and Contented Couple.

A perfectly happy and contented couple are Captain and Mrs. Hutchens. They received their guests this evening with all the ease and grace of younger years. Smiles wreathed their faces and mirth and humor abounded in their conversation. They stand as an example of the abiding pleasures of matrimony, that fade not in the twilight of life, but linger with loving touch while the raven locks of youth are sprinkled with winters' snows and merge at last into the more perfect joys of life eternal.

Resigned After Twenty-Three Years.

Madison, Ga., November 29.—(Special.)—Judge Thomas B. Baldwin has resigned the office of city clerk and treasurer, having held it, through all administrations, for the past twenty-three years. His resignation was tabled for a long while by the city council, which urged him to reconsider and withdraw it, but he declared it final and Mr. Fred Beckham has been elected his successor. The duties of the office are both onerous and responsible, and the salary only $500, but Judge Baldwin's resignation was based on his desire to be released on account of his health, which his many friends hope to see improved now that he will have more opportunities for physical recreation.

Is a Candidate for Mayor.

Jackson, Ga., November 29.—(Special.)—Mr. C. O. Beauchamp, son of ex-Sheriff J. O. Beauchamp, is out for mayor of Jackson. Mr. Beauchamp is only twenty-six years of age, but is well qualified to fill the office he is aspiring to. He is a member of the C. G. Fennell Company, a large mercantile firm here. He was educated at Emory college and prior to his entering business here some two years ago, was engaged in teaching. Mr. Beauchamp has many friends who are sanguine of his election and predict for him a brilliant career. He is well known in newspaperdom and in this line has a bright future before him.

Waycross News Notes.

Waycross, Ga., November 29.—(Special.) A number of grand jury indictments will be disposed of at the December term of the city court, held here next week.

The stockholders of the Waycross Fair Association will meet this week and go over the business connected with the fair. They will also begin making arrangements for the fair in 1900.

There were nineteen cases transferred from the superior court to the city court, which will be tried next week.

Bill Arp in Pike County.

Barnesville, Ga., November 29.—(Special.)—Hon. Charles A. Smith (Bill Arp) lectured Tuesday night at The Rock, a little village several miles from here. A large and enthusiastic crowd greeted Mr. Smith, and persons from various places of the surrounding country were present at the lecture.

Wreck at Alston.

Augusta, Ga., November 29.—(Special.)—There was a small wreck at Alston, on the Southern road, between Augusta and Columbia, Tuesday, which delayed the northbound passenger train six hours between the points named. No one was hurt.

Worthless Stuff!

What a lot of trash is sold as cough cures. The hollow drum makes the loudest noise—the biggest advertisement often covers worthlessness.

Sixty years of cures and such testimony as the following have taught us what Ayer's Cherry Pectoral will do.

"I had a most stubborn cough for many years. It deprived me of sleep and made me lose flesh rapidly. I was treated by many eminent physicians, but could get no permanent relief. I then tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and I began to get better at once. I now sleep well, my old flesh is back, and I enjoy myself in every way at the age of seventy-four."—R. N. MANN, Fall Mills, Tenn., Feb. 7, 1899.

It's the do-as-you-would-be-done-by cough medicine. Try a 25-cent bottle.

THANKSGIVING DAY WILL BE OBSERVED

Macon Stores and Public Buildings to Close Their Doors.

SERVICES AT THE CHURCHES

New Pumping Station of the Waterworks To Be Opened.

BIG BARBECUE GIVEN TO GUESTS

Orphans To Enjoy a Splendid Dinner and Prisoners in the Jail Will Be Remembered.

Constitution Bureau, Brown House, Macon, Ga., November 29.—Thanksgiving will be observed in Macon tomorrow more generally than in many years. Special services will be held in all the churches and all the business houses, banks and public buildings will be closed. It is the first holiday to be observed in Macon since the 4th of July. Following is the order of the day in the various churches:

At Christ church, Episcopal, there will be a celebration of the holy communion at 7:30 a. m., intended especially for the Brotherhood of St. Andrew. At 11 a. m. there will be the regular Thanksgiving service and contributions of provisions for the poor.

At St. Paul's there will be Thanksgiving services at 10 a. m. tomorrow. Being the festival of St. Andrew, there will be holy communion at 7:30 a. m. Members of the parish are requested to meet at the church at 7:30 p. m. with thank offerings for the Appleton church home.

At St. Barnabas chapel, Episcopal, the St. Andrew's service will be held at 6 a. m., and the regular Thanksgiving service at 9 a. m.

The several Methodist congregations of the city will unite at the First Street church at 11 o'clock and Presiding Elder A. M. Williams will preach the sermon. Contributions for the poor will be received at the church today and tomorrow.

The First and the Tattnall Square Presbyterian congregations will unite at the First church at 11 a. m. Contributions for the poor will be received at the Tattnall church today and until 8 a. m. tomorrow.

The Baptist churches will unite at the First Baptist churches at 11 a. m. and John G. Harrison, of the Tattnall Square church, will preach the sermon. The Ladies' Aid Society will receive and distribute the offerings for the poor.

Barbecue at Waterworks.

The Macon Gaslight and Water Company will formally open its new pumping station to the public tomorrow. The patrons and friends have been invited to attend the exercises in order that they may view the splendid character of the work and learn how the water is furnished the city under the new system. The Southern Railway Company has donated a train for the convenience of the chamber of commerce, the city officials, officials of the federal, state and city courts and newspaper representatives. The train will leave at 12 o'clock. An excellent cue will be served and a delightful time is expected by all who will attend.

County Institution.

Jaller Stephen, of the Bibb county jail, Superintendent Paschall, of the county chaingang, and Superintendent Crawford, of the Roff home, have all made preparations to give those persons in their keeping as pleasant a day tomorrow as the circumstances will allow. An elegant dinner will be prepared for the occasion and all the freedom possible will be given the prisoners.

Dr. Mumford, of the Georgia Industrial home, has prepared an excellent dinner for the friendless children now under his supervision, and will make every effort to give the little orphans a pleasant day.

Off to Jacksonville.

The Macon football team left tonight for Jacksonville, Fla., where they go to meet the team of the Jacksonville light infantry. The Macon team is the best one that has ever represented Macon on the gridiron, and the men think they have an excellent chance of winning out. The following men left on the trip: Wood, Cochran, Wing, Harold, Hamil, Harris, Winn, Wheeler Winchester, Small, Virgin, Clark, Lowe, Jones, Kenena, Dunwody. A number of Macon people accompanied them.

Coming to Atlanta.

Many Macon people will visit Atlanta tomorrow to witness the struggle on the gridiron between the University of North Carolina and Georgia. Last year the two teams met here, and Carolina was victorious by a score of 44 to 0. The boys made many friends during their stay here, and the people intend going to see them play. Among some of the people who will come up will be: Mr. J. R. Kennedy, C. B. Lyons, Cloyd Watson, L. J. Kilbourne, Grey Goodwin and others.

More Books for Library.

Many books have been received at the city hall for the S. B. Price free library during the past week, and most of them came from distinguished Americans in various parts of the country. Among the number especially appreciated by the directors of the library are several from John Drew, the actor. The books are all by fine authors, and will prove a valuable addition to the already large number of volumes. The library will be dedicated on Christmas Day.

At Social Circle.

Clifford Jackson, the slick thief who was captured here in Macon several days ago and tried on the charges of burglary and larceny, will be carried to Social Circle, as he had stolen a horse and buggy at that place before coming to Macon. It is not thought that he will be prosecuted for the offenses committed here, as the property he took was all recovered.

Newsy Notes.

Hon. John T. Boifeuillet will spend tomorrow in Macon.

Mr. J. B. Wood, of Atlanta, has been in the city for several days on business. He was entertained last night by a party of friends at the Cherokee Club.

A meeting of the T. P. A. will be held there Friday night. Arrangements will be made for the holding of a fair here next month. The idea in having the fair is to raise money to entertain the delegates to the convention of T. P. A., which meets here next year.

An unknown negro was run over in the Georgia Southern and Florida railroad yards last night and severely injured.

The Dottenheimer case was up in the superior court today. No decision was rendered.

D. C. Oliver, of Athens, has been appointed receiver to take charge of the stock of the Adams & Harper company.

A large meeting of the citizens will be held at the Academy of Music Saturday night for the benefit of the library, which is in bad financial shape.

Wayne Superior Court.

Jesup, Ga., November 29.—(Special.)—Wayne superior court adjourned here this evening after only three days' duration. There were no cases of any importance, being only four minor offenses with only a few convictions.

Our Store is Closed today to Observe

Thanksgiving.

Geo. Muse Clothing Co.

38 Whitehall.



Call At **FARLINGER'S** For

Columbia River Salmon,

"The pick of the salmon catch goes into Monarch tins."

It is well known that the Columbia river salmon is the best of all. Monarch is packed from the choicest cuts of the fish, regardless of cost. It is a wonder it can be sold at so low a price.

All sizes of tins, tall, flat and oval, with and without key opener.

Oval flats, per can, (30) . .30c — Round flats, per can, ...25c
Tall, per can . . . . . 20c — Flat, half size, per can . . . 10c

SOLE DISTRIBUTOR

A. W. FARLINGER,

Mail Orders Special Attention. 321-323 Peachtree.

NEW LANETT MILL COMPLETE.

Constructors Pull Up Stakes and Leave for Another Place.

West Point, Ga., November 29.—(Special.)—At noon today the last of the remaining forces of the Flynt Building and Construction Company "broke court" and left for Columbus, where they will build the new mill there. This concern came here the latter part of April and on May 1st began work on the Lanett mill No. 2, completing it on September 1st as contracted. They have since been at work building boiler houses, a smokestack, reservoir and warehouses in connection with the new mill. They have been very much delayed in their work on account of the machinery not coming on time.

The mill company received eight cars of machinery for the new mill on Saturday and will lose no time in putting it in position. From now on shipments of machinery will come in almost daily and will be put into position as soon as possible thereafter.

It has been President Lanier's intention to begin work in the new mill on January 1st, but in this he will be thwarted on account of the delay in the arrival of the machinery.

He thinks it probable that they will be in working order by February 15th or March 1st at the latest.

NEW SAILING YACHT ARRIVES.

Brunswickians Will Enter Her in the Race.

Brunswick, Ga., November 29.—(Special.)—The Dorothy is the name of a new and beautifully finished sailing yacht that has just entered the waters of Brunswick as a permanency, the boat being owned by Colonel W. E. Kay, Mr. H. H. Raymond and Mr. Frank D. Aiken, three of Brunswick's prominent citizens. The Dorothy was brought down from New York on the Mallory steamer last week and yesterday afternoon a pleasant sailing party was given on board of her by the owners, the guest of the occasion being Mr. P. J. Moran, of The Atlanta Constitution. The Dorothy will be entered in the Savannah Yacht Club.

Will Be Invited to Augusta.

Augusta, Ga., November 29.—(Special.) At a meeting of some of the Sunday school superintendents recently the question of inviting the state Sunday school convention to this city next year was discussed, and it is probable that the convention will be asked to hold its next meeting in Augusta. These annual meetings are usually held in arch or April and are attended by delegates from all the Sunday schools of the state. The last convention was held in Atlanta at the time of the international convention.

MARIETTA'S WHITE PRIMARY

Passed Off Quietly—First Election Under New Law.

Marietta, Ga., November 29.—(Special.)—A white primary was held in Marietta yesterday for the election of a mayor and council for the next two years. Hon. T. W. Glover was one of the candidates for mayor, with Dr. B. L. McIntosh. Messrs. A. B. Gilbert, J. E. McNamara, W. J. Trammell, C. E. Henderson and W. R. Turner for his councilmen.

The other ticket was headed by Mr. T. M. Brumby for mayor, and Messrs. D. W. Blair, J. P. Legg, J. E. Mozley, C. A. Guyton, A. M. Dobbs and J. H. Bates for councilmen.

The Brumby ticket was elected by a majority of fifty votes.

The election was a quiet, decent one, and our people hope to always have white primaries in the future. The election was the first held under our new registration law, and under its provisions no one except the voter is allowed in fifty feet of the polls, and only one voter at the time is allowed inside the ropes.

Say It Is Erroneous.

Augusta, Ga., November 29.—(Special.) The Chronicle publishes a card today over the signatures of Joseph B. & Bryan Cumming, general counsel of the Georgia Railroad Company, denouncing as "unqualifiedly erroneous" a statement that the Georgia road is anxious to keep the investigation of the circumstances of Mr. W. W. Franklin's death out of the courts and that they would offer to compromise. They state that the Georgia road is in no way responsible for Mr. Franklin's injuries, sustained some time before his death, or for his death subsequently from disease at the city hospital; that there is nothing to compromise and that the Georgia railroad has made, and will make no offer on that line.

Celebrated Their Anniversary.

Augusta, Ga., November 29.—(Special.) The first anniversary of the Weavers' Union of Augusta was celebrated tonight at Hick's Union hall. The committee on arrangements used every effort to make the occasion a success and a grand time was had by all present.

DEATH OF CHARLES Z. McCORD.

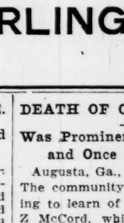
Was Prominent Lawyer of Augusta and Once in the Legislature.

Augusta, Ga., November 29.—(Special.)—The community was shocked this morning to learn of the death of Mr. Charles Z McCord, which occurred during the night. Only a few days ago Mr. McCord was on the street looking unusually well and apparently in excellent health. His sudden death is a shock to his many friends as well as to his immediate family.

Charles Z. McCord was the eldest son of the late Z. McCord, a leading merchant and influential business man of the city of Augusta. He was educated as a lawyer and admitted to the bar under conditions of great promise. After a few years of successful and growing practice he entered local politics, and after one of the memorable elections of recent years in Augusta was elected a member of the state legislature from Richmond county together with Hon. J. R. Lamar and M. V. Calvin. After serving in the legislature Mr. McCord resumed the practice of his profession in Augusta. He was just in the prime of life, and had he been spared, had many years of usefulness before him. He was an earnest and forceful speaker, a graceful writer and courteous gentleman. He was forty-five years of age and unmarried.

THE SICK ARE MADE WELL,

And the Weak Are Restored to Full Vigor and Strength at the Hands of the Greatest Healer of Modern Times.



Are You Sick? Have you any pain or ache or weakness? Does your blood show that it contains impurities? Are you nervous? Do you lack snap and activity of mind and body? Are you easily tired? Have you lost ambition? Is there any unnatural drain upon the system? Is every organ performing its proper function? In Other Words: Are you a Perfectly Strong, Active, Vigorous, Healthy, Happy Man or Woman? If not, you should not delay one day before you consult a specialist, one to whom the human body is an open book and who understands every phase of weakness and disease and to whom the proper treatment for a cure is as simple as the adding of a column of figures.

The Leading Specialist. For over 20 years DR. J. NEWTON HATHAWAY has been the leading specialist of this country. His practice has been for years larger than that of all other specialists combined. His cures of all sorts of diseased conditions have been the marvel of the medical profession and the people generally. His fame has spread into every town and every hamlet. Those afflicted with all manner of diseases have sought his services in order that they might be made whole by the administering of his wonderful system of treatment. Wrecks of humanity have come to him for consultation and medicines, who a few months later have returned to him in most vigorous health to give him their thanks.

All Diseases Cured: Dr. Hathaway treats all diseases, those peculiar to men and those peculiar to women, as well as Catarrh, Rheumatism, Kidney Complaints, Eczema, and all forms of lingering and chronic disorders.

Varicocele and Stricture. Dr. Hathaway's success in the treatment of Varicocele and Stricture without the aid of knife or cautery is phenomenal. The patient is treated by this method at his own home without pain or loss of time from business. This is positively the only treatment which cures without an operation. Dr. Hathaway calls the particular attention of sufferers from Varicocele and Stricture to pages 27, 28, 29, 30 and 31 of his new book, which will **Every Case** be sent free on application.

Specially Treated. Every case taken by Dr. Hathaway is specially treated according to its nature, all under his general personal supervision, and all remedies used by him are prepared from the purest and best drugs in his own laboratories under his personal oversight, and all from special prescriptions of his own.

Low Fees. Dr. Hathaway makes no charge for consultation or advice, either at his office or by mail, and when a case is taken the one low fee covers all cost of medicines and professional services.

J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M. D.
Dr. Hathaway & Co.,
234 A South Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.
Office hours, 8:30 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 to 1.

COSTLY BLAZE IN PHILADELPHIA

Nearly $2,000,000 Worth of Property Was Destroyed.

CAUSED BY ELECTRIC SPARK

Department Store of Partridge & Richardson Lost.

LIPPENCOTT WAS HEAVY LOOSER

Big Publishing House Was Destroyed and Valuable Manuscript May Be Lost—Big Stores Are Damaged During the Conflagration.

Philadelphia, November 29.—Nearly two million dollars' worth of property was destroyed by two fires in the heart of the business section of the city early today. The greater of the two fires started in the big department store of Partridge & Richardson, at the southeast corner of Eighth and Filbert streets, the very center of the shopping district, at 6:20 a. m., and before the flames had been put under control they spread to adjoining property and caused a lost of about $1,700,000.

While this fire was in progress and spreading every moment, another fire broke out four blocks away on the fourth floor of No. 419 Market street. The loss at this fire is estimated at $110,000.

The losses of the two fires are more than covered by insurance.

The Eighth street fire was a very ugly one for the firemen to handle. Eighth street and Filbert street are very narrow thoroughfares. There was a strong wind blowing at the time and the fire fighters had great difficulty in preventing the flames from getting a good hold on the buildings on both of these streets. As it was many structures and their contents were badly scorched and damaged by water. It took four hours to get the flames under control.

The fire started in the basement of Partridge & Richardson's store from an electric spark and soon the entire building was a mass of flames. The two stores to the south of Partridge & Richardson's were soon gutted, and then the flames attacked the big building of the L. B. Lippincott Publishing Company on Filbert street, east of the burning department store. The building was completely ruined. In this building, stored away in vaults, is nearly a half million dollars' worth of manuscripts, plates and other material for reference books and it is not known yet whether they were destroyed.

Litt Brothers' department store, which adjoins the Lippincott building, and which was valued with its contents at more than a million, was saved, but only after the contents of one corner of the building had been damaged. Strawbridge & Clothier, another large department store on the west side of Eighth street, also had a narrow escape and the building and contents were damaged to the extent of about $50,000. A number of other business houses, adjoining Lippincott's and Partridge & Richardson's, were either entirely destroyed or badly damaged.

The Estimated Losses.

Partridge & Richardson, $70,000; J. B. Lippincott Publishing Company, $600,000; Artman Trechler, wholesale house furnishings, $100,000; Litt Brothers, $85,000; Strawbridge & Clothier, $50,000; Bailey's five and ten cent store, $5,000; Rosenberg's millinery store, $30,000; Partridge & Sons' restaurant, $20,000; Westcott & Thompson, electrotypers, $10,000.

Additional losses aggregate about $25,000.

The second fire destroyed the four-story building at 419 Market street, occupied by several manufacturers and wholesale dealers. The estimated loss is $110,000, the heaviest losers being W. H. Harris & Sons, boots and shoes, $85,000.

More than 2,000 persons are thrown out of employment by the fires, but proprietors of other department stores offer temporary employment to all of Partridge & Richardson's ninety employees at the salaries they received from the burned out firm. Although the fire raged for more than four hours, there were no casualties beyond a few minor injuries received by a half dozen firemen.

FOUND IN FAVOR
everywhere because of its
Purity
Age
Flavor

Hunter Baltimore Rye | Hunter Baltimore Rye



For Sale at All First-class Cafes.
POTTS-THOMPSON LIQUOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

LAWMAKERS ON THE WAY TO BRUNSWICK

Members of Assembly Left for Brunswick Last Night.

GOVERNOR CANDLER GOES

Royal Thanksgiving Day Will Be Spent on St. Simon's Island.

GOVERNOR WILL SPEAK AT THE FAIR

A Large Party from Both House and Senate Accepts the Invitation from Brunswick.

The majority of the members of both house and senate of the Georgia legislature left the city last night at 11 o'clock for Brunswick, accompanied by Governor Candler and the members of his military staff.

A royal Thanksgiving Day will be spent by the lawmakers in Brunswick, where extensive preparation for their comfort and entertainment has been made by the hospitable citizens of that town. The programme arranged through Representative Emanuel, of Glynn, who has taken on his shoulders the entertainment of his colleagues, for today is an extensive one, and will keep the members on the go from the hour of their arrival in Brunswick until the time for the departure of the special for Atlanta tonight.

The invitation that carries the legislators to Brunswick comes through the fair association of that city, and the members will first visit the fair grounds this morning and spend the time until noon in attending the exercises at the auditorium and viewing the exhibits.

Governor Candler will make an address at the fair grounds this morning, and after hearing the speech of the chief executive, the large party will take carriages and drive around the city.

The feature of the trip will be the visit to the battleship Texas, laying in the harbor of Brunswick, and the special invitation from Captain Sigsbee to inspect his ship has been accepted with pleasure by the members in charge of arrangements. Leaving the Texas, the lawmakers will go by steamer to St. Simons island, where a clam bake and oyster roast will be given in their honor.

To Visit Jekyl Island.

After the feast on St. Simons, the party will be taken back to Brunswick by way of Jekyl island, where the homes and park preserves of the eastern millionaires will be visited, the steamer landing at the pier and remaining long enough for the members to take in all the sights of the island.

The steamer conveying the legislators will reach Brunswick on the return trip about 5 o'clock, and the special at the disposal of the party will leave for Atlanta at an early hour.

The members left last night in a jolly mood, looking forward to a trip of pleasure after their work of the last five weeks at the capitol. The following members of the senate gave in their names yesterday as desiring to take the trip, and were on the train last evening when it pulled out of the city:

Messrs. Laing, Redding, Brannen, Terrell, Blalock, Gross, King, Maine, Dowling, Bunn, Clifton, Thrasher, Sutton, Dickerson, Steed, Passmore, Underwood, Daniels, McLester, Heard, Moye, Davis, Wilcox.

Proportionately more members of the house left for Brunswick than members of the senate, and the following list only contains the names of those who had given their names to Clerk Bolfeuillet at noon yesterday:

Adamson, Anderson, Arnold, Barron, Bass, Bennett of Mitchell, Beauchamp, Bell of Forsyth, Bell of Spalding, Black of Whitfield, Blalock, Bond, Bowen, Bower, Brandon, Brown of Bryan, Bryan, Bynum, Chappell, Cook, Copeland, Crossland, David, Dews, Ellis, Emanuel, Everett of Stewart, Fender, Franklin, Fort, Gay, George, Griffin of Greene, Griffin of Twiggs, Griffith, Hammett, Hardin of Wilkes, Hardwick, Harris, Harvard, Hendricks, Howard, Holder, Hosch, Jarnagin, Johnson of Appling, Johnson of Bartow, Lee, Longino, Mayson, Maxwell, Merritt, Moore, McDonald, McGehee, McLaughlin, McLennan, Newton, Ousley, Padgett, Pate of Gwinnett, Park of Greene, Price, Reid, Reynolds, Rogers, Rose, Sloan, Smith of Hancock, Snell, Spinks, Starr, Stubbs, Sturgis, Stewart, Swift, Tanner, Tatum, Timmerman, Upchurch, Walker of Brooks, West, Williams of Lumpkin, Willingham, Wood.

Fully as many more members boarded the special over the Southern last night, deciding at the last moment to take the trip.

A large number of members and senators holding passes over the road left on the regular train a few moments before the departure of the special. Four sleepers were provided by the road for the legislature, the governor and his party.

STOLEN GOODS IDENTIFIED.

Several Ladies Went to Police Station Yesterday and Recovered Articles.

Pearl Jeffries, alias Sarah Williams, alias Mattie Adams, and Charley Adams, both of whom were arrested Tuesday afternoon on the charge of larceny from the house by Call Officer Tom Ivy and Detectives Wooten and Harris, are in the police barracks, and yesterday a very strong web of evidence was woven about them, which will be added to her confession to the thefts.

Added to a great deal of strong evidence, developed against the woman during the day by the officers, is the fact that she was identified by Mr. Hatfield, of Macon, who claims she stole $90 from him in the same way she did here.

Yesterday morning when the different ladies of the city for whom the woman had worked read the story of the arrests in The Constitution they immediately came to the station house, where the watch, the quilts and all the goods secured by the officers were identified and reclaimed. As many as six persons told of the way she had robbed them, to all of which she admitted her guilt.

From Mrs. Courtney, 56 Luckie street, it is claimed she stole quilts and ladies' wearing apparel, with $1.75 in cash. The goods were identified by a friend of Mrs. Courtney, but have not yet been reclaimed. For a lady on Hood street she went to work, cooked one meal and skipped with a lot of provisions and a few dollars. From Mrs. Miller, 60 Plum street, she is charged with stealing two bedquits and $17.50 in cash. The quilts were identified and reclaimed. The watch described in yesterday's Constitution was identified by a lady who resides on Cain street, whose name could not be learned last night. From Mrs. L. S. Ivy she admitted stealing $20 in cash.

The woman confessed to all these cases and implicated the man in one or two. She said he helped her take the quilts. She will be prosecuted in the city court on the charge of larceny from the house on five counts. After she has served out the sentences imposed in Atlanta she will be prosecuted by Mr. Hatfield in Macon. The man will be prosecuted as her accessory.

The officers who have worked on this case have done excellent work for several days and deserve much praise for the capture of the two negroes.

FEDERATION FIXING FOR ANNIVERSARY

Federation of Trades Will Hold Special Exercises.

PREPARATIONS BEING MADE

Chairman C. C. Houston Has Named His Business Committee.

FINE PROGRAMME TO BE ARRANGED

Atlanta Federation of Trades Will Move Into Its New Headquarters on Forsyth Street Today.

The Atlanta Federation of Trades will celebrate, on the evening of January 24th, its ninth anniversary with appropriate exercises at the new headquarters on Forsyth street.

Chairman Houston, of the general committee appointed to have immediate charge of the preparations for the forthcoming event, has already named his sub-committees, the members of which are now actively at work.

The headquarters of the federation will be moved this morning from the Temple Court building to 14½ South Forsyth street, and the social exercises of the celebration will be held there.

The removal from the old headquarters was made necessary on account of the steady growth of the federation, and it was found some months ago that the headquarters which had been occupied for several years were entirely too small for the present large organization.

Steps were immediately taken with the result that the present headquarters were secured for a term of years. They will be handsomely decorated and fitted up for the use of the members and will be model rooms for the permanent home of the federation.

It was desired that the organization move into its new headquarters some time before the anniversary day so that elaborate preparations might be made for the accommodation of the members and their friends on that evening, which will be given over to speeches, songs and a general jollification.

There will be nothing formal about the affair and a feature of the evening will be the dancing. A committee has already been appointed to take this matter in hand and make preparations in behalf of those who enjoy the pastime.

The following compose the various subcommittees entrusted with the details of the preparations for the celebration:

Finance Committee—Gowan, chairman; Lindborg, Golden, Dysard, and Robinson, treasurer.

Programme, Music and Speakers' Committee—Jones, chairman; Riley, Quinn, Stephens, Scott, Smith, Moore and Norris.

Dance Committee—Penny, chairman; Waut, Hanson and Golden.

Refreshment and Decoration Committee—White, chairman; Palmer, D. O.; Smith, Cobbin, Campbell, Farran, Black and Cooper.

Invitation Committee—M. Riley, chairman; Thixten, Jones, Heflin and Farmer.

Jerome Jones, business manager of The Journal of Labor, is secretary of the general committee and has been unusually busy during the past week with the clerical part of the work for the preparations for the celebration.

It is expected that the affair will prove one of the most successful and appropriate ever given by the Atlanta Federation of Trades and some prominent speakers will be secured to make short addresses on the anniversary night.

Another meeting of the general committee will be held on Sunday, December 10th, for the purpose of hearing reports from all the sub-committees. The finance committee is to hold a special meeting on Monday night.

DINNERS AT THE HOTELS.

Tempting Menus Prepared for Today at the Aragon and Kimball.

Complete arrangements have been made for the annual Thanksgiving dinner at the Aragon and Kimball hotels and the menu's prepared at both hostelries will prove tempting to the fortunate wayfarer and traveling man, as well as the Atlantian who has failed to provide for his own Thanksgiving turkey. The following menu is announced by the management of the Aragon:

The Aragon.

George W. Collier, Jr., Manager.
Anchovy Tartlines.
Blue Points.
Salted Almonds, with Cheese Sticks.
Green Turtle, au Madeira.
Consomme, Princess Royale.
Oyster Crabs, in Cases, a la Newbourg.
Broiled Pompano, Chutney Cream Butter.
Potatoes, a la Victoria.
Celery. Sliced Tomatoes. Cucumbers.
Tenderloin of Beef, Pique, a la Bordelaise.
Creamed Potatoes. French Peas.
Young Turkey, with Oyster Dressing.
Cranberry Sauce.
Sweet Potato Chips.
Asparagus, Friedbourg.
Roast Suckling Pig, Apple Sauce.
Cauliflower, Hollandaise. Flageolets.
Amontillado Sherry.
Individual Chicken Pie, New England.
Vol-au-Vent of Sweetbreads, a la Toulouse.
Lalla Rookh Punch.
Roast Georgia Partridge, a la Lucuthes.
Orange Salad.
Haunch of Venison, Currant Jelly.
Mayonnaise of Lettuce.
English Plum Pudding,
Hard and Brandy Sauce.
Aragon Mince Meat Pie.
Pumpkin Custard Pie.
Charlotte Russe. Catawba Wine Jelly.
Tutti Frutti Ice Cream. Fancy Cake.
Fruit. Nuts and Raisins.
Smyrna Figs.
Roquefort and American Cheese.
Toasted Crackers.
Coffee.

The dinner announced by the Kimball is as follows:

The Kimball.

George W. Scoville, Manager.
New York Counts.
Green Turtle, Clear Salted Almonds.
Consomme, a la royal.
Celry. Olives.
Broiled Spanish Mackerel,
Drawn Butter Sauce.
Sliced Cucumbers.
Pommes, German Fried.
Ferris Ham, Glace., Port Wine Sauce.
Prime Ribs of Kansas City Beef, au Jus.
Young Turkey, with Oyster Dressing.
Cranberry Sauce.
Boiled or Mashed Potatoes.
Asparagus, Hollandaise.
Louisiana Rice. French String Beans.
Candied Yams.
Cauliflower, au Gratin.
Georgia Quail,
Ferrised, sur Canape.
French Peas.
Punch, a la Romaine.
Braised Sweetbreads, with Mushrooms.
Pear Fritters, Fruit Sauce.
Boned Turkey, Aspic Jelly.
Head Lettuce. Sliced Tomatoes.
English Plum Pudding,
Hard and Brandy Sauce.
Pumpkin Custard Pie.
Mince Pie.
Maraschino Jelly.
Tutti Frutti Ice Cream. Assorted Cake.

McCoy and Maher Meet December 29

New York, November 29.—Kid McCoy and Peter Maher will fight twenty rounds at catch weights in the Coney Island Sporting Club on December 28th. This is the fourth time within a month that a date has been fixed for a fight between these men. This was arranged today.

YOUNG GRIDLEY MADE LIEUTENANT

Will Be Appointed to Marine Corps by the President.

SON OF THE FAMOUS CAPTAIN

Admiral Dewey Presented Him to President McKinley.

DEWEY AND M'KINLEY TO PAY EXPENSES

Young Man Is Unable To Stand Expense of Study—He Will Be Given Two Trials.

Washington, November 29.—J. P. V. Gridley, a son of the late Captain Charles V. Gridley, who commanded Admiral Dewey's flagship at the battle of Manila, was today designated for appointment as a lieutenant in the marine corps by President McKinley. Young Gridley is too old to enter Annapolis, and the only opening for him in the navy lay in an appointment to the marine corps, but he lacked the necessary education, and worse than all, the money for study.

The boy was too modest to tell any one the situation, but Admiral Dewey, who loved his father, suspected it and decided to act. He determined to pay the boy's expenses while studying for the lieutenancy.

This morning he met young Gridley at the white house and presented him to the president. Admiral Dewey started to explain the situation, when the president interrupted and said:

"You and I, admiral, will pay his expenses in preparing for examination. If he fails in the first examination, I will give him another chance, but I am sure he will be ready when the time comes."

As Admiral Dewey and the young man were descending the white house steps the admiral was saying to the son of his old comrade:

"Now, you keep an account of your expenses and let me know what they are."

At the foot of the steps the admiral ran into the group of newspaper men. "I shall be glad to give you an item this morning," said the admiral. "The president has just agreed to designate this young man, a son of Captain Gridley, for examination for a lieutenancy in the marine corps, but he has no money with which to prepare himself for the examination," he continued. "However, the president and I are going to attend to that," he added, looking at the son of his old friend with a suspicious moisture in his eyes. "Now," said the admiral as he turned away, "let the people of the country know what sort of president they have."

Mr. Gridley's mother, the widow of the gallant commander of the Olympia, is living at Erie, Pa. She is drawing a pension of $30 a month, which her friends in congress will seek to have increased by special act during the approaching session.

SHORT ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST

THE REGULAR MEETING OF THE tax committee did not occur yesterday on account of the fact that a quorum was not present. Councilman Adair was the only member on hand at the hour of meeting. There was to have been a joint meeting of the finance and tax committees on Tuesday afternoon, but a quorum was not present. The tax committee is called to meet Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

TWO LUNACY CASES WERE DISposed of by Ordinary Hulsey yesterday. Robert A. Parker was adjudged insane and will be sent to the asylum. John A. Bruce was adjudged insane and will be sent to the asylum.

WALTER TAYLOR, PRIVATE secretary to the mayor, was sick yesterday morning, but was able to attend to the duties of his office during the afternoon.

THE McCLELLAND NORMAL AND Industrial school, at Newnan, is moving on successfully. A large and new building will be completed soon, Rev. B. L. Glenn, its president, is in the city in the interest of the school. The school is in need of seats, machines, etc. The good people of Atlanta and the state are asked to help in furnishing this very promising school, which will do great good in elevating the colored people of Georgia.

Negro Kills His Brother.

Columbia, S. C., November 29.—(Special) Jim Jackson, colored, was being whipped by his mother today. He called on his brother Roy to help him resist. Roy refused. When Mother Jackson got through Jim picked up a rock and crushed Roy's head, killing him instantly. Jim fled.

REPUBLICANS CAUCUS SUNDAY

Will Select Republican Candidate for the Speakership.

Washington, November 29.—Representative Grosvenor, of Ohio, chairman of the republican caucus, has issued a call of the caucus of the republican members, to be held at the capitol next Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. The caucus will name republican candidates for speaker and other officers of the house and consider such other business as may come before it.

Cover the Whole World of Letters.

During the past few days, there have appeared in our columns several attractive adds, calling attention to the great work of CHARLES DUDLEY WARNER and his colleagues, in preparing

The Library of the World's Best Literature

and also giving an outline of the various special features.

We have always felt, that the best advertisement that the LIBRARY could have would be the opinions of those who have had it in constant use and appreciate as their daily friend.

Thus the many words of commendation that are daily comming to our attention from the early subscribers, are sufficient evidence that the work is universally admired, above that of any other publication.

The library has been well described by one "as the 'greatest purely literary enterprise of the century.' Never before in the history of literature has such an attempt been made to give the public the brightest and best writings by the brightest and best writers, speakers and thinkers of all nations and periods."

Another says: "This library forms the most perfect and exhaustive history of literature that has yet been written. One may search the bookstores and libraries in vain to find a single broadly popular work which gives within convenient compass a comprehensive survey of literature in all ages and in all countries."



Forrest Adair.

And another, who at first, considered the library as unnecessary writes: "I regard the Warner Library as the most remarkable literary production of this century—inexhaustible storehouse of knowledge—a library in itself—would not be without it for more than double its price."

Another says: "There is nothing approaching its value for the home circle, general reader, or student."

From another we have the following: "I have three daughters with me, who enjoy, even more than I, the famous Warner Library. For their sake, I thank your agent, who placed before me the possibility of owning such a treasure."

Atlanta, Ga., November 17, 1899.

The WARNER LIBRARY AND BEST LITERATURE is highly appreciated by me for my individual use, but more especially for my family. It has enabled my children to get the essentials for compositions with results that have been gratifying to me and their teachers. Since the recent great improvement in the Public Schools' textbooks, I find this Library a valuable adjunct to the readers that are used, and my children, upon becoming interested in any particular ethic, can pursue their investigations and studies perfectly, while with the absence of this Library it would not be possible. I would not be without it. Very truly,

Forrest Adair

DAVID BUICE PASSED AWAY

Well-Known Old Pioneer Died from Apoplexy Yesterday.

CAME TO ATLANTA IN 1850

Was Connected with Railroads as Engineer—Later Was in Business Here—The Funeral Friday.

David Buice, one of the best known and oldest citizens of the city, died at his home 23 Piedmont avenue, yesterday afternoon after an illness of three weeks, from a stroke of paralysis and apoplexy.

For more than thirty years Mr. Buice was one of the most valued engineers in the employ of any railroad in the state, and for a number of years he occupied a prominent position in the commercial interests of the city, being engaged in business of different kinds. He was one of the pioneers of the town, and is well known by all the older and many of the younger citizens here.

About three weeks ago he was stricken with apoplexy, and though all the skill of the best physicians of the city were used to restore him, his death occurred yesterday.

Mr. Buice was born February 5, 1832, at Spartanburg, S. C., but removed to Atlanta in 1850 at the age of eighteen. He worked for the Western and Atlantic Railroad Company, soon securing the position of engineer. Then for thirty years he worked as engineer for the Western and Atlanta, the Georgia and the Atlanta and West Point railroads. During all this time he did most excellent service, having only one slight accident in all his road experience.

He was married to Miss Mary Clement, daughter of Captain Stephen Clement, of Forsyth county, on the 28th of October, 1869. When the first call for volunteers in the confederate army was made he responded, joining company G, of the Seventh Georgia, and serving in the famous brigade commanded by General Tige Anderson. He served during the entire war, and was wounded in the battle of the Wilderness.

After the war he returned to Atlanta. At one time he was in business with his brother, Matt Buice, the two conducting a grocery business. He left this business after some years and became engaged in the coal business. A few years ago he retired from any active business, having amassed a considerable fortune.

He was a member of the Pioneer Society, the Confederate Veterans' Association, the Masons and of St. Paul's Methodist church. Always a man of liberal nature, he was noted for his earnestness in church work, strong convictions to the right and honesty in business affairs. He leaves a wife and niece, Mrs. C. D. Randle.

The funeral will be conducted from the residence Friday morning at 10:30 o'clock by the members of Atlanta lodge, No. 59, of the Masons.

For Coughs use Cheney's Expectorant.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, November 10th, 1899. Eugenia E. Clarke, executrix of will of Marshall J. Clarke, deceased, represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in December next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, November 8, 1899. Wilson L. Gurley, administrator of estate of Mary A. E. Wood, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in December next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, November 8, 1899. H. L. McKee, administrator of estate of George W. Powers, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in December next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, November 8, 1899. James E. Tate, administrator of estate of James Tate, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in December next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, November 8, 1899. S. T. Conyers, administrator of estate of Annie E. Cawley, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in December next, else leave will then be granted said applicant as applied for.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, November 8, 1899. Charles M. Roberts, administrator of estate of Jennie Jones, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in December next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, October 11, 1899. Milo H. Abbott, administrator of estate of Samuel H. Mackey, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in January next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, October 11, 1899. Peyton M. Hawes, administrator of estate of Frank P. Gardner, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in January next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, November 8, 1899. Notice is hereby given to all concerned that Lucina Tiller, late of said county, died intestate, and no person has applied for administration on the estate of said deceased, and that administration will be vested in the county administrator, or some other fit and proper person, on the first Monday in December next, unless valid objection is made thereto.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, November 8, 1899. William E. Treadwell, guardian of Kate B. Moseley, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in December next why said guardian should not be dismissed from said trust.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, November 8, 1899. Sarah E. Letford, guardian of Sarah Stewart Letford, represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in December next why said guardian should not be discharged from said trust.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, November 8, 1899. Ellen Cannon, administratrix of estate of James P. Cannon, deceased, represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in February next why said administratrix should not be discharged from said trust.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, November 8, 1899. Clarence W. McCalla, administrator of estate of Nannie Z. McCalla, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in February next why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, October 11, 1899. Cora Robinson, administratrix of estate of Matt Robinson, deceased, represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in January next, why said administratrix should not be discharged from said trust.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, November 8, 1899. Alvin F. Sherrill, administrator of estate of Mary F. Sherrill, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in December next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, October 11, 1899. Martha A. J. Powell, administratrix of estate of Fielding T. Powell, deceased, represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in January next, why said administratrix should not be discharged from said trust.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

J. D. LANIER VS. MRS. E. C. LANIER—No. 7,642. Spring term, 1900. Fulton Superior Court. To Mrs. E. C. Lanier, or whom it may concern. Greeting: By order of the court, I hereby notify you that on the 25th day of September, 1899, J. D. Lanier filed his petition to remove disabilities returnable to the spring term, 1900, of said court, under the foregoing caption.

You are further notified to be present at said court, to be held on the first Monday in March, 1900, to answer plaintiff's complaint. In default thereof the court will proceed as to justice shall appertain.

Witness, the Honorable J. H. Lumpkin, judge of said court, this the 11th day of October, 1899.
G. H. TANNER,
Clerk Superior Court of Fulton County, Ga.
oct 12 19 26 nov 2 9 16 23 30 dec 7

ABSOLUTE SECURITY

Genuine CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS Must Bear

Signature of Brent Good

SEE GENUINE WRAPPER.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

SEE GENUINE WRAPPER.

PRINTED ON RED PAPER.

HEBREW FAIR HAS FINE PROGRAMME

Today Is Sure To Be Red Letter Occasion.

DINNER WILL BE SERVED

Military Will Have Full Sway at the Hall Tonight.

MANY FEATURES OF GREAT INTEREST

Prize Drill, Raffles, Guessing Contests and Other Lively Games a Part of the Arrangements.

Today will be a gala one at the Hebrew Orphans' home fair. The ladies working for the fair have already made it a grand success, but they are going to keep the good work going and arrangements have been made to make this one of the biggest days of the whole two weeks.

The feature of the day will be the Thanksgiving dinner. The ladies in charge of the restaurant have arranged a feast fit for kings and a dinner unequaled in the city will be served for the small sum of 25 cents. Tourists and people away from home are especially invited to go and partake of a home-cooked dinner and undoubtedly a great many denied the privilege of being at home will take advantage of the splendid dinner to be served. Any number of dinner parties have been arranged, and it will be quite the thing for the business men to take lunch at the fair before going home to late dinner. The small price of 25 cents includes everything substantial and toothsome and arrangements have been made to feed all comers.

Tonight will be given over to the Atlanta military and they are going to make it one of the big days of the fair. Hundreds of college boys will also be in town on account of the football game and a cordial invitation is extended to them to be present during the evening to join in the festivities. In addition to the prize drill and dancing, dinner will be served in the restaurant and all who attend are sure of a pleasant evening.

The prize drill will take place promptly at 8 o'clock and will be participated in by teams of six men from the following military companies: Atlanta Zouaves, Capital City Guards, Hibernian Rifles, Atlanta Rifles, Atlanta Grays, Gate City Guard, Machine Gun platoon.

The six men from each company are the picked drilled men of Atlanta and the contest is sure to be both close and interesting. It has not been decided yet what officer will give the commands, but Lieutenant Brown, of the Second United States artillery, will do the judging. The drill will probably not last over half an hour, and an opportunity will then be given the visitors at the fair to see the many beautiful articles in the different booths before the dancing commences. An excellent orchestra will be on hand to furnish music for the dancers.

A raffle will be started tonight for a magnificent St. Bernard dog at the booth of Mrs. Joseph Hirsch. The dog is one of the handsomest St. Bernards ever in Atlanta and will make a beautiful Christmas present for some child. The chances will range from one to two hundred and the beautiful animal will be raffled as soon as all of them have been taken.

Contributions are still pouring in from the public-spirited Atlanta merchants and the hall is filled with handsome articles of every description. Among the contributions received yesterday were a leather lounge from the Bass company, dressing table from Snook & Austin, picture from Sam Walker, oriental rug from High, vase from Charles Crankshaw, cut glass bowl from Davis & Freeman, fan from Max Kutz, chafing dish from Hightower & Graves and many other articles. Among the handsome donations is a large silver pitcher at the booth of Mrs. Ira Steiner from John Wanamaker in Philadelphia.

Quite an interesting feature of the fair is The Fair Journal, issued by Mr. R. A. Sonn, who is the head of the home. The Journal is printed in magazine form and is not only full of good reading, but of advertisements of the Atlanta merchants.

The fair is growing every day and those interested in the work have taken hold with a determination to make it the most successful fair ever held in Atlanta. No one has been more enthusiastic or earnest in the work than Dr. David Marx. He has devoted a great deal of his time to it and has been untiring in his efforts in behalf of the work.

KIMBALL CAFE.

It Is One of the Most Popular Places in the City.

The management of the Kimball house did the public a great service when, several years ago, it established its cafe. Every city needs a cafe of the character of the one at the Kimball. It is up-to-date, convenient, and the service is all that could be desired.

The establishment of the cafe has put the hotel both on the American and European plans. While the cafe is first-class in every particular, the prices are reasonable in comparison to the service given.

The Kimball has been for some time enjoying a most prosperous business, and no doubt it is due in a measure to the establishment of the cafe. It is said that the manager gives special attention to theater and banquet parties.

SHE POURED OIL ON THE COALS.

Young Woman of Brighton, Ala., Burned to Death.

Birmingham, Ala., November 29.—(Special.)—At Brighton, yesterday evening, Mrs. Kelly Johnson, wife of a well-known market man, attempted to kindle a fire in the kitchen stove preparatory to cooking supper. As the fire did not burn well, Mrs. Johnson procured a can of kerosene oil and poured some of it on the coals. A terrific explosion followed, and the flames enveloped her body, burning her to a crisp before help could arrive. The deceased was a young woman and had only recently been married.

TODAY, OF ALL DAYS,

You Should Prepare a Dinner Worthy the Occasion.

Have you given your dinner for today any thought? Of course you have, but in giving it thought bear in mind that whatever you buy you want the best; otherwise you may spoil the whole affair. D. nehoo & Robinson, at 2 S. Broad street, have a full line of all that you will need today and everything in their stock is fresh.

TURKEYS
CRANBERRIES,
CELERY,
OYSTERS,
BIRDS,
FISH,
GAME,

And everything in season. Call them up by 'phone and get what you want. Delivery to any part of city.

THIS IS THANKSGIVING DAY; REJOICE AND EAT TURKEY



'Ware, Turk! Trust her not. Not for a moment. Not on your life. Behind a fair exterior she hides a carving knife.

THIS is Thanksgiving Day, and incidentally a day of turkeys, cranberry sauce and football.

Atlanta will celebrate the day in her usual style and it will be a holiday. The principal merchants, enterprising in their kindness to their employees, will close their places of business and very little business except of the greatest importance will be transacted during the day.

Thousands of turkeys have been prepared for the dinners of today and will be served in genuine Thanksgiving style. The sale of turkeys has been unusually heavy and this indicates that as many as are able will spread a feast in honor of the day of thanks.

In many of the churches special services will be held and sermons appropriate to the occasion will be preached. Special musical programmes have been arranged.

Atlanta has a great deal to be thankful for this year and the celebration will be an earnest one. The city has been free from epidemics, business has been on a solid basis, reverses have been unfrequent and taken altogether the year has been such a one as would please all classes and conditions of the citizenry.

One of the features of the day will be the dinner to the poor newsboys of the city, to be served at the Sheltering Arms restaurant, through the kindness of several prominent merchants of the city.

Arrangements have been made by philanthropic merchants whereby the Sheltering Arms restaurant will serve dinner to 300 poor, hungry newsboys at 1 o'clock. Tickets to the dinner will be furnished by T. J. Kelly, of The Constitution, and the boys will meet at The Constitution building at 1 o'clock to receive their tickets and to march over to the restaurant.

Newsboys who sell any of the Atlanta papers are included in the invitation, although it is the wish of those in charge to serve the dinner to those whose parents are unable to have a Thanksgiving dinner, and it is especially for the benefit of these. It is for the poorer boys from whose lives circumstances have eliminated everything that borders on luxury.

It will be a great day for the little fellows, who seldom taste the good things, and they will be given today everything they could desire. Merchants who desire to contribute to this feast in the way of apples, candies and nuts can send such articles to 37 Whitehall street.

At the hotels of the city today the dinners will be elaborate and complete in every detail. As a matter of course, turkey and cranberry sauce will occupy the most conspicuous place on the menu, but the cards will be filled with every mentionable edible and the most fastidious appetite imaginable can find something of a satisfying nature.

And the football game. This sport is one of the requisites of any successful Thanksgiving, from the amusement side of the situation, and pretty girls and well dressed young men will flock to the grounds this afternoon to wave the colors of their favorite and yell themselves hoarse with each successful move of the fellows they admire.

The town will be filled with college boys and their friends. The champions of both teams will make themselves heard and this feature of the day will be a conspicuous one.

In addition to this, there are Thanksgiving matinees. These are offered by two theaters and the matinee girl will be given a chance, and those who do not enjoy football will be able to enjoy theatrical amusement.

Altogether the day promises to be one of unusual pleasure, judging from the preparations that have been made.

At both the Home for the Friendless restaurant and the Hebrew Orphans' home fair elegant Thanksgiving dinners will be served at a small cost.

While today may not be perfect from a weather standpoint, it will be about like yesterday, and while the sun may not show his face all day, the prediction is for fair weather.

Nearly all of the business houses will close for the greater part of the day and the clerks and employees will have a chance to attend the football game or spend the day resting quietly at home. The public offices and banks will be closed. At the postoffice everything will be closed for the day except the stamp window, which will only be open from 8 until 10 o'clock. The carrier will not make any deliveries at all and all of the other departments will be closed for the day.

Mayor Woodward yesterday issued a notice to the effect that the offices of the city hall will be closed today on account of Thanksgiving and stating that no business except what is absolutely necessary will be transacted today.

The superior court will not be in session today, but the clerk's office will be open until 12 o'clock. Tax Collector Stewart's office will remain open until 12 o'clock, as will the office of the ordinary.

REMEMBERS THE ORPHANS.

How One of Atlanta's Prominent Business Men Observes Thanksgiving Day.

In spite of the cares of business, there are hundreds of men in Atlanta whose hearts have been softened by the approach of Thanksgiving Day into handsomely remembering the orphan children. This letter received by Mr. R. A. Hemphill yesterday from one of Atlanta's most prominent business men illustrates the sentiment of gratitude which nearly every one in Atlanta feels at this time:

R. A. Hemphill, Esq.—Dear Sir: I hand you check for $25 for Orphans' home at Decatur. On this Thanksgiving Day I feel grateful for many things.

I feel thankful that in the year now drawing to a close my family circle has not been broken—that my children are not orphans, and have food, raiment and shelter, which many less fortunate have not. I do not feel worthy in myself of these blessings; and yet my heart cries out: "Oh, give thanks unto the Lord, for He is gracious, and His mercy endureth forever."

THANKSGIVING SINNER.

In no better way can the business men of Atlanta exemplify the spirit of Thanksgiving Day than by substantially thinking of those little ones upon whom the sorrows of orphanage have fallen.

FIRST METHODIST PROGRAMME.

Thanksgiving Exercises by the Busy People's Class.

The reception and concert tendered the students of the various colleges in the city by the busy people's class this evening promises to be interesting.

A splendid musical programme will be rendered by the Angelus, as follows:

"The Last Hope," Gottschalk.

"Traumerel," accompanied by the violin, Schubert.

Guitar solo, "Carnival of Venice."

Several recitations in costume will be rendered by Professor Forrest Wood. Among the prominent singers who will take part are Dr. William Owens and Mr. A. D. McCardal.

There will be several short speeches by prominent gentlemen, and refreshments will be served.

All of the members and friends of the busy people's class have been invited also.

GRAIN-O! GRAIN-O!

Remember that name when you want a delicious, appetizing, nourishing food drink to take the place of coffee. Sold by all grocers and liked by all who have used it. Grain-O is made of pure grain. It aids digestion and strengthens the nerves. It is not a stimulant but a health builder, and the children as well as the adults can drink it with great benefit. Costs about ¼ as much as coffee. 15c. and 25c. per package. Ask your grocer for Grain-O.

Y. M. C. A. PROGRAM FOR THANKSGIVING

Open House All Day Is One of the Features.

HARE AND HOUND RACE

Championship Basketball Game Is Scheduled.

MEETING OF MEMBERS AT 6 P. M

Refreshments Will Be Served at 7:15 P. M., and at 8 P. M. an Interesting Entertainment.

The Young Men's Christian Association will keep open house today.

The members have had arranged for them an interesting programme, which will begin at 9:30 a. m. and conicude about 10 p. m.

The first feature on the calendar is the horseback brigade, which begins at 9:30 a. m. This means a fine morning of out-of-door exercise on horseback.

The juniors will indulge in a hare and hound race at 10 o'clock. This promises to be a thrilling affair for the youngsters.

At 5 o'clock in the afternoon the championship basket ball game between M. and C. will occur.

A members' meeting is scheduled for 6 p. m., followed in quick succession by a membership meeting at 6:45 o'clock and refreshments at 7:15 o'clock.

Professor B. Rubens, the wonder worker, will appear at the auditorium at 8 p. m.

Professor Rubens, who is a well-known magician, is a member of the Atlanta Young Men's Christian Association.

Tonight he will present a repertoire of his very latest inventions in the art of magic, two hours of fun in wonderland, and will expose a few of the most deceptive tricks practiced by spirit mediums. For the special benefit of the association he will perform the "Mystery of Baggadamid," a Hindoo trick which has for ages mystified thousands of people in oriental countries. Professor Rubens has traveled the world over and has appeared before the crowned heads of Europe, giving his entertainments in St. Petersburg, Russia; Rome, Italy, and London. He will appear in Mexican costume. It is needless to say that the evening will be one of rare enjoyment; the people will not only be mystified, but amused as well. Members of the association are admitted free. General admission 25 cents.

IN THE CHURCHES TODAY.

There will be no service today at Trinity church on account of the illness of Dr. E. E. Hoss, who had consented to conduct the services in the absence of Dr. W. B. Stradley, who is at conference.

Major E. W. Halford will deliver the Thanksgiving address at the Central Congregational church, Ellis street, today. The church has been prettily decorated and a special programme of music has been arranged. The public cordially invited.

There will be a Thanksgiving service today at 11 o'clock at the First Church of Christ, 17 West Baker street. All are cordially invited.

Rev. Sam Dean will preach a Thanksgiving sermon at the Marietta street mission tonight from the text, "All Things Are Yours." A cordial invitation is extended to all who will come. The song service will begin at 7:30 o'clock. Mr. Dean is pastor of the First Baptist church in Americus and is a fluent speaker and successful preacher.

Thanksgiving services will be held at the First Congregational church at 11:30 o'clock. In his sermon Rev. H. H. Proctor is expected to make special reference to the action of the house of representatives in defeating the franchise bill. The church is to be beautifully decorated with flags and with some of the products of the recent negro exhibits.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

For Whooping Coughs use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

VOLUNTEER'S THANKSGIVING

By (Mrs.) Loyd Cleveland.

Thanksgiving day was about to dawn. High over head the stars still shone in all their midnight splendor, but low in the east their pale silvery gleams were prophetic of an early dawn. The air was crisp but still, the camp was silent—and the long rows of white tents in the dim mysterious light were suggestive of the spirit world.

A guard tramped slowly back and forth. At times he paused as if to listen; and once he tightly grasped his gun, and lines of a strong determination marked his face—but all was still, and slowly the hard lines melted into ones of tenderness and again he resumed his lonely march.

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The war clouds had one by one blown over and only a little shadow marred the beautiful sunlight of perfect peace. The long monotonous days in camp had cooled the ardor of many of the volunteers, and to some had grown almost unbearable.

There was one young soldier in company K who had lain for many weeks ill and suffering, and who felt all through that weary time he must have died had it not been for the furlough promised as soon as he was able to travel back to the dear old home. And now that time had come, but orders were expected every day to move and so no furloughs were being granted.

Despair seized him, and his mind, enfeebled by sickness, gave birth to a horrible thought, desert!

And so one night, when the camp was asleep, he crept to the cot of his friend and comrade and in choking whispers told of his rash resolve and his hope and plan of escape.

"In a few hours," he faltered, "just before day I will attempt to pass the line at the foot of a little hill near a clump of scraggy pines.

"They are out of the range of the camp, don't you see?" Then forcing back the sobs that almost stopped his utterance, "You will be on guard duty down there, old fellow, and, oh, pity me, pity me!"

While he spoke the bugle called the relief guard, and without a word his friend arose and almost staggered from the tent.

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And still the guard paced slowly to and fro. And once again began the descent of the sloping hill, and the clump of scraggy pines was drawing very near.

Suddenly a twig snapped beneath the pressure of an uncertain footstep! The guard halted. "Who goes there?" A frightened bird fluttered out of the bushes and away into the darkness, then all was still.

What should he do! Loyalty to his duty and his oath cried out within his heart, "Do not falter!" He raised his rifle, his hand was on the trigger, his face was white and drawn. "Oh, God, what shall I do?" He raised imploring eyes to heaven; all the lights there had disappeared save one, the glorious morning star. In an instant came the beautiful vision of the Babe in Bethelehem, and from somewhere there echoed that wondrous refrain that aroused Judean shepherds of old, "On earth, peace; good will to men!"

Just then the sharp report of a rifle rang out on the morning air. There was a sudden rustle among the pines; excited voices and feet resounded throughout the camp, a shivering breeze swept by, and the guard was lying very still among the long brown grasses wet with a cold November dew.

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The hospital was almost deserted, and the nurse sat by the window reading, when a strong, steady voice asked, "Why am I here?"

The nurse went quickly but quietly to his side, "In some mysterious manner," she replied, "you were shot while on guard duty this morning. None of your shells were exploded, and the enemy's shot, for it must have been an enemy, struck you in the ankle and shattered the bone. Don't get excited; you are all right now," she continued. "The surgeon finished dressing your wound two hours ago, and said when the effect of the ether passed away you were to have a nice hot broth, and while I am preparing it you may read this note that a pale, wild-eyed friend of yours in company K left for you. He has wandered around the hospital all the morning and I thought he was going to faint when they brought you in on the litter."

She passed out and the guard tore open the note with trembling fingers. It ran:

"Can you ever forgive me? I must have been crazed! When the hammer of my rifle fell this morning it seemed to clear the fog that enveloped my brain and I would have given all of this world and my hope of heaven to have recalled it. I am resolved henceforth to walk the path where duty leads. Forgive me, oh, forgive me!"

He closed his eyes and from his heart there welled a prayer of praise and gratitude, that God had delivered two soldiers from the brand of Cain, and had led the erring footsteps of a tender youth back to the way of rectitude and honor.

He heard the nurse returning, and saying to some one as she came, "What a bright, beautiful Thanksgiving day."

She stopped beside his cot; his face was pale and bore the lines of suffering, but there was a strange glad light in his eyes as he looked up at her and said:

"What a beautiful Thanksgiving day."

TO COMPLETE THE STATEHOUSE

Is the Proposition of the South Carolina Legislature.

Columbia S. C., November 29.—(Special.)—Senator J. G. Marshall, of Richland, and Representative H. Cooper Patton, of Columbia, are working on a report to the legislature on the advisability of completing the statehuose. These gentlemen are the local members of a committee appointed to investigate and report on this matter. They have the services of an architect and have made a thorough investigation.

It would cost $350,000 to complete the building, according to the original design, but it is now proposed to substitute steel for stone in the dome and use less expensive material for the broad flight of steps leading to the second floor. It is believed by these changes a saving of $100,000 can be made and the beauty and utility of the building be little affected.

The plan proposed is to complete the building in five years, at a cost of $50,000 a year, and in that way avoid any appreciable increase in taxation for the purpose.

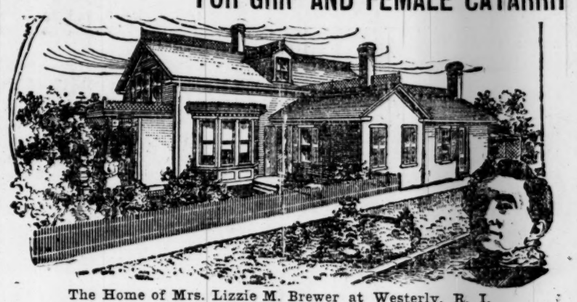
When the statehouse was commenced South Carolina had more taxable property than Massachusetts.

Organizing Morgan Club.

Birmingham, Ala., November 29.—(Special.)—Steps are being taken in Birmingham, East Lake and several other places in the county to organize Morgan clubs, to secure the nomination by the county democratic convention, next April, of candidates for the legislature favorable to Morgan for senator. A big club is to be organized in this city and a strong Morgan ticket will be put in the field many months before the convention meets.

"He plays well that wins." Hood's Sarsaparilla wins the victory over disease because it possesses genuine curative power.

MRS. BREWER RECOMMENDS PERUNA FOR GRIP AND FEMALE CATARRH



The Home of Mrs. Lizzie M. Brewer at Westerly, R. I.

In a letter to Dr. Hartman concerning the merits of Pe-ru-na, Mrs. Brewer writes, among other things:

Westerly, R. I.

"Dear Dr. Hartman—I find Pe-ru-na a sure cure for all catarrhal affections so common in this part of the country. It cures a cold at once. There is no cough medicine that can at all equal Pe-ru-na. As for la grippe, there is no other remedy that can at all compare with Pe-ru-na.

"I am among the sick a great deal in our city and have supplied many invalids with Pe-ru-na, simply because I am enthusiastic in my faith as to its results. I have never known it to fail to quickly and permanently remove that demoralized state of the human system which follows la grippe.

"In all cases of extreme weakness I use Pe-ru-na with perfect confidence of a good result. In cases of weakness peculiar to my sex I am sure that no other remedy can approach in good results the action of Pe-ru-na. It meets all the bad symptoms to which females are subject. The irregularities and nervousness, the debility and miseries which afflict more or less the women from girlhood to change in life, are one and all met and overcome by this excellent remedy. I wish every young lady in our city could read your book.

"Mrs. Lizzie M. Brewer."

Pe-ru-na will cure the worst cases of catarrh. La grippe is acute epidemic catarrh, for which Pe-ru-na is a specific.

Mrs. J. W. Reynolds, New Lisbon, Ohio, suffered for many years with chronic catarrh of the lungs, head and throat; continuous cough; many physicians failed to cure. Permanently cured by Pe-ru-na. Thousands of testimonials could be produced. A valuable treatise on catarrh sent free by The Pe-ru-na Medicine Company, Columbus, O.

RAISE IN WAGES ANNOUNCED.

Strikers in Centerville Return to Their Work.

Centerville, R. I., November 29.—The hands employed in the cloth room at the Centerville cotton mills were assured today by the management that their wages would be advanced in proportion to any increase that might be made in other mills of the state.

Yesterday afternoon the girls struck and stated that they would not return until they knew how much their wages were to be advanced. Upon receiving the reply today they returned to work.

A NOVEL CASE IS DECIDED.

Dr. Susan Roope Objected To Being Called a Midwife.

Richmond, Va., November 29.—An interesting and novel case was decided here today in the law and equity court.

The J. L. Hill Printing Company, publishers of the city directory, were sued by Dr. Susan A. Roope for $2,000 damages for libel in designating her in the directory as a "midwife." The declaration alleged that on account of such publication Dr. Roope had been greatly prejudiced in her credit and reputation as a physician, because the public were led to think that her practice was limited to obstetrics, and because the term "midwife" is construed by the public generally as conveying an idea not altogether complimentary.

Counsel for defense demurred to the declaration on the ground that the publication complained of was not libelous. The court sustained the demurrer and the case was withheld from the jury.

Charged with Forgery.

Center, Ala., November 29.—(Special.)—J. C. Leath, bailiff of beat No. 21, was arrested here today by the sheriff of DeKalb county on the charge of forgery. About ten days ago some one stole seven state pension warrants from the probate office. These warrants were presented by a man who gave his name as Johnson to the Fort Payne bank and were cashed. Since the development of the theft here and arrest today, the president of the Fort Payne bank has identified Leath as the man who presented the warrants.

Atwater Will Object.

Raleigh, N. C., November 29.—(Special.) John W. Atwater, congressman from this district, declares that if no one else will object to the swearing in of Roberts, of Utah, he will make formal protest. Atwater is a populist, but says he will go in the democratic caucus.



For harvests such as marked the Pharoahs' sway:
For forges which like THEE of old,
Are pillars of black smoke by day
And in the night of fiery gold;
For myriad mines, where labor never sleeps:
For furnaces which ever burn;
We render thanks, O LORD of lands and deeps.
What shall we give THEE in return?

The MASTER gives of talents each his tale,
And, when the allotted time expires,
E'en though the gift is made of no avail,
The same with increase HE requires.
Our wealth and power are largesses from THEE,
Their portent we cannot discern,
But we may ask in all humility,
What shall we give THEE in return?

For countless schools where childish voices pipe,
For roads of steel from sea to sea;
For music of the printing press and type;
For matchless art and industry;
For argosies on river, lake and bay,
And fleets which every ocean churn;
We render thanks, O LORD, and humbly pray
What shall we give THEE in return?

Is it to raise a semi-savage race,
And bring them nearer unto THEE?
Is it to sow in every desert place
The seeds of truth and liberty?
Is it for us to govern, serve and teach,
Or suffer long until we learn?
Our grateful hearts to THEE for guidance reach
What shall we give THEE in return?

MARGHERITA ARLINA HAMM.



The Constitution.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY.

CLARK HOWELL ..... Editor
W. A. HEMPHILL ... Pres't and Bus. M'g'r

London Office

The London Office of
... The Constitution
Is in the Trafalgar Buildings,
Trafalgar Square

Handsome reading and reception rooms are provided there, and a special invitation is extended to all Southerners visiting London to avail themselves of the facilities provided, and to make The Constitution office their headquarters.

MR. GEO. M. S. HORTON is the London representative of this paper.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Our traveling representatives are W. H. OVERBEY, CHARLES H. DONNELLY and E. L. CAIN.

Our city collectors are Messrs. R. L. CANNON, JAMES T. CARTER and CLAUDE A. VIRGIN. Be sure that you do not pay any one else.

CONSTITUTION PUBLISHING CO.

TERMS TO SUBSCRIBERS.

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" with " six months	4 00
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Weekly " one year	1 00

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NICHOLS & HOLLIDAY, Constitution building, sole Advertising Managers for all territory outside of Atlanta.

ATLANTA, GA., November 30, 1899.

"Lest We Forget."

In compliance with the traditional custom of rendering thanks each year unto the Bountiful Giver for mercies and favors received at His hands we will gather today in our quiet homes to banquet upon the feast of good things which will tempt our appetites, but there is grave danger that, in surrendering ourselves to the temporal enjoyment of stuffed turkey, we may overlook the real significance which the day brings.

We must not forget that the primary object of the day's observance is to lay the tribute of our grateful hearts upon the altar of thanksgiving and to outwardly manifest that we are not unmindful of the blessings which heaven has lavishly bestowed upon us. This recognition of our indebtedness to divine providence must be accompanied by an appropriate sense of our own unworthiness, otherwise we cannot properly measure the obligations under which our lot places us. When our New England forefathers instituted the sacred custom which has happily survived the discords and dissensions of our national life they were moved by the feeling of profoundest gratitude. Fleeing from tyranny and persecution in the old world they found on the sterile but friendly shores of America an asylum in which they could worship God with none to molest them or make them afraid; and lifting up their hearts and their voices in devout thanksgiving to that merciful hand which had steered them in safety across the Atlantic they made the wilderness resound with hosannahs. Instead of feasting as we do now they fasted in humiliation and prayer. We need not imitate them in this respect but in gathering about our social boards to enjoy the ample meals which have been prepared to tempt our appetites we must not estrange ourselves from the spirit which prompted them to render grateful thanks unto God. If we will keep this central thought in our minds we will not fall far short of the duty which the day enjoins upon us.

We trust that few of us will be found today on the list of croakers and malcontents who have nothing for which to be grateful. Things may not have moved as smoothly with us during the past year as we could have wished and troubles of one kind and another may have fretted us out of our stock of good nature; but if we will carefully adjust our spectacles and investigate our lots we will find that we have no reason to be sour or disgruntled whatever our vexations and worries may be. If we have not succeeded in our business ventures we have health and strength left with which we can make another start in that direction. If we are not satisfied with the way in which the political affairs of the country have been run we are still fortified and sustained by the faith that the God of battles who gave us victory at Santiago and Manila will not desert us in our national affairs, and that everything will come out all right in the end if we are true to the principles from which the republic sprung. If bereavement has crossed our threshholds and made its presence felt in that inner sanctuary where life's most sacred ties are woven we are still blest with memories which make us braver because of the ordeal through which we have passed and we are furthermore comforted with newer and sweeter hopes. Heaven has become more real to us, and faith has fixed our thoughts less upon the sordid things of this earth and more upon the hidden mysteries of that life to which our better natures lift us. Whatever may be our circumstances we can easily find some hook upon which to hang our grateful recognition of God's mercies and favors if we will only brush aside the cobwebs of morbid selfishness which interfere with our clearer visions. One reason why we are ofttimes so blind to our blessings is because we selfishly lavish our thoughts upon ourselves when we ought rather to lavish them upon others. We need to come out of our shells and to revel in God's sunlight. We need to feel in our lives the touch of brotherhood and the sense of that relation which we sustain to others. When we take this journey into the world around us life will immediately begin to brighten and we will begin to realize that we are blessed with more beatitudes than we can number.

So let us think upon these things as we gather around our home tables. If we are rich let us feel grateful that we are not hampered by the ills of poverty, and if we are poor let us feel grateful that we are not encumbered with the responsibilities of wealth. If we are neither rich nor poor let us feel grateful that we have escaped the extremes of misery which are incident to each. Whatever our conditions may be let not the charge of ingratitude rest upon us. Let us think of the brave men who are fighting on the distant outposts of civilization under foreign and hostile flags as well as under our own flag. Let us think of the multitudes of helpless orphans who are dependent upon the charity of the public in our great centers of population. Let us think of the myriads of suffering victims in famine-stricken lands and under tyrannical governments. Let us think of the manifold sorrows which in one form or other afflict the children of men everywhere; and remembering our own happy conditions, let us not withhold our grateful songs of thanksgiving from that Supreme Being who has blest our favored land with abundant crops of cotton and lavished so many good things upon us. If we are in our right minds we have only to look back over the retrospect of the year which is now fading upon the autumn leaves and we will find no end of blessings for which to be truly grateful. In the glad shout of thanksgiving which we raise today let no false note of ingratitude mingle, but from hearts devoutly filled with the incense of worship let our accents of joy ascend to the Bountiful Giver.

A Suggestion.

When, several weeks ago, some of the retail merchants of Atlanta complained that the retail trade of the city might be injured by surrounding towns offering higher prices for cotton than Atlanta, The Constitution at once sounded a note of warning. The wagon trade of Atlanta constitutes from year to year a very large part of the retail business. All the main thoroughfares of the city—Peachtree, Whitehall, Capitol avenue, Marietta, Decatur, and Peters streets—all become a part of the public highways which lead to the farming regions round about; and the volume of traffic which flows along these highways is most important to all the business interests of Atlanta. It affects our wholesale as well as our retail dealers, and the moment it began to show symptoms of falling off, the loss was felt.

When the farmers found that they could get 7 cents for their cotton at the mill towns round about, while Atlanta was paying only 6 1-2, they immediately turned their teams in the direction of the mill towns, carrying their cotton there, and, with the cotton, their trade.

In fine, the complaint of our retail dealers marked the first result of what, for the south, is a new situation. It is a situation which has enabled the cotton-growers of the south for the first time in their history to become a potent factor in dictating prices. Their ability to do this has been aided by the short crop, but it has also been immeasurably strengthened by the great increase in the number of spindles and looms in the south during the past year. The situation thus developed has enabled the growers to defy all the prognostications of Neill. It is a fact that the price of cotton at New York has been constantly higher than the Liverpool price, while the mills in the south have been able to pay New York prices, and still make large profits.

This situation is most hopeful and promising. What is surprising is that the alert and energetic business men of Atlanta have not taken advantage of it to put themselves behind a movement to give Atlanta not only a place in the procession, but a position at the very front. The matter is so important that we feel impelled to call attention to a few facts that are plain enough to be called commonplace. The very first effect of a cotton mill is to add to the self-supporting population of the region where it is situated. This addition to the population must be fed and clothed, and as it has the money to pay for these necessities, as well as for the comforts that civilization has made necessary, an increase of trade and business is inevitable. This trade is not confined to the stores, but reaches out and demands the products of the farm. Wherever a cotton factory is organized there the farmers adjacent find a new market for their surplus products—an increased demand for their chickens, eggs, butter and beef-cattle, and for the products of their vegetable gardens.

It may be said, too, that every new mill increases the retail trade of a town not only by reason of the increase of population, but by reason of the new market offered to farmers. Where a farmer sells his produce there he does his trading. There is a great deal said about our increased railway facilities; but what is the result? Simply this, that while the farmers do not have to haul their cotton to Macon, and Augusta, and Savannah, they still have to haul it to the nearest railway towns, and a few miles cuts no figure in their estimates. They will carry their cotton where they can get the best prices for it, and where there is a cotton mill with contracts that must be filled, there the best prices will be paid.

That is why we say it is surprising that the alert business men of Atlanta—those energetic spirits that are always looking forward to enterprises that will promote their own interests and those of their city—have seemed to turn a cold shoulder to what is by all odds the most important and far-reaching industrial movement that has ever taken place in the south. Compared with it, all other movements shrink to small proportions. To spin the crop of cotton within sight and hearing of the cotton fields, and thereby to quadruple its value—to bring to the south and inject into the channels of trade millions upon millions of dollars that would otherwise never come here—surely Atlanta is missing a great opportunity.

If we are to keep step with the rest of the south, Atlanta must turn her marvellous energies to the movement that is enriching other southern communities. We cannot say that Atlanta's seeming apathy is due to lack of capital, for we have the capital here; nor can we explain it on the score that there is risk in cotton manufacturing, for a new mill is no sooner put in operation than it finds itself overwhelmed with orders. And the profits of the most successful go as high as fifty per cent.

Under these circumstances, we say, it is surprising that our business men do not join in a movement which has the merit of putting money in the pockets of shareholders, while at the same time it makes remarkable additions to the self-sustaining population of the community and adds largely to the volume of trade and business in all directions.

What is to prevent a number of our capitalists and business men from building here one of the largest cotton mills in the country?

The Republican Currency Plan.

As a matter of course the republican currency plan will not meet the views of democrats, but they will be glad to see the republicans take a definite position. In 1896, it will be remembered, the republicans declared in their platform that the gold standard was only a makeshift until international bimetallism could be brought about; but now a report has been prepared to go with a bill which makes the gold dollar the unit of value, provides for the sale of 3 per cent bonds to maintain the reserve, permits national banks to issue notes to the par value of their bond deposits, and allows the organization of such banks with a capital of $25,000 in towns of 2,000 inhabitants.

There is something definite about such a measure; it is a beginning; and it seems that the republicans are prepared to at least show their hands. It is amusing to read in the report accompanying the measure that "when the standard shall be permanently established, all doubt of its stability" will be "removed." It is amusing, because the fact that the gold standard does not give stability to the unit of value is today demonstrated in every market of the country. If the unit of value is not a fixed quantity with respect to its value—its purchasing power—what is the use of talking about the "stability of the standard of value?"

The standard of value is also the unit of value, but if the unit fluctuates in its value, being dear today and cheap tomorrow, where does the "stability" come in and what does it amount to? We regret to see our gold standard friends cheat themselves with vague phrases. The fact is that the greenbacks in the seventies never cut more fluctuating capers than the gold dollar during the past two years.

The greenback fluctuations were measured by gold, but now we have to measure gold by commodities and the result shows the depreciation of the value of the gold dollar to an extent that should cause our gold friends to put on their thinking caps. What profit is there in the gold standard if it is not stable enough to fix the value of the gold dollar as compared with commodities? If low prices are not to rule, and if, on the other hand, the gold dollar is to depreciate in its purchasing power, what benefit does the gold standard give to those who own gold?

The democrats contended, and still contend, that we cannot have prosperity until money is cheap enough to give high prices. The result has justified the contention. We have higher prices and the result is prosperity. But, meanwhile, where is the stability of the gold dollar?

When The New York Tribune says that the price of iron has increased 130 per cent, it means that the purchasing power of the gold dollar has decreased that much in its relations to iron.

What does "stability" mean when it is applied to a dollar that fluctuates in value as wildly as the gold dollar does?

The weather is gradually crowding spring and summer to the wall.

The fact that The Richmond Times is for Daniel for president shows that the editor has opened his weather eye as to the "stability of the standard."

STATE POLITICAL GOSSIP.

Lemuel Johnson.

Waycross Journal: So far no opposition has developed to Captain Lemuel Johnson, who has already announced for the senate.

Judge Roberts.

Telfair Enterprise: Ex-Judge D. M. Roberts, of Eastman, was in to see us Tuesday. Mr. Roberts in making the race for judgeship of this circuit, and his friends claim that he is "settin' the woods a fire" wherever he goes.

O. B. Stevens.

Fitzgerald Enterprise: Speaking of the references to Commissioner of Agriculture O. B. Stevens in connection with the nomination for governor, The Dawson News says he has no ambition to be governor, nor intention whatever of becoming a candidate for the office. He is devoting all of his time and energies to the upbuilding of the department of agriculture and is raising that department of the state government to that high standard of usefulness which its founders contemplated. He appreciates very sensibly the expressions of confidence which the people have shown, and feels that he can best serve their interests by remaining in his present position and carrying out the plans of reform and improvement which he has already begun.

THE PASSING THRONG.

The Manila Times, of October 5th, gives a graphic description of the manner in which the United States marines were avenged on the Filipinos for the dastardly manner in which they killed Naval Cadet Welborn C. Wood and his crew of the Urdaneta.

Cadet Wood, it will be remembered, was a Georgia boy and went to Manila from the naval academy, where he was a student. He was appointed to the naval academy from Pickens county by Congressman Carter Tate. Wood was a fine young fellow and had many friends in the state who will read with interest the detailed description of the manner in which his untimely death was avenged. The account from The Manila Times follows:

Heavy bombarding was heard in the direction of Orani yesterday, but nothing absolutely definite could then be learned.

It will be remembered that a landing force of marines and blue-jackets were sent on an armored flatboat, escorted by the Helena, Petrel and Mindoro, and left Cavite two days ago for Orani for the purpose of taking that place and if possible raising the launch Urdaneta.

The heavy firing in that direction indicated that the engagement had commenced. Reports coming from Cavite were to the effect that a heavy resistance was being made, and a stronger opposition met than was anticipated. It was said that the marines landed, and a number were killed in an unsuccessful assault upon the town. Another company of marines are being held in readiness at Cavite and may be dispatched to the scene some time today.

Last evening at 6:30 o'clock the expedition that had been sent out on Sunday to Orani to take vengeance upon the natives in that vicinity for their dastardly assault on Cadet Wood and his crew of the Urdaneta, returned to Cavite whole and sound.

They report that they did not arrive at their point of destination until Sunday afternoon, with their armored scow and the gunboats Callao and Mindoro. Then they were compelled to wait until morning before any action was begun, as the tide in the afternoon was too low to enable them to get in close enough for effective work. The armored scow was towed in by the Barcelona.

On Monday morning the expedition shelled the town of Orani and drove the insurgents out of the place, and immediately disembarked men to enable them to get to work on the Urdaneta, as the object was to repair the launch and bring her back with them. They were allowed to work in peace until about 11:30, when the insurgents opened fire on the working party at long range, and as a reward for their impunity the scow once more shelled the town, after which the work on the launch proceeded. They lay in the quiet waters of the Rio Grande all night without molestation, and could plainly see the camp fires of the enemy at some distance from the town. Tuesday morning about 9 o'clock, before a landing party went ashore, they threw a few shells into the town simply as a feeler, and then about a hundred marines and a hundred blue-jackets, with a Colts automatic gun, went ashore and went through the town. The Colts gun was turned loose at the enemy for a few minutes, just to let them know that it was still there. No resistance whatever was offered, and the only sign of life in the town was a few old people, too decrepit to run. A number of dead natives also lay on the streets, which shows that the shots had effect.

In one house, which was richly furnished, they found a Filipino who had apparently been left there by his master to take care of the house and its contents, and he was brought back a prisoner. From him the information was obtained that on the day previous a great many natives were killed and their bodies carried away. He also reported that there were about 900 armed soldiers in the mountains near the town, and he also confirms the report, in which he is very positive, that when the Urdaneta was taken, Cadet Wood and four of his men were killed and the balance of the Urdaneta prisoners taken to Tarlac.

After properly repairing the Urdaneta and floating her, they started back toward Cavite with the launch on Wednesday morning. The marines had considerable difficulty in putting the launch in proper shape for the trip, as several parts of intricate machinery had been taken out and hidden away. The marines also brought back two rowboats which they captured.

"I spent some two years in south Africa," said Henry d'Aivigny, of Omaha, yesterday, while chatting with a group of drummers at the Kimball, "and during my residence in that country I became thoroughly acquainted with the Boer character.

"At the time of my south African residence I lived in Johannesburg, and was connected with the firm of Snow, Camden & Co., a large London house that dealt in ivory, hides and other African goods. My business frequently took me into the surrounding towns and sparsely settled districts. Frequently I spent as much as a week at a time as a guest at Boer farmhouses, and I learned to like the Boers immensely.

Since my return to this country, and especially since the outbreak of hostilities in Africa, I have been asked about the character and temperament of the people. It would be a difficult matter to describe the Boers acurately. Originally from Holland, an essentially pacific race, the Dutch of south Africa have all the admirable qualities of their ancestors, such as love of home and great industry, combined with a fearless, warlike spirit which brooks no control and manifests itself immediately the question of personal liberty is involved. This fearless, and at times even brutal spirit, is the result of the changed atmosphere and conditions they have encountered in Africa and a close contact with an inferior race that they have been compelled to keep under subjection.

"If the English are aggressive, the Boers are equally so. But then aggression is of a different order. Take the average Englishman and place him in a semi-civilized community and he makes himself intolerable to the natives. The Boers are different. They have their own way, but they go about it in a quiet, unobtrusive manner without adding the sting of insult to their methods of securing what they want.

"The war in south Africa was inevitable. I knew that the clash between the English and the Boers was only a matter of time, and it will not surprise me to see hostilities prolonged for fully a year. The Boers have all the advantage of the situation and will conduct a campaign on the defensive. I look for few big engagements. The British will be harrassed constantly by guerrilla bands and only attacked in numbers when the advantage is on their side. In the nature of things it is only reasonable to suppose that England will win, but it will be one of the dearest bought victories that the British arms have ever achieved. The end will not come, I think, in a surrender of the Boer arms, but by the mediation of other powers."

Hon. Fleming duBignon, of Savannah, is in the city.

Harry Williams, of Columbus, is at the Kimball.

Minter Wimberly, of Macon, is at the Kimball.

St. Justin Strute, a prominent lawyer of Cincinnati, is at the Marion.

Appointed Referee in Bankruptcy.

Birmingham, Ala., November 29.—(Special.)—N. W. Trimble has been appointed referee in bankruptcy for the federal court for the northern district of Alabama to succeed Judge Charles Turner, who died last Sunday. The appointment was made by Judge Bruce with the concurrence of Judge Boarman. Mr. Trimble was for twenty years clerk of the United States circuit and district courts here. He is well qualified for the position.

GEORGIA AND THE DOG.

Monroe, Ga., Advertiser: The legislature deserves a chromo for passing the "dog law."

Young Harris News: The legislature has passed the dog law and we commend them for it. Now let them draw their per diem and go home.

Cartersville, Ga., News: Don't let that dog law get lost during all this row over prohibition. Dogs are about as much a nuisance as whisky.

Telfair Enterprise: The days of the worthless dog are numbered, in some of the counties in this state at least, if the dog law passes the senate in the shape it passed the house a few days ago.

Clayton Tribune: We extend our hearty congratulations to Hon. W. W. Dews, of Randolph county, for his untiring and recent successful efforts in having passed in the house of representatives a bill for taxing of dogs.

Talbotton, Ga., New Era: The "dog law" has passed the house of representatives. Despite the humor it has excited, it is one of the best measures that can be put on the statute books.

Bayley, Ga., Banner: The people through this section are much pleased at the passage of the dog law. Had it passed twenty years ago this section would not now have to start afresh in the sheep industry.

Greenstoro Herald-Journal: The dog law passed by the house means a vast deal for the farmers of Georgia, if it passes the senae also. Sheep will become as common in Georgia as worthless curs row are, and will add vastly to the wealth of the state.

Macon County Citizen: "The wool was pulled" over the eyes of the Georgia legislature when they passed the dog tax bill. It was a great stroke for a revival of the wool industry massacred by hordes of worthless curs; if the senate will do as well, Georgia will soon be among the foremost wool-producing states.

Stillmore Budget: The lower house of the general assembly has passed a law to tax all male dogs $1 and females $1.50. This is a step onward. This money should be appointed to the school fund, and divided so that the negro can draw back what is paid in by the negro dog owners, and to the whites what is paid in by the whites.

Bulloch Times: The legislature has passed the dog law, and taxed all male dogs $1 and females $1.50. This means hardship on the darky who wants to keep two or three, more freedom for the 'possum and coon, more protection for sheep, and a kick from sports in the towns and villages, who will have to pay a town tax also. It will help the treasury, however.

Jones County News: The dog law has passed the lower branch of the legislature. The large majority by which it passed is an indication that it will go through the senate without any hitch and then be cheerfully signed by the governor. When all this is done it will sound the death knell of hundreds of worthless curs and bobtail mongrels, and "Brer" rabbit will become more numerous and familiar.

Barnesville, Ga., Gazette: It seems that the lawmakers have about arrived at a lucid interval where they can consider seriously the dog tax, and are about to make a law of the measure. This is a good thing, long needed and long delayed. Surely when it is reasoned that the law will rid the country of a vast number of vicious and absolutely useless canines, and will add approximately a quarter of a million dollars each year to the state educational fund, there is no room to question the wisdom of the bill.

TALKS ABOUT ATLANTA.

Griffin News and Sun: Griffin people who had only seen celebrations in Atlanta were very much surprised when Savannah good fellows asked the whole crowd up to drink at the confederate reunion there.

Thomasville, Ga., Times-Enterprise: The Constitution, with an optimistic expression which is really refreshing, professes to see a union depot in Atlanta which will be a credit to the city, the state, roads and people. It requires a good deal of unadulterated faith and a mighty clear vision to see a new station in place of the old mud shack.

Albany, Ga., Herald: Atlanta is perhaps more interested in the prohibition bill than any city in the state.

Alpharetta, Ga., Free Press: Nemesis smiles. If Dewey had come to Atlanta he would not now be in all this trouble.

Greensboro, Ga., Herald Journal: The state should build a commodious depot upon the site of the present structure in Atlanta. The land is too valuable to sell, and the rent the roads would readily pay, for use of the structure, would make the investment a profitable one.

Meriwether Vindicator: Virgil tells us that it was a work of great difficulty on the part of the immortal gods to found Rome after the disastrous destruction of Troy. It seems about as hard to agree upon the plans for the erection of a new depot in Atlanta. The labors of the railroad commission and the various committees of citizens and city councils deserve a new heroic poem, perhaps upon the order of Sir Hudibras.

The Greatest in the South.

Tampa, Fla., Herald: Everybody knows that The Atlanta Constitution is the greatest paper in the south, but it is comforting to read once in a while proof on the side that confirms the impression. It has transpired during the month in which mail was weighed in Atlanta that the amount of newspapers or second-class matter dispatched through the office amounted to 286,085 pounds. Of this The Constitution sent out 158,248 pounds, or considerably more than half. There are fifty-seven other publications in Atlanta entitled to second-class postage rates, besides twenty-nine newsdealers who may return unsold copies at the same rate. So it appears that The Constitution is so far ahead of everything in Atlanta that nothing is in the same class with it. This is what should be the case, and it is gratifying to know that it is so. The Constitution is the friend of the people and the apostle of democracy, and it is cheering to know that the people appreciate it and reward it.

SAMFORD ON THE LAND SALES.

He Is Astonished at the Statements Published.

Opelika, Ala., November 29.—(Special.)—Now that the state of Alabama is convulsed with excitement over the numerous land sales reported to have been illegally made it is well to note the following statement made to a Constitution representative by Hon. W. J. Samford, ex-congressman and a prominent candidate for governor. Colonel Samford being one of the trustees of the State university, knows whereof he speaks, and no man's word in Alabama carries more moral force.

Colonel Samford, as shown, deemed all the proceedings right and proper and never would have consented to aught else:

"About a week ago, my attention being called to the criticisms of the university land sale, I gave a statement for publication. On returning last night, after nearly a week's absence, I was surprised to learn that my statement had not been received by the paper, hence the apparent delay in noticing the matter.

"I put it mildly in saying that I am astonished at some of the statements published. That there is anything censurable in the matter I have no reason to believe.

"I attended the meeting of the board in September, and after the transaction of some other business, the governor placed before the board the proposition of a sale of a small portion of the university land. Of course, I cannot pretend to remember all that was said in the discussion of it. I had no reason to think there would ever be any question about it. The sale was favored by those who did favor it mainly on the grounds that the price was a good price; that the lands were disconnected from the large body of the university land; that they were not on the railroad, and not favorably located for leasing; that the university would still have about 30,000 acres left which was a much as could likely be leased in a great many years, if, indeed, it could ever be done. It was also a fact that unsuccessful efforts had been made to lease lands for several years past, only one lease having been effected.

"For these reasons, and perhaps others, the governor and the land commissioner, Hon. William C. Fitts, recommended the sale. Colonel Caldwell, as conscientious and reliable a trustee as there is on the board, who also owned large interests in coal lands, considered the price a good one. It was also stated, in answer to my inquiry, that Colonel Webb, who was absent, who was chairman of the committee that had charge of the land matters, favored the sale.

"Having confidence that the governor, the land commissioner, Colonel Caldwell and Colonel Webb, knew as much about the value of the lands as anybody, and being satisfied that they were as deeply interested in the welfare of the university as I was, and knowing that the necessities of the university required a special appropriation annually out of the treasury of the state to meet its demands, I am free to say that I did not see any good reason against the propriety of the sale. But, notwithstanding I was so impressed, I opposed it because of the absence of other trustees. I thought it better to have a full board to pass on such questions, having no personal knowledge of the values myself. Subsequently, however, notwithstanding I opposed the resolution, I did state that if the absent trustees were consulted, and should favor the sale I saw no good reason why I should not yield my opposition.

"One of the trustees did not favor the sale, mainly on the ground that he preferred leasing. I, also, preferred leasing, and so far as I know the others did; but previous efforts to lease by the land commissioners being unsuccessful—only one lease having been made in several years—it seemed reasonable as a business proposition that a small portion of the land might with propriety be sold, and a revenue therefrom received. As to the opportunity to lease last spring I knew nothing of it until I saw it in the publication of J. H. Fitts. Those who had heard of it, I suppose, can speak with reference to that. I would have favored it unless there are facts concerning it of which I am ignorant. Of course, if the price of the sale was too low the sale was unadvisable, but from my information above stated, it did not appear so then; and from what I have learned since this controversy began from a gentleman familiar with such lands and their value, it is by no means certain that the price was below the value of such lands in their locality. I am informed by a gentleman, whose name I withhold, unless the statement should be questioned, that several thousand acres of coal land equally as good as those that were sold, and some of them more favorably located, have been recently bought or offered for sale below the price at which these lands were sold. But I am not entering upon a defense of the sale now. I think the matter should be investigated by the trustees and every fact and circumstance published. The trustees, as is well known, serve in that capacity without remuneration; they can have no other interest than the best interests of the university. That they may make mistakes is natural. That any of them, however, had any personal interest I have no reason to believe. If anybody connected with the matter, representing the university, had any such interest in it, of course, it is indefensible. I believe that a full investigation will demonstrate that the interests of the university have not been injuriously affected.

"Of course, if these lands could have been leased on the same favorable terms as were obtained on the one isolated lease then in force, it would have been more advantageous; but there is not only no evidence that that could have been done; on the contrary, it appeared from the past that it could not be done. Therefore arraying vast figures on such an hypothesis is very misleading."

AMERICANS IN MEXICO MOURN.

Resolutions on Death of Vice President Are Passed.

City of Mexico, November 29.—A largely attended meeting of the American colony was held tonight at Trinity Methodist Episcopal church, to take action regarding the recent death of Vice President Hobart. Ambassador Clayton made an address referring eloquently to the late statesman and appropriate resolutions were adopted.

The annual Thanksgiving ball of the American residents here has been postponed to January 1st, on account of the death of Vice President Hobart.

The Mexican Central railroad is actively prosecuting the work on its extension to the Pacific port of Manzanillo. A large force of men is employed, and if the rails arrive on time, thirty-five kilometers will soon be laid. This extension, connecting the important cities of Guadalajara and Manzanilla, one of the finest ports on the Pacific, will undoubtedly greatly contribute to the prosperity of Jalisco and Colima, two important states, now remarkably flourishing. Traffic between the cities of Colima and Guadalajara is now carried on by mules and wagons and the road is always crowded with goods. There is much rejoicing in Guadalajara over the activity displayed by the Central railroad.

Cool weather has set in on the table land country and frosts are everywhere reported.

A new bank with $1,000,000 capital, designed to foment business and agricultural enterprise has been formed here.

The National Bank of Mexico by January 1st will have $22,000,000 effective capital.

WILL TRY TO UNCOVER SCHEME

Memphis Paper Receives Telegram Concerning Cotton Market.

Memphis, Tenn., November 29.—The Commercial-Appeal tomorrow will say:

"Tuesday night a telegram worded as follows and signed by a New York individual was received at this office:

"'Report in New York cotton market heavily over-bought by the south on slim margins and crash looked for. Can you confirm.'

"It has been learned that a similar telegram was sent to every important cotton center in the south. It is thought that this is part of the conspiracy set on foot by those who inserted the sensational advertisement in the New York papers. The name of the sender of the telegram has been sent to a responsible New York firm, members of the cotton exchange, with a request that an effort be made to uncover the whole transaction."

Wilson Will Not Leave at Present.

Richmond, Va., November 29.—A special from Lexington tonight says that while it is true that Hon. William L. Wilson has been advised to go to Arizona for his health and will spend part of the winter there, it has not been decided when he will leave. At present he is engaged as actively as ever in his duties at Washington and Lee university.

WILL FUSE WITH DEMOCRATIC PARTY

This Is Result of Meeting of Silver Republican Committee.

CHAIRMAN TOWNE TALKS

Tells of Action Taken During the Committee's Session.

NATIONAL CONVENTION TO BE CALLED

Silver Republicans Will Endeavor To Meet When the Democrats and Populists Are in Session.

Chicago, November 29.—The special meeting of the national committee of the silver republican party adjourned today to meet again at the call of the chairman, after having taken action that practically assures the fusion of the party with the democratic and populist parties, the indorsement of the democratic platform and the presidential candidate of that party.

The sub-committee appointed yesterday to decide on the date and place of holding the national convention and also to report on matters of practical organization for the campaign, including the apportionment of delegates from the various states to the national convention, submitted its report to the committee today and after a lengthy discussion its recommendations, with one or two amendments, were adopted. The sub-committee recommended that all of the matters in question be referred for action to the executive committee, of which former Senator Dubois, of Idaho, is chairman.

Chairman Towne gave out the following official statement of the action of the committee:

"A resolution was unanimously adopted that a national convention of the national silver republican party be held, and the executive committee was instructed to confer with the democratic and populist national committee in an effort to secure, if possible, the holding of all three national conventions at the same time and place, and at the earliest practicable date, to the end that complete co-operation of the reform forces may be had. The executive committee was authorized to determine the number of delegates to the national convention, the same not to be less than 2,000, to arrange the basis of selection and to allot the representation from each state. It was decided that the call for the convention shall include as eligible to representation all those voters who heretofore, prior to 1896, or since, have acted politically with the republican party, but are bimetallists and favor the unrestricted and independent coinage of both gold and silver at the present legal ratio, and who are opposed to the policy of extending the gold standard in the United States by retiring greenbacks, destroying the full money power of the existing silver dollar, providing for the payment of all government obligations and the redemption of all forms of paper money in gold alone, and surrendering to a banking combination the sovereign function of issuing paper money.

"Pledges were made covering the expenses of holding the convention, Hon. E. S. Courser was chosen treasurer of the committee, with instruction to maintain the relations of practical co-operation with the democratic and populist national committees."

FAILED TO GET CERTIFICATE.

Louis Gourdain Arrested for Violating Banking Laws.

New York, November 29.—Louis A. Gourdain was arraigned before a magistrate today charged with a violation of the section of the penal section relating to carrying on a banking business without the proper state banking officials' certificate. He was held in $2,500 bail for examination Friday.

Three witnesses testified regarding the Imperial National bank. They said that Gourdain had told them he was going to open the bank November 1st and that he was selling bonds to advertise the bank.

Gourdain Known in Kansas City.

Topeka, Kas., November 29.—Louis Gourdain, who was arrested in New York yesterday for running a lottery scheme similar to that of the Franklin syndicate, is well known in this city. Several years ago he served a sentence of ninety days in the county jail here, having been convicted in the federal court of fraudulent use of the mails in promoting a lottery scheme. Gourdain attracted considerable attention and ordered his meals from the best hotels in the city during his imprisonment. During the time he was in jail he brought much influence from wealthy relatives and prominent people of the south to secure his release, but failed and served his time.

Richmond Was in Distress.

Newport News, Va., November 28.—The steamer Richmond, of the Old Dominion line, but which has been chartered by the Clyde line, was towed in the capes this evening by the steamer City of Augusta. The Richmond's rudder was injured, but the extent of the damage is not known here.

THE STATE PRESS.

The Sweet Potato Vine.

Greensboro, Ga., Herald-Journal: John Corry has had a dense shade on his front porch during the summer and fall, thereby making it a pleasant place to sit in the heat of the day. We had frequently admired the pretty vines, which he had grown so luxuriantly, but had no idea until this week that he had combined beauty and usefulness with the profitable. The vines are yet green, but a few days ago he pulled one of them up, and a four-pound yam potato was attached to it. In short, Mr. Corry shut off the sun's rays by training sweet potato vines to grow upon a trellis, and has raised a fine crop of sweet potatoes. He dug one from the same place Wednesday morning that weighed seven and one-half pounds. It would certainly make a royal sliced potato pie.

Make a Scrapbook.

Greenville, Ga., Vindicator: Let all the readers of The Atlanta Constitution clip out and paste in a scrapbook the history of Georgia by Charles Edgeworth Jones, now appearing in that paper. It is worth keeping.

"Twixt Him and Duty."

South Georgia Home: One day last week Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Norman came near being poisoned by eating sardines. They did not taste quite right, but Mr. Norman, who does not let every little thing stand 'twixt him and duty, ate the greater quantity. It took careful work of a good physician to save his life.

Valdosta Snakes.

Waycross, Ga., Herald: Valdosta reports a two-headed rattlesnake. A town that supports twenty-nine barrooms ought to give us a snake with three heads at least. Valdosta is not doing her duty in the snake business.

"The Poor White Boy."

Fitzgerald, Ga., Enterprise: "What of the Poor White Boy" in last Monday's Constitution should find a place in the scrapbook of every Georgia legislator. Such sentiments have their origin only in the most noble impulses.

BILL TO AUTHORIZE THE STATE TO BUILD A DEPOT WAS INTRODUCED IN SENATE YESTERDAY MORNING

Senator West Offered It and It Was Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

GIVES COMMITTEE POWER

Provides for Immediate Negotiations with Roads.

FIRST STEP IN DEPOT LEGISLATION

Committee Will Take the Bill Up Monday, and an Early and Favorable Report Is Looked For—Means Much to the City.

A bill was introduced in the senate yesterday morning to authorize the depot commission to contract with the railroads to build a new union station in Atlanta.

Senator West introduced the bill, which was read for the first time and was referred to the general judiciary committee. That committee will probably take up the bill Monday afternoon.

The bill is exactly on the line foretold by The Constitution. It empowers the special commission to negotiate with the lessee of the Western and Atlantic and with all the roads entering Atlanta to build a union passenger station on the state's property, including the present site. The state will reimburse the roads out of the rental for the last three years of the present lease.

Under this plan the state would get a station in 1920 for $350,000 or $400,000 that cost $500,000. In addition such an improvement would enable the state to get a much higher rental after 1920 than it now receives for the Western and Atlantic.

On a thirty years' lease from 1920 to 1950 the rentals from the various roads for the use of the station alone would add at least $750,000 to the state's treasury or probably $2 for every $1 which the state pays for the building.

Here is the bill:

A bill to be entitled an act to amend an act approved December 20, 1898, creating a board of commissioners to consent on behalf of the state to the erection of a new union passenger station on the state's property in the city of Atlanta; to further define the powers of the commission, and for other purposes.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the general assembly of Georgia, That the commission appointed as provided for by the act of December 20, 1898, and known as the Western and Atlantic railroad depot commission, be and is hereby authorized to consent upon the part of the state to the erection of a union passenger station in the city of Atlanta upon the property of the state, including the present site, upon the following terms and conditions, to-wit:

1. That the lessee company of the Western and Atlantic railroad by itself or with or through such other persons or corporations as it may select, may erect upon the site above indicated a passenger station according to such plans and specifications as may be agreed to by said commission.

2. Said passenger station when completed shall be held by said lessee company upon the same terms and conditions as all other depots and terminal property are now held under the present lease act, except that as to said passenger station within the fourth year preceding the termination of the present lease, a commission shall be appointed consisting of five citizens of this state of high character, two of whom shall be appointed by the governor, two by the said lessee company, and one by a majority of the judges of the supreme court, which commission shall fix by appraisement the value of said station at the termination of said lease, making due allowance for depreciation, and the sum so named by said appraisers (less the amount as hereafter provided) shall be paid by the state to the lessee company in full of all demands for the construction of said passenger station and shall be paid from such money accruing from the rental of the Western and Atlantic railroad under the present lease for the three next years preceding its expiration as is not, under existing laws, appropriated to the common school fund.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That in the event a new passenger station is erected under the terms of this act, then the value of the state's interest in the present union station shall be fixed by the special commission created by the act of December 20, 1898; and said amount shall be deducted from the value placed upon the new passenger station by the five appraisers as provided in the preceding section, and the net amount thus ascertained shall be the total amount which shall be paid by the state to said lessee company on account of said new union passenger station.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, That the commission shall make a full and complete report of all its actings and doings in this behalf to the general assembly at its next session and recommend such further legislation as in its judgment may be necessary to protect the state's interest.

Sec. 4. Be it further enacted, That all laws and parts of laws conflicting with this act be and the same are hereby repealed.

This bill was framed by the depot commission, which consists of Governor Candler, Attorney General J. M. Terrell, Special Attorney E. T. Brown, Senator West and Representatives Brandon and Bowers.

It was apparent that the state will not build a new station. The general assembly appears to be opposed to the idea of the state improving its own property. Then the next best thing for the state is to arrange with the roads to build on its ground.

There is nothing in the sensation about the acts of the special commission being null and void on account of the governor's absence from the meetings. The fact that the governor was chairman of the commission had been overlooked, but the commission had not made any contract, promise or agreement and had not committed the state to anything. Hence there is no action to become void.

As a matter of fact, however, Governor Candler has been in touch with the depot commission all the time. Attorney General Terrell and Special Attorney E. T. Brown have counseled with the governor all through the negotiations.

The members of the depot commission resent the criticisms of Chairman Trammell and Railroad Commissioner Crenshaw.

"The railroad commission has had this depot problem on hand for more than a year now," said Representative Bower yesterday, "and has not even got the roads to comply with its own order to file plans for separate stations."

Senator West said that Chairman Trammell was attacking an imaginary bill which the depot commission had never considered.

There is some hope of a lively time between the two commissions.

The members of the legislative commission hope that the proposed bill will pass the general assembly, because they realize very well that if a new station is not erected on the present site, some of the roads will draw out and build a new one for themselves elsewhere, thus injuring the state's property. It is true that the state does not get a rental from any other road except the Western and Atlantic, but there will have to be a new depot and if the state can get a large one on its own property all the roads will be glad to use it, and at the expiration of the present lease they will pay a very handsome rental for the privilege of continuing to use it. If they build a station themselves they will not pay any extra rent for it until the state takes it off their hands. In the lease which the state made of the Western and Atlantic to the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis the terminals in Atlanta were figured as being worth about $50,000 a year. The state will continue to get its present rental—$420,000 a year—for the road, and in 1920 will be in a position to ask a much higher rental for its property.

Railway Notes.

It is reported that General Manager J. J. Fey leaves the Santa Fe at the beginning of the coming year. Third Vice President Barr will assume the title of general manager, and will discharge the duties of the position. Vice President Barr was formerly with the Norfolk and Western.

The assessment of the Wilmington and Weldon was increased $20,000,000 in six years by the railroad commission of North Carolina. The company has obtained a permanent injunction against the commission, the assessment having been declared by the United States supreme court to be unjust.

The Southern railway will built and remodel about twenty passenger stations in 1900. Contracts have been let for depots at Greensboro and Charlotte, N. C., each of which will cose nearly $50,000; Lanville, Va.; Knoxville, Tenn., and Richmond, Va., are all to have handsome stations. Richmond's will be 75x170 feet, with a tower 100 feet high. The company has expended $5,000 in improving its station at Aiken, S. C., and has let contracts for fifteen small stations representing an outlay of nearly $50,000 more.

It is announced that the Richmond, Petersburg and Carolina railroad will be completed next March. This is the cut-off which the Seaboard Air-Line will use from Ridgeway, N. C., to Richmond. The building of this road necessitates a new station at Petersburg, Va., which will cost about $35,000. There will be fifteen small stations along the line.

The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy's new passenger depot at Kansas City, which cost $150,000, will be opened next month.

The Wabash, Illinois Central and Peoria, Decatur and Evansville roads have advanced the rate on coal 10 cents.

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The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy and the Chicago and Eastern Illinois railroad companies have decided to increase the wages of their engineers, firemen and switchmen. The action on the part of each company is voluntary, and is based on growth in earnings. Engineers and firemen on all the heavier engines will have their wages raised on the mileage system. Engineers are to receive 15 cents more per 100 miles than now, and the pay of the firemen will go up in proportion. On the lighter locomotives the increases will be about 10 cents per 100 miles. This will mean from $5 to $10 more per month to several hundred employees.

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This offer almost surpasses comprehension. Here is an conscientious a description of the book as it is possible to make, and it is not in the least overdrawn in any particular. It is eight and one-half inches wide by twelve and one-half inches long, contains four hundred and thirty-eight pages, and weighs a little over two pounds. It is bound in leatherette, which is flexible and resembles very much an alligator binding. Its title page is printed in gold on black, making a rich and beautiful appearance. It has over half a hundred perfectly elegant engravings, many of them full pages and printed on the finest quality of super-calendared book paper, bringing out every detail. The book contains William Shakespeare's complete dramatic works, with "Tarquin and Lucrece," "The Passionate Pilgrim," and sonnets and minor poems. It has photo engravings of the home and haunts of Shakespeare at Stratford and full page reproductions of the celebrated engravings of the rare "Knight Edition," illustrated by Orchardson, Houston, Cope, Stone, Pott, Sir John Gilbert, and other famous artists, to which are added "Taines's Estimate of Shakespeare;" Washington Irving's essay on Stratford, an introductory paper on Shakespeare's life and times, and an introduction to each play, specially prepared for this edition by Mr. William Vincent Byars. See what Mr. Lucien L. Knight, literary editor of The Atlanta Constitution, says of this edition and the offer we are making:

"My literary work on the paper has made me familiar with most of the publications which have appeared in recent years, and I hazard nothing in saying that the complete edition of Shakespeare published by the N. D. Thompson Company in one quarto paper volume is the most satisfactory thing of the kind I have yet seen for the price. The illustrations are such as are ordinarily found in the most expensive art publications, and the introductory features are alone worth more than the whole volume costs. No one can properly complain of the expensiveness of good books at the present time when the complete writings of the immortal bard of Avon, handsomely presented in artistic style, can be purchased for almost nothing."—Lucien L. Knight, literary editor Constitution.

No more handsome, useful or timely Christmas present could possibly be made than a copy of this beautiful and comprehensive edition of Shakespeare's complete works.

We are making a run on this great offer in order to introduce the monthly Sunny South into every home of culture in the southern states. For twenty-five years The Sunny South has been the south's only literary weekly, and on December 1st the paper will be changed to a monthly, and the first edition will be got out as a Christmas issue, handsomely illustrated, with covers printed in colors, etc. The front page will contain a beautiful Christmas poem from Frank L. Stanton handsomely illustrated by Mr. Frank L. Henry, and the issue will contain contributions from Mrs. Mary E. Bryan, Joel Chandler Harris, Wallace Putnam Reed, John H. Seals and many other of the south's best writers.

The price of The Sunny South monthly is $1 a year. Now, in order to get the complete works of Shakespeare described above it is only necessary to send $1 to The Sunny South Publishing Company, Atlanta, Ga., and The Sunny South will be sent you one year, and in addition you will be sent postpaid and absolutely free a copy of Shakespeare's work as described above. No doubt you wonder how we can do it. People are naturally incredulous. Well, we are prepared to do just what we say, and will be very glad to show you the book if you will call at The Sunny South office, Constitution building, or if you live out of town, get some friend to call and examine the work. Your money back if you are not perfectly satisfied in every particular.

Railroad Ball Tonight.

The Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen will give their annual ball tonight at Centennial hall. The occasion promises to be an unusually enjoyable one and all are invited. Ladies will be admitted free.

TWO TRANSPORTS SAIL TODAY.

Warren and Vastock Carry 49th, Colored, and 42d Regiments.

Washington, November 29.—The war department is informed that the transport Warren and Vastock will said from San Francisco tomorrow for Manila, the former carrying the Forty-second volunteer infantry and the latter carrying the Forty-ninth volunteer infantry, colored.

The only volunteer regiment which will then remain in the United States is the Forty-eighth volunteer infantry, colored, which is now in detention at San Francisco on account of the appearance of smallpox in its ranks. The Forty-eighth regiment probably will sail on the Sherman on December 5th.

Brooklyn Reaches Colombo.

Washington, November 29.—The Brooklyn arrived today at Colombo, Ceylon. She should reach Manila in about ten days.

The New Orleans is on her way from Aden to Colombo.

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We offer our stock of Holiday Goods with the assurance that it is not surpassed in extent, character or price. We handle nothing of questionable quality. All our goods are heavy and handsomely made, the kind that appeal to refined taste.

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THE HISTORY OF GEORGIA

From the Earliest Period Down to the Present Time.

BY CHARLES EDGEWORTH JONES.
Written Especially for The Constitution.

PART IV. GEORGIA AS A COMMONWEALTH.

CHAPTER VIII.

Governor Schley's Administration. Troubles with the Seminoles. Governor Schley Takes Command. Education in Georgia. Governor Gilmer's Administration. Railway Enterprise in Georgia. Governor McDonald's Administration.

In the general election of 1835, Governor Lumpkin's second term having expired, Hon. William Schley was complimentarily assigned to the headship of affairs. The distinguishing event of his administration was the Creek war, which occurred in the following summer. Inspired by the example of the Seminoles in Florida, who were then engaged in one of their periodical outbreaks, the Creeks of Alabama, taking the warpath, proceeded to depredate



WILLIAM SCHLEY.



CHARLES J. M'DONALD.

Two of Georgia Able Chief Executive Whose Administrations Were Marked by Important Events.

along the line of the Chattahoochee river. One of their earliest acts of hostility found expression in the burning of the village of Roanoke, on that stream. This was in May, 1836, and, until brought to a halt, those desolating furies persisted in their slaughter of the settlers, and in the destruction of all accessible plantations. Such was the alarm throughout the state because of this formidable foray that Governor Schley himself took the field against the savages. Assuming general command of the Georgia militia, and of such volunteer companies as had been hastily organized, an aggressive campaign was at once inaugurated. After several battles with the Creeks, the latter, with a view to forming a junction with the Seminoles, moved southward, butchering all with whom they came in contact. When, however, the lower part of the commonwealth was reached, they met their Waterloo. In their attempt to penetrate the swamps, they were successfully confronted by the white forces there stationed; and in both of the desperate encounters the Indians were subjected to crushing defeats. In consequence of the sanguinary losses there sustained, they were compelled to sue for a surrender, and thus was the terrorizing Creek war summarily ended. About this time, three educational institutions came into existence, in regard to which a passing word will not be inappropriate. We would primarily allude to the Georgia Female college, which enjoys the memorable distinction of being the first chartered college in the world for the graduation of young ladies. Located at Macon, this admirable seminary was incorporated in December, 1836, being regularly opened to the public in January, 1839, with Rev. George F. Pierce, D.D., LL.D., as its first president. Its name was changed to that of the present Wesleyan Female college in December, 1843; the first class, consisting of eleven, having been graduated from the school in the summer of 1840. In reference to Emory college, at Oxford, which is the pioneer Methodist collegiate institution within the borders of the commonwealth, we would say that it received its legislative authorization



GEORGIA'S FIRST RAILWAY COACHES.

Showing How One's Father's Traveled Sixty Years Ago.

early in December, 1836. A twelve-month later, its organization having been perfected, it was rendered accessible to students, three of whom received their diplomas at the commencement of 1841. As to Mercer university, at Macon, it is proper to observe that it was a direct outgrowth of Mercer institute, which was established at Penfield, in Greene county, in January, 1833. Here it was that the university, six years afterwards, was launched upon its career of prosperity, under the protecting guidance of an act which had been approved in December, 1837. After the lapse of two years and a half, the first trio of graduates were sent from the institution, among whom Richard Malcolm Johnston is proudly remembered. The removal of Mercer university from Penfield to Macon was principally due to the war. Its transference occurred in the fall of 1871; and so, nearly one-half of its scholastic life has been spent in its present place of abode. This college is the property of the Baptists, and is so designated in honor of the Rev. Jesse Mercer, a prominent clergyman of their denomination, to whose zeal and liberality it was in the main indebted for its origin.

Upon the expiration of Governor Schley's official term in November, 1837, he was superseded by that former undaunted incumbent, Hon. George R. Gilmer. His present service was devoid of construction, and with such remarkable rapidity had the incidental labor been prosecuted that, it has been estimated, nearly 700 miles of rail were then in position. Georgia had already begun to derive benefit from those arteries of commerce now permeating her interior. Her manufacturing industries had been greatly stimulated and, through the inrush of immigration, her internal resources had been fully advertised and the state had become the field of considerable investment. At that time its population aggregated somewhat over 700,000, the principal towns being those of Savannah, Augusta, Macon and Columbus, and the annual exports, as we are informed, were valued at $7,000,000. In 1843 the congressional district system, which had been resorted to at the inception of the federal government, came again into play. In accordance with an act approved in December of that year the commonwealth was divided into eight congressional districts, thus entitling her to an increased representation in the lower house at Washington. Returning slightly, we mention that at the fall election in 1839 a change in rulers supervened, which resulted in the triumphant elevation of Hon. Charles J. McDonald. A South Carolinian of distinguished attainments, he was destined, in after years, to adorn the supreme court bench of his adopted state. His administration fell in an era of great financial depression when a universal stringency dominated the money market of the country. As a consequence many Georgia banks entirely suspended specie payments, and they were only compelled to relinquish that disastrous policy through threat of forfeiture of their respective charters. In 1840 the Seminoles attempted an incursion into Georgia territory. Their movement, however, eventuated in complete failure, as it was promptly frustrated through the bravery of the ever watchful inhabitants. This was an eventful year in national politics, when whigism and democracy made a trial of their respective strength, and the latter was found wanting. The sweeping victory of General Harrison at the November election was a surprise to many, as hitherto the other party had been mainly in the ascendant. Van Buren, it seems, had been held responsible for the disheartening conditions then so widely prevalent, and hence his humiliating discomfiture was the inevitable result.



JESSE MERCER



GEORGE F. PIERCE.

Two of Georgia's Pioneer Educators and Divines.

(To Be Continued.)

Unknown Man Found Dead.

Jacksonville, Fla., November 29.—The body of a white man, about thirty-five years old, was found this morning near the crossing of the railroad tracks five miles west of this city. It was stripped of all clothing except shirt and shoes, and was covered with blood. The head was crushed in, and the ground round about was torn up as though a scuffle had occurred. The remains have not yet been identified.

Brave Men Fall.

Victims to stomach, liver and kidney troubles, as well as women, and all feel the results in loss of appetite, poisons in the blood, backache, nervousness, headache and tired, listless run-down feeling. But there's no need to feel like that. Listen to J. W. Gardner, Idaville, Ind. He says: "Electric Bitters are just the thing for a man when he is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies. It did more to give me new strength and good apetite than anything I could take. I can now eat anything and have a new lease on life." Only 50 cents at all drug stores. Every bottle guaranteed.

Just the thing for a swell lunch, Genuine Georgia Brunswick Stew patties. The Cold Spring Packing Co., of Atlanta, will furnish receipt on application.

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For everybody—to fit your form, taste and pocketbook. Variety enough to satisfy the most exacting customer. The high-class of our goods has been known for years to not only Atlanta's clothing wearers, but to those for miles around. Special attractions during this week.

Overcoats

For anybody—the stock is brimful with the latest fabrics, and in cut and finish up to our usual high standard. The weather is ripe for them. Come now and make selection.

HIRSCH BROS.,
44 Whitehall Street.

STOLE THE GOVERNOR'S TURKEY, DID THIS THIEF

Some thief stole Governor Allen Candler's Thanksgiving gobbler.

The governor had a fine Hall county turkey that he had been fattening for weeks. The gobbler was to grace the executive table at the mansion today, but there is probably only one person in all the world who knows where that turkey will be served. And that person will not tell.

Monday night the gobbler went to roost on the low limb of a tree in the rear of the mansion. That same night the governor went to a dinner with a party of insurance men at the Kimball and later opened the fair for the Hebrew Orphans' home.

The next morning he was up at 5 o'clock and, as is his custom, was making a fire in his room when he heard his turkey in the back yard. Mrs. Candler spoke of the noise, but the governor, who is an old hunter, said that it is the habit of wild turkeys to gobble just about daybreak.

Directly some one was heard running down Cain street.

Then all was still.

The turkey's shrill gobble was heard no more.

A servant came in and was dispatched to see how the gobbler fared.

Presently the servant returned and reported that there was not a sign of a turkey on the place.

And now the governor says it is cheaper to buy turkeys than to raise them—for some one else.

If that thief ever gets in the penitentiary and his identity is discovered he will not get a pardon during Governor Candler's term.

"IN HIS STEPS: WHAT WOULD JESUS DO?"

A special edition of this surpassingly interesting and popular book, by Charles M. Sheldon, is offered at 10 cents a copy: postage paid on out-of-town orders. Mr. Sheldon's other books 25 cents each, postpaid. John M. Miller Co., 39 Marietta st., Atlanta, Ga.

DASHED DOWN THE MOUNTAIN.

Farmers' Team Runs Away While Descending Lookout.

Chattanooga, Tenn., November 29.—(Special.)—William Rogers and George Wheeler, farmers from north Georgia, started to town this afternoon with a load of country produce for the Thanksgiving market. They had to cross Lookout Mountain, and while descending this side their team took fright and dashed down the mountain at a fearful rate and down a twenty-foot embankment. Both men were thrown out, the wagon demolished and the two horses bruised and scratched. Rogers was fatally injured and Wheeler seriously hurt.

COAL AS A NECESSITY.

Good Coal Is as Easy To Get as Bad.

Coal is a necessity in the winter. There are all sorts of coal on the market, so while buying, it is just as easy to get good coal as poor. Then, think of the satisfaction of sitting before a warm fire, with no smoke, dirt or soot. Our coal burns up clean, no ashes, no nothing but heat. A trial order will convince you of this. Another thing, our coal is just as cheap as anybody's coal; so you are running no risk in ordering from us. If you want genuine, first-class, clean coal, call up the Kelley Coal and Ice Company. Telephone 894. They give coal scuttles free. Office 37 Marietta street.

For Croup use Cheney's Expectorant.

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OUR ONLY STORE IN ATLANTA

GEORGIA STONE WILL BE USED

Annex To Be Constructed of Marble or Granite.

OBJECTION TO LIMESTONE

Commissioners May Make Additional Appropriation Next Month.

ALL FAVOR USE OF GEORGIA MATERIAL

Marble or Granite Can Be Secured for the Construction for About $12,000 in Excess of the Present Contract.

The new courthouse annex, which is to be built within the next twelve months, will be constructed of Georgia stone, either marble or granite. That oolitic limestone will not be used is a certainty.

All the members of the board of county commissioners favor the use of Georgia marble or granite in the construction of the annex, which is designed to be a handsome and lasting edifice, and plans are now on foot looking to the consummation of a deal whereby one or the other of the materials will be used.

Under the provisions of the law the commissioners were prevented from accepting any bids that called for a larger expenditure of money than was in the hands of the county treasurer, and in consequence the bid that was accepted was for oolitic limestone, it coming within the appropriation.

The amount set aside to be used in building the new courthouse annex was $100,000, and the proposal of Messrs. Gude & Walker, the successful competing contractors, called for an expenditure of $101,300, but with a provision that $2,000 should be deducted if pressed brick was substituted for stone ashlar in the rear pavilion.

The county commissioners accepted this bid, deducting the $2,000 and bringing the proposal for oolitic limestone to $99,300. There was not a member of the board that favored the use of limestone, and the only reason that the bid was accepted was that it was the lowest and the commissioners saw a way of observing the law to the letter and at the same time of having a courthouse built either of marble or granite.

About the 20th of December the county will receive the tax from the railroads, which will amount to something like $15,000, and the board of county commissioners will then have but little difficulty in making an additional appropriation to cover the cost of the stone.

That Georgia marble or granite can be used for only a small advance, comparatively speaking, over the oolitic limestone is evinced from the bids submitted at the special meeting of the board held last Monday morning.

At that time nine contracting companied filed sealed proposals, and they were required to submit bids on granite, marble, oolitic limestone and sandstone. Gude & Walker offered to build of granite for $111,500; of marble for $113,300; of oolitic limestone for $101,300, and of sandstone for $111,000.

From the figures submitted by this firm it was clear that by deducting the $2,000, the difference in the material to be used in the rear pavilion, the annex could be constructed of granite for $109,500, and of marble for $111,300, being an average of about $11,100 in excess of the bid accepted for the limestone.

When the tax returns are made it will be found to be an easy matter to make the necessary appropriation of $12,000 additional, and which will insure the erection of one of the handsomest buildings in the state, constructed entirely of Georgia stone and material.

MANY CHANGES TO BE MADE

In Minor Offices of the Plant System at Several Points.

Savannah, Ga., November 29.—(Special.) December 1st there will be several changes among the minor officials of the Plant system at Savannah and other points. These changes have not been announced in an official circular yet, but one will probably be issued tomorrow. These will probably be all the changes made in the passenger service this winter.

Colonel B. W. Wrenn, passenger traffic manager of the Plant system, will in the future have no assistant. The position of assistant general passenger agent at Savannah has been abolished. Mr. H. C. McFadden, who has held that place since it was created, will to go Jacksonville as division passenger agent.

Mr. F. M. Jolly, who is to be relieved by Mr. McFadden at Jacksonville, is going to Havana to take the place of the Cuban passenger agent.

Mr. H. G. Haycraft, of Ocala, Fla., city passenger agent of the Plant system, is coming to Savannah to take the office of soliciting passenger agent, with headquarters at the DeSoto.

The following young men have tendered their resignations, effective December 1st: R. L. Todd, division passenger agent, Montgomery, Ala.; John B. Goff, traveling passenger agent, Philadelphia; T. G. Bottoms, traveling passenger agent, Thomasville; J. W. Carr, traveling passenger agent, Savannah; C. C. Jones, traveling passenger agent, Tampa. Mr. Carr has been here two or three years with the Plant system. He has left the Plant system to accept a more lucrative position in Atlanta.

MILITARY WILL RECEIVE $12,000

Appropriations Committee Considers Expenses of Militia.

SUM OF $25,000 ASKED FOR

Friends of Bill Hope to Get Another Hearing from Committee.

ONLY $2,500 ALLOWED LAST YEAR

With the Military on New Basis This Year, Many New Expenses Have Been Added and Large Increase Was Thought Necessary.

The house committee on appropriations recommended at its session yesterday afternoon that the sum of $12,000 be appropriated to the military of the state for the coming year.

With the militia of Georgia on a new basis and thoroughly reorganized it was the hope of the friends of the military that the appropriation of $25,000 asked for in the bill by Mr. Hardwick, of Washington, would be granted and there is a chance that the amount agreed upon yesterday will be increased at the next meeting of the committee, when a strong effort will be made on behalf of the state organization.

The recommendation in the message of Governor Candler was for an appropriation that would put the militia on an active footing and where the different commands of the state would be of service in suppressing riots and mobs whenever called on for that purpose.

An earnest appeal was made before the committee yesterday by Representative Hardwick for the sum named in his bill and explanations of the present condition of the militia were made by Acting Adjutant General Byrd and Inspector General W. G. Obear. It was urged that the militia on the new basis, where it had been placed in the last six months, would require fully the amount asked for in the bill. To the old expenses incident under the head of military would be added that of armory rent for all the commands of the state, and this item alone demanded a greatly increased allowance. The statement was made to the committee also that in all probability arrangements would be made for the payment of the expense of riot calls out of the regular military appropriation instead of from the contingent fund at the disposal of the chief executive.

The appropriation to military last year was only $2,500 and the sum of $12,000 agreed to yesterday will bring a great improvement over the conditions that have existed during the year coming to a close.

The action of the committee is not satisfactory, it is understood, to the members who are friendly to the militia and another effort will be made to get the bill by Mr. Hardwick before the committee before the report of the action yesterday reaches the house.

The friends of the militia will hold out for the amount of $25,000 named in the bill and will try to get the committee to come to terms without opposing the report in the house.

LIFE SAVING CREWS' WORK.

Superintendent of the Service Issues His Annual Report.

Washington, November 29.—The annual report of the general superintendent of the life saving service states that at the close of the year the establishment embraced 265 stations, 193 being on the Atlantic and gulf coasts, 56 on the great lakes, 15 on the Pacific and one at the falls of the Ohio, Louisville, Ky.

The number of disasters to documented vessels within the field of the operations of the service during the year was 428. There were on board these vessels 3,903 people, of whom 3,847 were saved and 56 lost. The estimated value of the vessels and cargoes involved was $8,104,640, of which $6,261,900 was saved and $1,842,740 lost. Also 751 shipwrecked persons received succor at the stations. The number of vessels lost totally was 72.

In addition there were 294 casualties to small craft, such as small yachts, sailboats, rowboats, etc., on board of which there were 671 persons, 664 of whom were saved and seven lost. Of the 63 persons who perished, 44 were lost on the coast of Massachusetts, and 40 of those in one storm, that of November 26 and 27, 1898.

Seventy persons who had fallen from wharves, piers, etc., were rescued, the most of whom would have perished but for the life saving crews. The crews saved and assisted in saving during the year 387 vessels, valued, with their cargoes, at $2,968,255, and rendered assistance of minor importance to 382 other vessels in distress, besides warning from danger by the signals of the patrolmen 183 vessels. The number of lives and amount of property saved through these warnings is, of course, underterminable.

The department is in receipt of a large number of letters from rescued people and others interested, paying grateful tribute to the skill and bravery of the surfmen.

GADSDEN MAYOR AND COUNCIL

Summoned To Appear Before United States Court.

Birmingham, Ala., November 29.—(Special.)—A rule nisi has been issued to the mayor and aldermen of Gadsden by the United States court requiring them to appear in Birmingham December 7th and show cause why a writ of mandamus should not be issued requiring them to pay no claims against the city of Gadsden other than running expenses, and to appropriate a sum sufficient to liquidate a judgment for $6,687.64 and cost to the amount of $333.50 held in the United States circuit court. Pending the hearing of the petition for the writ of mandamus the city of Gadsden is restrained from paying out any money except for necessary expenses. The judgment in question was obtained by the Gadsden Waterworks Company.

TO RECOMMEND BILL FAVORABLY

Senate Committee Acts on the Prohibition Measure.

HELD MEETING YESTERDAY

No Outside Discussion Allowed in Committee Session.

MEMBERS OBJECTED TO EVIDENCE

Recommendations Will Be Transmitted to Upper House Monday Morning—A Minority Report May Possibly Be Filed.

The temperance committee of the upper house held a short session prior to the afternoon session of the senate yesterday, and decided to favorably recommend for passage the Willingham prohibition bill, which has been read twice in the senate, and is to come up for final action in that body next Wednesday morning, having been made the special order for that day.

The temperance committee also decided before the meeting that no outside parties, either for or against the measure, should be heard before the committee, and unanimously adopted the following resolution to that effect:

Resolved, That the chairman of the committee give public notice that it is the wish of the committee that no arguments be heard either for or against the Willingham bill before the committee.

It will be remembered that on Monday, last, Senator McGehee, chairman of the senate temperance committee, stated in the senate chamber that he had received requests from interested parties who were opposed to the prohibition bill, and who desired to have something to say on the measure before the members of the committee. At the time he said he was in favor of according them a hearing, and desired that they be allowed this privilege.

The other members of the committee, however, appeared to think otherwise, and in consequence prepared the resolution excluding all outside persons from the committee meeting.

The action of the temperance committee in favoring the bill proves no surprise, as it was generally believed that a majority of the members were in favor of the measure. Several on the committee, however, are known to oppose it, and it is not improbable that a minority report will be presented when the committee's recommendation is made to the senate on Monday.

Both sides are fully as confident as they were a week ago, if not more so, and Senator Wight, of the tenth, who will oppose the passage of the bill as leader of the opposition, states that he is confident of fully twenty-seven votes against the measure.

Senator McGehee, who is the acknowledged leader of the prohibition side, while not giving out any figures as to the strength of those favoring the bill, says that in his opinion it will go through the senate with flying colors.

While little has been done to outward appearances to show the feeling of the members of the senate on the bill, a gradual, but strong tightening of the lines has been felt during the past few days, and it is confidently expected that when the bill is taken up Wednesday morning, just after the reading of the journal, everything will be clean-cut and ready for the conflict.

One hundred copies of the Willingham bill have been printed for use in the upper house, and were distributed among the members of the senate yesterday morning.

AMUSEMENTS.

Cast of Characters.

Edward Fletcher .. ..Herbert Kelcey
Mr. Dawson .. .. Wm. Boag
Mr. Wolton .. ..Chas Stedman
Douglas Rhodes .. .. .. Harry M. Blake
Johnstone .. ..Wm. A Evans
Fanshaw.. .. .. Louis Payne
Trimmins .. .. Chas. R. Robinson
Clergyman .. ..Arthur Haven
Howes .. .. .R. A. Laidlaw
Marion Wolton .. .. Miss Shannon
Mrs. Lorimer .. .. Miss Ethel Winthrop
Mrs. Wolton .. .. Miss Isabelle Waldron
Jennette Groos ....Miss Eleanor Franklin
Ethel .... Miss Mabel Florence
Kitty .. ..Miss Winona Shannon
Gertrude .. ..Miss Emma Janivier
Blanche .. ..Miss Maud Beckwith
Maid .... Miss Alice Pond
Mrs. Fletcher .. .. Mrs. Ferrin

It is seldom that Atlanta theater-goers are given an opportunity of witnessing as strong a play as "The Moth and the Flame." And it is to be regretted that when such an opportunity is presented the audience is almost invariably a mere handful. Why this should be so in a place that prides itself on its culture and its metropolitan proportions, is one of the mysteries. But it is a notorious fact that clap-trap, the questionable methods of the tank drama, the gaud and glitter of the cheap tinsel and pink tights (provided they be well filled) draw packed houses, while plays that make pretentions at all serious or call for acting at all artistic meet the chilling reception of empty rows of seats. And yet the public—that same public that discourages good plays by staying away from the theater when a meritorious attraction chances to come—holds up its hands and exclaims:

"Why is it that Atlanta doesn't get good plays?"

Somebody answers that two Hebraic gentlemen up in Gotham, by name Messrs. Klaw & Erlanger, are the responsible parties.

Yes, Klaw & Erlanger are responsible. But these two artistic gentlemen know their business. They know that all things being equal, the poor show does the biggest business. So it's the poor shows that are sent south.

The size of the audience that witnessed last night's presentation at the Grand might have been excusable had "The Moth and the Flame" been filling its first engagement. But it was not. The play was seen here last year and its reputation was well known.

"The Moth and the Flame" is a wonderfully dramatic play. Its every line is polished, the situations are cleverly constructed, the climaxes brought about in an easy and natural manner quite refreshing and absolutely devoid of stage convention. But most of all, the characters are natural—a quality that the critical public doesn't seem to care much about these days. They move in the upper strata called society, for the want of a better name; and dress in the mode of the day. Engrossed in the little world of their own, surrounded by all the convention of their station, they are, after all, men and women with the commoon impulses that move us all.

The story has for its central motif the love of a pure and innocent girl, who has managed to remain guileless in the artificial atmosphere in which she lives, for a man with a past. Side lights on this past she learns from friends, but she still loves him despite the many stories that are brought to her ears.

Even when the wronged woman and her boy appear abruptly on the scene as the priest is performing their marriage ceremony, she is willing to marry him—never for once doubting him, so great is her love. Suddenly, in the flash of a moment, this love is turned to loathing. The man, impatient at the delay of the priest and the entreaties of the woman he has dishonored. Strikes her to the floor. Then it is that he stands fully revealed for the first time to her eyes the cur and coward. There on the altar that was to have witnessed the plighting of his troth he sacrificed her love.

Sombre the motif undoubtedly is. But the play is happily relieved with high lights, and the vein of humor that runs through the story is irresistible. Just at the right moment, when the supposed tragedy is tugging at one's heart strings and the scenes are most intense, this humor comes to the rescue in the most natural manner. And each scene, whether tragedy or comedy, is the logical complement of the other. Thus, in the first act the curtain goes up on a party in which the guests are costumed as children, a tragedy, the suicide of Mr. Walton, occurs. Ten minutes later his wife and daughter know of it. But they do not make a scene and inform their guests—such a proceeding would be unconventional. Just as they are standing alone and silently shaken with grief, a group of the laughing merrymakers come trooping in and surround them, little suspecting the death of their last.

It is an extraordinary scene, but it is managed with consummate art and appears perfectly natural. The scene in the church is another particularly strong one. Here the comedy comes before the tragedy and consists of the idle gossips of those who have come to witness the marriage ceremony. The conversation fairly scintillates with wit and the various characters are brought out in strong relief by the few pasing phrases they give voice to. Folowing swift on this idle prattle, comes the scene at the altar and its accompanying tragedy.

Herbert Kelcey as Edward Fletcher is perfect. He is the villain in his every movement and intonation, and he secures the desired effects of the part by the most natural methods. In adition to the excellent acting he is just the type of man physically, for the character—handsome, easy, graceful. Miss Shannon is fully as good in the trying role of Marion Walton and she has all the attributes of beauty and a good stage presence. The other members of the cast are equally deserving of praise.

Take the play all the way through, and it is one of the best that has been produced by American playwrights in years.

A large audience was present at the Columbia last night to see Mabel Paige and the Marshall company in "Miss Juliet." It was the best bill of the week and the generous applause bestowed on the players showed that the audience enjoyed the performance.

"Miss Juliet" is an excellent comedy and as it will be repeated at the matinee this afternoon a large house will doubtless be on hand. Mabel Paige has a good part in this play, giving her a chance to appear in something quite different from the roles she has played during the earlier half of the week.

Some excellent specialities were given, which were heartily enjoyed.

Tonight "The Girl From Ireland" will be put on.

Among the coming farce comedy attractions to be presented at the Grand is "The Air Ship," by Mr. J. M. Gaites, which, in its tour, has been successful both from an artistic as well as financial standpoint. This comedy will be presented Saturday matinee and night. As novelty is the craze of the age "The Air Ship" is absolutely new. Originality and up-to-dateness will be conspicuous in its every feature. Farce comedy, when well presented, is always an enjoyable entertainment. The cast will be headed by Mr. Abbott Davison, Louis Elseman, Marie Stuart, Cathryn Rowe Palmer, Lillian Edwards, Harry Woodthorpe and the twin sisters, Hale. The complete company numbers twenty active participants.

Olga Nethersole will present two of Pinero's plays, "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray," on Monday evening, and "The Profligate" Tuesday evening. The former play was written especially for Miss Nethersole by the brilliant author, and "The Profligate," strange to say, was the play that gave the celebrated actress her first opportunity to prove her remarkable talents. It is just ten years ago when Olga Nethersole, new in her profession, played the part of Janet Preece in "The Profligate" under the management and with Mr. John Hare in London. She made such a distinct success that during her tour of Australia she essayed to play the role of Leslie, in which she will be seen at the Grand. The critics showered the young actress, then in her girlhood, with unbounded eulogy and predicted for her the position she holds today—that of the foremost actress on the English-speaking stage.

The sale of seats for Miss Nethersole's engagement will begin Friday morning.

Clara Mathes, the bright little comedienne, comes to the Columbia theater next Monday night for a week's engagement. The opening bill will be "Herminie, or the Cross of Gold." As usual, a lady will be admitted free with each paid 30-cent ticket. The following plays will be given during the week: "Pawn Ticket 210," "The Castaways," "Shadows of a Great City," "The Slaves of Gold," "Always on Time" and "La Belle Marie." Specialties will be introduced between acts. The company will play at 10 cents, 20 cents and 30 cents prices.

Matinees are announced for Wednesday and Saturday afternoons of next week.

Governor Bob Taylor has spent the summer months in revising his new lecture, "Love, Laughter and Song," and is now making a very extensive tour with it. It is said to be his happiest effort. Those who have listened to him can never forget his wonderful power over an audience, nor will they miss the opportunity to hear him again in his latest and happiest effort. He will appear at the Grand opera house, in this city, on the evening of December 6th.

First Train Tomorrow.

Augusta, Ga., November 29.—(Special.) Beginning on December 1st the Atlantic Coast Line will use its new line via Robbins, S. C., into the city, and its coming marks a new era in the history of that road. The initial trip will be made by a brand new train and its coming is looked forward to with much interest by the people of this city. Many will be on hand to welcome the new arrival.

On the Way to the Mines.

Augusta, Ga., November 29.—(Special.) This morning seven prisoners, with sentences ranging from six years to life imprisonment, sentenced at the last term of superior court, were carried over the Georgia road to serve out their sentences in the coal mines.



Ladies' Greatest Friend.

Westville, Ills., Feb. 4, 1899.

I feel that I must say a few words in praise of the ladies' greatest friend, McElree's Wine of Cardui. It is the most wonderful remedy that I have ever tried. I have been a sufferer for years, at times being confined to my bed two or three days each month. A friend recommended Wine of Cardui, and since I have taken it I have been greatly relieved. I intend to continue to take it for I know it is as recommended. I will use every effort to get others to use it.

Mrs. MARY E. COOLEY.

McELREE'S Wine of Cardui

What an awful strain on the nerves continued menstrual suffering is! After awhile it becomes unbearable. Mrs. Cooley spent one day in ten in bed suffering terrible pain. But Wine of Cardui has entirely relieved her. For years she looked forward to each menstrual period with dread. For three days every month she was in agony. Now the awful enervating drains of falling of the womb, and the acute pains in the head, back, and lower limbs have been completely banished by Wine of Cardui. Mrs. Cooley is well and she speaks of Wine of Cardui as "ladies' greatest friend" because it cured her and removed the shadow from her life. Thousands of women today are suffering as Mrs. Cooley did. They are silent sufferers—heroines in the cause of modesty. Wine of Cardui will relieve their dragging pains. It will do that in the privacy of their own homes. To try Wine of Cardui is to be cured by it. That is what every woman who has tried it says.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "Ladies' Advisory Department", The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn,

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LOCATED AT 38 1-2 MARIETTA STREET

Will be open each day from 9 to 2 in charge of Drs. Abbott Fort and Juriue White, and from 2 to 5 in charge of Drs. Thomas Crenshaw and M. E. Turner. Work done as heretofore announced.



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If so, now is the time to buy your stove. Our Estate Oaks are the only ones on the market that burn soft coal, hard coal, coke orod and keep fire all night. Call and see them. We can show affidavits where 40 pounds of coal has run an

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HELLO! - HELLO!

Is That 1467? CARROLL & LONG, 16 Marietta Street.

YES. Send me one bottle of that GOLDEN GRAIN RYE at $1.00 - one dozen SCHLITZ BEER at $1.50. You had better send me a case of SODA WATER AND GINGER ALE also. All right.

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BABY'S BIRTH

Is looked forward to with expectations of joy and gladness. The ordeal of bringing the little one into the world, however, is a critical one for the mother-to-be, and her anticipations of the coming event are shadowed with gloom. Half the pain and all the danger of child-birth can be entirely avoided by the use of "MOTHER'S FRIEND," a scientific liniment of priceless value to all women. Sold by all druggists at one dollar per bottle.

A booklet, giving all details, will be sent free by Bradfield Regulator Company, Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

BUREAU OF LABOR BILL FAILS TO GET THE CONSTITUTIONAL MAJORITY

Important Measure Brought to a Vote in the House at Yesterday's Session.

WILL BE RECONSIDERED

Chairman Reynolds of Committee on Labor Made Able Speech.

RESOLUTION TO REDUCE TAX RATE

Measure Introduced by Carlton, of Clarke, May Have Effect of Lowering Tax Rate for Next Two Years to 4.81 from 5.36.

The bill to establish a bureau of labor and industrial statistics came up for its third reading in the house yesterday morning, and resulted in a vote of 76 in favor of the bill to 37 against its passage, and failing to receive the requisite constitutional majority of 88 votes, was lost.

The author of the bill, Mr. Reynolds, of Richmond, immediately gave notice of reconsideration, which question will come up when the house meets again next Monday.

This bill, which was warmly commended by Governor Candler in his annual message to the legislature, and which has received strong indorsement from the press of the state, seeks to establish a bureau of industrial information and statistics, such as is now in operation in thirty-six other states, besides the bureau of labor run by the federal government, presided over by Hon. Carroll D. Wright, of Washington.

The friends of the measure are fully confident that it will be reconsidered, and promptly passed next week. They say that the unusual small attendance accounted for the lack of a constitutional majority, and the needed twelve votes will be easily obtained at a normal attendance of the house.

Mr. Reynolds opened the debate in a splendid and forcible argument of thirty minutes.

He is easily one of the ablest and strongest debaters upon the floor of the house, and has the respect and confidence of all his colleagues.

He outlined the objects and merits of the bill, contending that the establishment of such a bureau would result in vast material benefit to the state. That such a department was essentially a business office. That the collection and dissemination of industrial statistics was a necessity to the best development of the resources of a state, for that by no other department could reliable and intelligent industrial data be furnished to the outside world and would-be investors. That it would also tend to suppress discord and strikes, in that an authorized representative of the state could command the confidence of employer and employees and settle disturbances, whereas as matters now stand in case of trouble, the natural distrust arising between master and man prevents them oftimes from adjusting their differences.

Morris Opposes Measure.

The only voice raised in opposition to the passage of the bill was that of Mr. Morris, of Cobb, who addressed the chair immediately after Mr. Reynolds had concluded his able argument. Mr. Morris declared that he was against the creation of such a bureau of labor because it contemplated another officer whose salary would have to come out of the free school fund. He thought the office that had been created for the commissioner of agriculture a few days ago, that of state oil inspector, was sufficient for the present.

Mr. Reynolds rose and stated that he wished to correct the assertion of the gentleman from Cobb to the effect that the office was being created for the commissioner of agriculture, that the committee had already amended the bill bringing the proposed bureau of labor under the control and supervision of the comptroller general.

Mr. Ellis, of Bibb, wished to know if the member from Cobb meant to charge that the office was being established for the benefit of the commissioner of agriculture, and Mr. Morris replied that he did not.

Mr. Everett, of Stewart, spoke in favor of the bill, and read the opinion of the comptroller general of the state, in which that official expressed the opinion that the bureau of labor was indispensable. Mr. Gresham, of Burke, also advocated the passage of the bill as a just recognition of labor as well as a certain source of building up the industrial interests of the state.

Concluding Debate.

Mr. Copeland, of Walker, called for the previous question, and the call was sustained, Chairman Reynolds taking advantage of twenty minutes allowed him for concluding the debate. Five minutes of the time allowed the friends of the measure was given to Mr. Brandon, of Fulton, and that gentleman made a short, but earnest appeal in behalf of the bill. He was of the opinion that the establishment of the bureau would open the doors of the state to hundreds of industrial enterprises only waiting for inducements to come to Georgia. Mr. Brandon considered it an unfortunate state of affairs when South Carolina and, in fact, all of the states bordering on Georgia could boast of more cotton mills and factories than Georgia could.

Mr. Brandon was followed by Mr. Copeland, of Walker; Mr. Park, of Greene, and Mr. Hall, of Bibb, all of whom urged the passage of the bill creating the bureau of labor.

The argument in favor of the measure was closed by Mr. Blalock, of Fayette, in a ringing speech of five minutes. The member from Fayette began with an answer to the plea that the creation of the office would only entail further expense of the state, which was presented by Mr. Morris, of Cobb. "It is not always the case," said Mr. Blalock, "that a new office hurts the state or proves a burden to the people.

"The plea that all offices are a burden was presented when the office of commissioner of agriculture was established and when that of insurance commissioner was provided for, and both of these offices are not only paying their running expenses, but are leaving a surplus in the treasury.

"It is the duty of this state, Mr. Speaker, to dignify labor, to give recognition once for all to that class of our people who have done so much to build up Georgia."

Mr. Blalock was interrupted at this point by a question from Mr. Morris, of Cobb, who wished to know how the state proposed to pay the salary of all the officers newly installed when the tax rate had been reduced by the house. Mr. Blalock replied at once that he was delighted to have an opportunity to answer that question. "This bureau is necessary," he declared, "as a means of bringing to the state factories and industries of all kinds that will make it possible for the government to be run on the rate of taxation that has been adopted."

Bill Comes Up Again.

The amendments offered to the bill in the committee room as well as those in the house were favorably voted on, but on the ayes and noes the main question failed of the constitutional majority, receiving 76 votes, with 37 against it.

The debate on the bill proceeded in committee of the whole house with Mr. Calvin, of Richmond, in the chair and the recommendation of the committee of the whole was that the bill do pass.

Mr. Reynolds, of Richmond, at once gave notice that he would ask for a reconsideration of the bill, but the hour of adjournment having arrived, the notice was not in order, and it will be made after roll call next Monday morning.

Proposition To Reduce Taxes.

A resolution of the highest importance which provides a means for the temporary reduction of the tax rate was introduced by Dr. Carlton, of Clarke, yesterday and referred to the ways and means committee.

The resolution provides for paying the principal of the public debt of the state for the next two years with the $200,000 which the state will have realized by November 1, 1900, from the sale of the Northeastern railroad.

Only $100,000 of the principal of the public debt falls due annually and the resolution directs the governor and comptroller general not to levy the per cent upon taxable property as usual for raising the sinking fund, but devote the $200,000 received for the Northeastern to the payment of the debt instead.

It is stated by Dr. Carlton that such a disposition of the $200,000 derived from the sale of the road would reduce the tax rate from 5.36 to 4.81. The resolution is as follows:

Whereas, there are now $100,000 in the treasury of the state of Georgia, realized from the sale of the Northeastern railroad, which was formerly the property of the state, and,

Whereas, on November 1, 1900, $100,000 additional of the balance due under the sale of this property will be paid into the state treasury, which under the constitution and laws of this state is required to be applied to the extinguishment of the public debt, and,

Whereas, only $100,000 of the principal of the public debt of this state falls due annually; therefore, be it

Resolved, by the house of representatives of the state of Georgia, the senate concurring, That the governor and the comptroller general of the state, who are required by law to levy such a per cent upon the taxable property of this state annually as will raise $100,000 as a sinking fund, be instructed and directed to levy said tax for the years 1901 and 1902, but that the $200,000 received from the sale of the Northeastern railroad, above referred to, shall be applied to the payment of the principal of the public debt of this state, which falls due for each of said years 1901 and 1902.

Proportionate Damage Bill Lost.

The measure by Mr. Brown, of Carroll, providing for an amendment to section 2322 of the code and giving the plaintiff in a damage suit against a railroad company the right to recover if the negligence on his own part was less than on that of the defendant was defeated in the house yesterday and the debate on the measure proved one of the most interesting features of the session.

The bill was returned by the general judiciary committee adversely reported on and the measure was called up by the author on the motion to disagree with the committee's report. Chairman Slaton, of the general judiciary committee, was out of the city, but the action of the lawyers of the house in reporting the bill unfavorably was ably defended by Vice Chairman McLaughlin, of Meriwether.

The object of the bill, while giving the plaintiff the right to recover whether or not his negligence was less than the negligence of the defendant, was to make the amount of damages recoverable proportionate to the degree of negligence on the part of the defendant.

In case the amount sued for under the bill by the plaintiff was $10,000 when the negligence was wholly on the side of the defendant, the amount recoverable if the defendant was only negligent 1 per cent would be $100.

The amendment proposed to the law was as follows:

Be it enacted by the general assembly, that from and after the passage of this act, section 2322 of the code of 1895 be and the same is hereby amended by inserting the following words between the words "recover" and "but" in the fifth line, to-wit: "Whether his default be less, equal to or greater than that of the agents of the company," so that said section when amended shall read as follows:

"No person shall recover damages from a railroad company for injury to himself or his property when the same is done by his consent or is caused by his own negligence. If the complaint and the agents of the company are both at fault the former may recover whether his default be less, equal to or greater than that of the agents of the company, but the damages shall be diminished by the jury in proportion to the amount of default attributable to him.

The bill came up on its second reading and the question before the house was the acceptance of the report of the committee. Mr. Brown, of Carroll, made an able presentation of the reasons for the introduction of the measure. He stated that he could not see where its passage would work any hardship on the railroads and that it proposed nothing but justice to the people of the state all the way through.

On the call for the previous quesion, Mr. Brown gave five minutes to Mr. Spinks, of Spalding, and that gentleman continued the argument for the bill.

Jones's Spirited Answer.

Mr. Jones, of Burke, supported the report of the committee and took the view that a law that had stood the test of time as well as had the section that the bill sought to amend should be kept in force.

Mr. Jones had already begun his argument when he was interrupted by Mr. Brown, of Carroll, who wished to know if the gentleman from Burke was not in the employ of a railroad. The question from Mr. Brown was construed by Mr. Jones to imply that his connection with a railroad had influenced his position on the pending bill and he replied with some heat:

"Yes, Mr. Speaker, it is true that I am in the employ of a railroad. I have represented both sides under this statute in a practice extending over fourteen years, but I desire to say that no man is worthy to represent the state of Georgia in this hall who would let his personal interests affect his standing upon a public measure.

"I wish to say further that I am here to do what I think best for the interest of the people of this state, not to challenge the sincerity of any man and not to allow mine to be challenged."

The incident closed with the reply of Mr. Jones, as Mr. Brown did not see fit to answer the statement of the gentleman from Burke.

Mr. Lane, of Bibb, took the floor for five minutes and defended the action of the committee in reporting the pending bill adversely. He was followed by Mr. McLaughlin, of Meriwether, who stated that the bill had been given the most careful attention by the general judiciary committee with the result that its members had voted to report it unfavorably. He said he believed in holding the railroads to a strict accountability for what they do, but would never vote to legislate against them specially.

The action by Mr. Brown, of Carroll, to disagree with the report was lost, and the bill was thus defeated on its second reading.

Sunday a Legislative Day.

The house voted to take up for consideration the senate amendment to the house resolution adjourning the general assembly from Wednesday until Monday morning of next week in order to give the members an opportunity to attend the fair at Brunswick. The amendment proposed by the senate was to consider Sunday a legislative day, although the adjournment was taken until Monday. It was understood that the purpose of the amendment was to make the session one of forty-nine days, as prescribed by law.

Mr. Harrison, of Quitman, who had opposed the adjournment of the assembly on the ground that the house had enough to do in Atlanta without going to Brunswick, made a protest against the acceptance of the amendment, characterizing it as a catch penny scheme to receive a per diem which the members by right were not entitled to. He thought it the worst of taste for the house, after being absent Thursday, Friday and Saturday, to claim their pay for Sunday by making that day a legislative day.

The amendment offered to the resolution by the senate was passed by a vote of 95 to 13.

Mr. Park, of Greene, introduced a resolution at 12:30 o'clock extending the session of the house until the bureau of labor bill, then pending, had been disposed of and providing that no afternoon session should be held. The motion prevailed and at 1:30 o'clock the house stood adjourned for the day.

The Mistake Was Obvious.

In The Constitution of yesterday morning a portion of the address of Representative Hardwick, of Washington, in defense of his ballot reform bill was displaced and came by mistake after the remarks of Representative Holder, of Jackson, in explaining his vote on the measure. The member from Jackson made a fight on the Hardwick bill and his friends claim that the almost unanimous vote against the passage of the bill was due much to the efforts of Mr. Holder.

Two Sessions of Senate.

The senate held two sessions yesterday for the purpose of disposing of all the business up before that body for consideration, and at 5 o'clock in the afternoon adjourned until next Monday at noon.

Fully thirty members of the upper house left last night for Brunswick to attend, with members of the house, the fair now being held in that city.

Two appointments by the governor to county offices were received during the morning session and during the afternoon session were considered and confirmed. The act of confirming them on the same day on which they were received is an unusual course and not in accordance with the custom of the senate, but was made possible yesterday by a suspension of the rules, which was done on account of the urgency of the consideration of the appointments.

The following were the appointments confirmed:

W. H. Toombs to be judge of the city court of Washington, in Wilkes county, and W. M. Sims to be solicitor of the same court.

One of the most important bills to be passed was the house measure by Mr. Brandon, of Fulton, providing for county police protection in all counties of the state having a population of more than 75,000. There was no opposition to the bill in the senate and it passed by a vote of 26.

The bill was passed in the house on the 16th of the month by a vote of 117 to 0, and three days later was read for the first time in the senate. It was immediately referred to the committee on corporations, which, on the 27th, returned it with a recommendation that it pass.

Empowered To Make Arrests.

Strictly speaking the bill calls for the employment of inspectors of roads and bridges, but these will be practically under the supervision of the sheriff and will be empowered to make arrests. In reality they will be employed in the capacity of county police and will have the protection of the county at large as their work.

In full the bill is as follows:

A bill to be entitled an act to provide for the employment of inspectors of roads and bridges for all counties in this state having a population of more than 75,000 people, for defining their duties and for other purposes connected therewith.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the general assembly of the state of Georgia, That hereafter the commissioners of roads and revenues for all counties in this state having a population of more than 75,000 people, according to the census of the United States, shall have the power to employ one or more persons to be known as inspectors of roads and bridges.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of such inspectors to examine routes for new roads and report thereon, to make constant and careful examination of the existing roads and bridges of the county for which they may be appointed and report the condition of the same to the commissioners as often as directed by said commissioners, to guard and look after the county chainganig and capture escapes therefrom and do all such other things in reference thereto when and as directed by said commissioners.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, That the sheriff of any county which employs such inspectors shall on the request of the commissioners appoint them deputy sheriffs and as such they shall have power to make arrests for any violations of the criminal laws of this state, as other deputy sheriffs, but as to all arrests such inspectors shall report to the sheriff of their county as other deputy sheriffs.

Sec. 4. Be it further enacted, That where more than one inspector shall be appointed in any county, the commissioners shall have power to designate one of them as "chief inspector."

Sec. 5. Be it further enacted, That the commissioners are authorized to pay such inspectors such salaries out of the county treasury as they may think right and proper.

Sec. 6. Be it further enacted, That such inspectors shall be employed subject to the discharge at any time by the commissioners for any cause whatever satisfactory to them.

Sec. 7. Be it further enacted, That said inspector or inspectors shall be under the control of the county commissioners and such rules as they may make in pursuance of this act.

Sec. 8. Be it further enacted, That all laws and parts of laws in conflict with this act be, and the same are, hereby repealed.

After the passage of the bill in the house a large number of applications were filed with the board of county commissioners of Fulton county for positions as inspectors of roads and bridges under the provisions of the measure. This county will be entitled to six inspectors and they will doubtless be selected at the meeting of the board in January.

A number of house bills came up for a third reading, both during the morning and afternoon sessions, and were passed with the necessary constitutional majority. Several new bills were introduced for a first reading and were referred to their appropriate committees, which will take them up for consideration and report on Monday afternoon. About six privilege resolutions were introduced and adopted, and the entire business of the several sessions was disposed of with the utmost dispatch.

The Morning Session.

The first matter to come up for consideration at the morning session was the joint resolution of Mr. Hill, of Bibb, that the general assembly take a recess from November 29th to December 4th, and considerable discussion resulted.

Senator Brannen, of the seventeenth, offered an amendment to the effect that the senate adjourn over until tomorrow morning, but upon a vote, the matter was lost. Senator Hand, of the eighth, then moved that the senate not concur with the resolution of the house, and this also was lost. Senator Bunn's motion that the upper house concur in the Hall resolution was then put and adopted by a vote of 22 to 13.

Senator Fouche then moved that the senate reconsider its action on the day previous in receding from its amendment to the stock law bill, which was that the law should not apply to counties which have already partially adopted the stock law. After a motion to reconsider was adopted, Senator Dickerson, of the fifth, then moved that the senate recede from its amendment, which was adopted.

After a warm discussion, which consumed about an hour, the bill by Senator Hand, to amend the law relative to liens of mechanics for work done or material furnished in improvements for real estate, was passed by a vote of 23 to 16. Considerable opposition was evinced toward the bill, Senators Brannen and Dickerson speaking against its passage and Senators Hand and Mann, favoring it.

The measure provides that the landlord shall see that all bills are paid before settling with the contractor and the bill constitutes a statutory lien on the house and land in favor of the material men and laborers against the owner, unless the contractor furnishes to the owner a waiver from the laborers and material men, or makes an affidavit that the claims have all been paid.

By unanimous consent the house bill of Mr. Snell, of Johnson, providing for the amendment of the charter of the town of Wrightsville, was taken from the table and passed.

Senate Bills Passed.

The following senate bills were put upon their third reading and passed:

By Mr. Redding, of the twenty-second—A bill to establish the city court of Barnesville.

By Mr. Redding, of the twenty-second—A bill to amend the charter of the city of Barnesville.

By Senators Wingfield and Bunn—A bill to provide the manner by which the owners of property may create by deed as estate thereon, and the improvements placed thereon for the benefit of themselves and such other persons as may contribute to the development of same, to prescribe the interest of the beneficiaries therein, and the method of transferring such interst, to define the powers of the trustees of such property and limit their liability and that of the beneficiaries; to provide for the removal of the trustees, and the appointment of their successors.

The house resolution by Mr. Holder, of Jackson, authorizing the payment of $60 pension money of W. R. H. Statham, now deceased, to his daughter, was passed without opposition.

The following new bills were introduced for a first reading and referred to their appropriate committees:

A bill by Mr. Terrell, of the thirty-sixth—To amend section 5273 of volume 2 of the code of 1895, so that the competency of children to testify shall be left exclusively to the discretion of the trial judge.

A bill by Mr. Redding, of the twenty-second—To amend section 751 of the penal code of 1895, in relation to allowing demands in county courts for indictments, or presentments, and substituting therefor as said section a provision disallowing such demands.

A bill by Mr. Redding, of the twenty-second—To amend section 752 of the penal code of 1895, so that judges of the superior courts shall be empowered to transfer indictments to county courts in vacation, as well as in term time.

A bill by Mr. West, of the sixth—To amend an act approved December 20, 1898, creating a board of commissioners to consent on behalf of the state to the erection of a new passenger station on the state's property in the city of Atlanta; and to further define the powers of the commission.

The Afternoon Session.

The senate reassembled at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon and held a short session to dispose of the remaining bills on the secretary's desk. During an executive session, held just before adjournment, the two appointments of county officers by the governor, were confirmed, and during the afternoon six house bills were read for the third time and passed.

The following were the measures passed:

By Mr. Gay—A bill to amend section 2 and 7 of an act establishing a public school for the city of Moultrie, in Colquitt county.

By Mr. Hopkins—A bill to amend an act incorporating the town of Darien and all acts amendatory thereof.

By Mr. Ellis—A bill to repeal an act to extend the limits of the city of Macon.

By Mr. Holder—A bill to repal the charter of the town of Jefferson, in the county of Jackson.

By Mr. Ousley—A bill to amend an act to incorporate the town of Hohira, in the county of Lowndes.

By Mr. Barron—A bill to amend an act approved December 12, 1894, providing for a board of commissioners of roads and revenues for the county of Jones.

EXPLAINING THE PURCHASES

Of Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Stock Recently Made.

New York, November 29.—The Evening Post says the following explanation was current today on the authority of Wall street interests connected with the recent heavy buying of Baltimore and Ohio stocks:

"A block of Baltimore and Ohio preferred and common stocks has been purchased by A. G. Cassett and associates in the interest of the Pennsylvania railroad. This stock, with the holdings of J. J. Hill, places the control of the Baltimore and Ohio in harmony with the management of the Pennsylvania road. The New York Central road is not concerned in the deal, except through W. K. Vanderbilt, who, as an individual, is one of the syndicate formed to acquire an important interest in the Baltimore and Ohio stock. Some of the largest buyers of the stock said that their purchases were delivered to and paid for by Kuhn, Loeb & Co., and that banking managers, both of the Baltimore and Ohio syndicate and of the so-called Harriman syndicate, are included in the new purchasing syndicate."

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Cures Croup and Whooping-Cough

Unexcelled for Consumptives. Gives quick, sure results. Refuse substitutes.

Dr. Bull's Pills cure Biliousness. Trial, 10 for 5c.

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The right kind because the quality is right, the fit is right and you'll find the price is right.

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Real Estate and Loans, 403 Equitable.

201 Washington street. Two-story 8-room house, close in, near Rawson street; east front, lot 51x200 feet, for $6,000. Easy terms. Wanted, a reasonable offer.

Large elevated corner lot, 65x150, with modern cottage, close in, 2 blocks Peachtree, for only $5,000.

Elevated lot, 50x150, on Baker street, 2 blocks Peachtree, for only $1,250.

West Peachtree lot, east front, best part of the street, between North avenue and Fourth street, $2,500. Also corner lot West Peachtree for $65.00 a foot.

Piedmont Avenue lot 50x150, near Merritts avenue, for just $1,350.

For Sale—Houses on Peachtree, Capitol avenue, Pryor and other streets. If you wish to buy, sell or borrow, it will pay you to call on us. 403 Equitable.

C. H. Girardeau. W. C. Black.

For Sale by Girardeau & Black, 8 E. Wall, Kimball House.

300 acres of land can be bought for $12.50 per acre; 8 miles from depot. This is something good.

$3,500—8-room house, Washington, near Bass, brand new and a hummer.

$900—Capitol avenue lot, north of Love, 50x145. Here is your chance.

$600—Corner lot, 50x150, water, gas and sewerage, near Southern railway shops; right at street cars.

$650—Lot 80x150, Formwalt street, near Dodd.

$750—4-room cottage, Rankin street, worth more cash money.

Bring in your property if you want it sold. GIRARDEAU & BLACK.

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WILL EXCHANGE well improved, beautifully located, lake front orange grove in south Florida for Atlanta property. Grove, Consutitution. 11-26 sun tues thur

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LOST—Between Farlinger's and Brown & Allen's, a diamond and pearl stick pin. Suitable reward if returned to J. D. Steward, room 34, custom house.

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ARCHITECTS, contractors, supply dealers, insurance agents and other business men will find our "Daily Construction Bulletin" and "Weekly Construction Sheet" invaluable in securing new business. We furnish building news in advance of all other sources from the southern states. Southern Press Clipping Bureau, Austell building, Atlanta, Ga.

FOR RENT—Stores.

A LARGE STORE and concrete basement with ample railroad facilities for rent at 23 West Alabama street by A. D. Adair. 11-21 2w

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OSTRICH feathers cleaned, curled and dyed, also kid gloves cleaned at I. Phillips, 8 Peachtree St. 11-29-wed-fri-sun

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MONEY TO LOAN on real estate, repayable monthly. The Merchants and Mechanics' Banking and Loan Co., 51 North Pryor st. Equitable building.

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WEYMAN & CONNORS, 825 Equitable building, have money to lend on city property at 5, 6 and 7 per cent. Money on hand for those desiring quick loans.

STRAIGHT LOANS and monthly payment loans made on Atlanta real estate at lowest rates without commission charge. E. S. McCandless, Cashier, 9 E. Alabama street.

OSCAR DAVIS, 815 Equitable, buys short time notes; loans on stocks, bonds, approved col. or satisfactory indorsement.

MONEY loaned on diamonds, watches, jewelry, etc.; all business strictly confidential. Pickert Jeweiry Co., 6½ Whitehall street.

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SAMUEL BARNETT, No. 537 Equitable building, negotiates real estate mortgages, loans on property in or near Atlanta. Borrower can pay back any way he pleases.

CHEAPEST money in the city to loan on real estate, bonds and stocks. Purchase money notes wanted. Come to me and save money. W. A. Foster, room 18, Jos. E. Brown building, Pryor and Wall streets. 10-8-tf

ATLANTA banking Co., 10 Wall street, loans money on Atlanta real estate or other approved collateral, repayable monthly or otherwise; no commission, no delay. William J. Davis, cashier.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

A GOOD business man with $25,000 can get a half interest in a well-established life insurance general agency of one of the leading companies. The capital to be used to further enlarge the business. Please write, giving one reference. Address Almo, care Constitution 11-30-thur sun

WANTED—To buy out good tobacco and cigar store, or rent good stand. Address Louis, P. O. Box 157.

FOR RENT—Hotel Putnam, Eatonton, Ga., possession given January 1, 1900. C. D. Leonard, secretary and treasurer. 11-28-5t

TREMONT Hotel newly refitted in first-class style; 17 rooms; gas and water and all modern conveniences. Geo. S. May, 212 Prudential. 11-28 tf

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MONEY TO LOAN on furniture. We will loan you any amount of money on your piano, organ or household furniture in sums from $10 to $100, repayable in easy weekly or monthly payments, without removal or publicity; all business strictly confidential; private office for ladies; will call to see you; money in two hours. Office hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Frank O. Singer, Jr., 37½ Whitehall street, over Emmons's clothing store. 11-16—tf

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BOARDERS WANTED—Several young men can secure good board and pleasant rooms for $4 per week at 134 Ivy.

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SALESMAN—Young man 4 years sole charge and buyer of large shoe establishment seeks situation as salesman for store or on the road; highest references. Address P., care Constitution. 11 26 sun tues thur

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WANTED—A first-class bookkeeper. Address in own handwriting, Box 306, city.

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FOUR Capitol avenue homes to exchange for vacant or improved property. W. A. Foster, room 18, Jos. E. Brown building, Pryor and Wall streets.

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FREE—A coal scuttle given free with each ton of coal ordered from Kelley Coal and Ice Co. Both 'phones 894.

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FOR RENT—Ten-room Capitol Square residence; every modern convenience, large back yard; surrounded by first-class neighborhood. Owner and daughter would board with parties if arrangements could be agreed upon. Address Owner, box 435, city.

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THE FEVER is rapidly spreading for Smith Premier Typewriters. We are pressed with offers from all over the state to take different standard machines in part payment for Smiths. We cannot do this any more until our present stock of second-hand machines of other makes is reduced. Write us what you would like and we will surprise you with the price. H. M. Ashe, General Agent Smith Premier Typewriter, Y. M. C. A. Bldg., Phone 1541. 11-26-tue-thu-sat

DYSPEPSIA FOR NINE YEARS

Compelled To Live on the Simplest Forms of Liquid Food.

Cured by the New Treatment.

Philadelphia, Aug. 8th, '99.

The R. T. Booth Co.:

Dear Sirs: For the past eight or nine years I have been a constant and severe sufferer from Dyspepsia. I have employed a number of doctors, and tried all the advertised dyspepsia cures I could get, without any benefit whatever. From newspaper advertisements I was led to try the Hyomei Dyspepsia Cure. Began its use in January and was benefited immediately; from that time to June of the present year I used the tablets faithfully according to directions, and I am now completely cured, and have been for two months. I can eat and easily digest all kinds of solid food, whereas formerly I was limited entirely to the simplest forms of liquid food. I cannot recommend this cure too highly to sufferers from this complaint, and I feel so gratified that I would gladly explain the circumstances of my cure to any one who might feel inclined to call upon me personally. SAMUEL BROUGHTON, No. 269 N. Twenty-ninth St.

HYOMEI DYSPEPSIA CURE

Is a new remedy; a new method of treating all forms of Dyspepsia, and the only one which is guaranteed. Unless any other, it treats each kind of dyspepsia separately, and contains the only germicide known that will destroy the bacilli causing intestinal indigestion. Your money is refunded if it fails to cure.

One day's treatment sent free on receipt of address.

Sold by all druggists. Price, 50c.

THE R. T. BOOTH CO., Ithaca, N. Y.

GREATLY EXCITED IN FIRST HOUR

Speculation Was Very Active and Mainly of Bearish Nature.

THE OPENING WAS WEAK

Heavy Long Interest Was Reduced Very Materially.

LIVERPOOL MADE POOR RESPONSE

Estimates of 11,000,000 Bales Renewed, Intimidating Small Holders—Closed Steady 8 to 17 Points Lower.

New York, November 29.—By Associated Press: The heavy long interest in cotton was reduced very materially today under a scramble for the profits by the investment public. The opening was weak with prices 8 to 12 points lower, followed immediately by a further drop of 4@8 points. Throughout the first hour great excitement prevailed with speculation very active and mainly of a bearish nature. Subsequent events, however, proved the opening prices to be the lowest of the day. Reactionary movements carried prices upward some 10@12 points higher, and sentiment once more favored the bull side. The initial break was caused by a poor response on Liverpool's part to our advance of yesterday and on renewed estimates of an 11,000,000 bales crop. The latter served to intimidate smaller holders, whose selling the local crowd was unable to withstand. Stop orders were reached liberating enormous lines of January, March and May cotton. A bad break in the New Orleans market soon after the opening added to the nervousness here, as did a sharp tumble in futures abroad. So far as the position of the market was concerned, conditions were unchanged from those of the past weeks, and many leading trades bought throughout the decline. Receipts continued light and spot markets south were reported firm. But unnaturally, investors reduced holdings in view of the possibility of unfavorable developments abroad during our holiday tomorrow. The market was finally steady with prices net 8 to 17 points lower, the latter on December only.

The Dry Goods Market.

New York, November 29.—Market quiet in cotton goods so far as actual demand goes. Few buyers in attendance. Brown sheetings strong. Bleached strong and advances in lower grades of ½c. Denims quiet but strong. Other coarse colored cottons strong. Prints tending upward and advances probable next week. Ginghams strong. Regular print cloths inactive with bids at 3c being declined. Good gray goods strong and difficult to buy. Woolen and worsted and dress good advancing.

An Appeal for Help.

"Immediate and sensational break in cotton certain. Expert sure of crop of 11,000,000 bales. Tremendous slump inevitable. Crisis has been reached. South carrying enormous quantities on slim margins, having pyramided from 6c up. Short interest entirely eliminated. To whom are bulls to sell? Market unwieldly and unsafe. Sell cotton, for 100 points sure profit."

The above advertisement, signed "Truthseeker," published in the New York papers yesterday morning, together with weak and lower cables, caused timid longs to liquidate and enormous lines of January, March and May lines were thrown on the market.

Conditions in the cotton belt have undergone no change within the past few weeks, and the news of general character, more especially the anonymous advertisement, was apparently an appeal by those bearishly inclined for help from the cotton belt and investment public generally to depress cotton. The signature should have been "Truthless" instead of "Truthseeker."

Spot Cotton Quotations.

Official closing quotations for spot cotton:
Atlanta—Steady; middling 7¼c.
Liverpool—Business good; middling 4 9-32d.
New York—Quiet; middling 7¾c.
New Orleans—Quiet; middling 7 7-16c.
Savannah—Quiet and easy; middling 7¼c.
Galveston—Firm; middling 7 7-16c.
Norfolk—Steady; middling 7¾c.
Mobile—Dull; middling 7 5-16c.
Memphis—Firm; middling 7 7-16c.
Augusta—Quiet; middling 7¾c.
Charleston—Quiet; middling 7¾c.
Houston—Steady; middling 7 7-16c.
St. Louis—Firm; middling 7 7-16c.

The following is the statement of receipts, shipments and stock at Atlanta:

	RECEIPTS		SHIPMTS		STOCK	
	1899	1898	1899	1898	1899	1898
Saturday	756	1427	935	1750	16770	19377
Monday	471	1176	483	2750	16758	17808
Tuesday	530	933	1104	1316	16204	17424
Wednesday	457	1252	547	600	16114	18076
Thursday	....	....	....	....	....	....
Friday	....	....	....	....	....	....
Totals	2214	4788	3069	6416	....	....

The following table shows the consolidated net receipts, exports and stock at the ports:

	RECEIPTS		EXPORTS		STOCK.	
	1899	1898	1899	1898	1899	1898
Saturday	40298	57863	30949	47391	1020839	1258122
Monday	41688	76326	6801	53221	1045745	1296236
Tuesday	41052	63920	47022	45119	1031987	1278515
Wednesday	42119	78414	82210	61906	975332	1278515
Thursday	....	....	....	....	....	....
Friday	....	....	....	....	....	....
Totals	165157	276523	166982	209637	....	....

The following was the range of cotton futures in New York yesterday:

MONTHS.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale	Closing Bid	Closing Asked.
November	7 47	7 47	7 44	7 44	....	....
December	7 52	7 54	7 35	7 35	7 37	33-34
January	7 49	7 52	7 41	7 44	7 47	43-44
February	7 49	7 49	7 41	7 47	7 47	45-46
March	7 52	7 52	7 43	7 49	7 47	48-49
April	7 43	7 52	7 45	7 51	7 50	51
May	7 52	7 52	7 48	7 53	7 52	53
June	7 48	7 54	7 48	7 54	7 50	52
July	7 52	7 55	7 51	7 55	7 52	53
August	7 49	7 51	7 43	7 45	7 47	48-49
September	7 03	7 09	7 03	7 03	7 07	09
October	....	....	....	....	....	....

Closed steady.

The following were the closing bids for cotton futures in New Orleans:

November	7 19	May	7 27
December	7 19	June	7 29
January	7 17	July	7 31
February	7 20	August	7 15
March	7 23	September	6 75
April	7 25	October	6 60

Closed barely steady.

Liverpool and Port Markets.

Liverpool, November 29—12:15 p. m.—Cotton, spot, business good with prices lower; middling uplands 4 9-32; sales 15,000; American 13,100; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 6,100; all American.

Futures opened quiet:

	Open'g.	Closing.	
November	4 11-64	4 09	Sellers
November-December	4 10-64	4 08	Sellers
December-January	4 7-64	4 06	Sellers
January-February	4 6-64	4 04½	Sellers
February-March	4 4-64	4 03½	Sellers
March-April	4 4-64	4 02½	Sellers
April-May	4 3-64	4 02	Sellers
May-June	4 3-64	4 01	Value
June-July	4 2-64	4 00	Buyers

Futures closed quiet.

New York, November 29.—Cotton quiet; sales 325 bales; middling uplands 7¾; gulf 8; net receipts 430; gross 1,200; stock 104,809.

New Orleans, November 29.—Cotton quiet; sales 3,150; middling 7 7-16; receipts 14,625; stock 338,335.

Galveston, November 29.—Cotton firm; middling 7 7-16; sales 497; receipts 13,814; stock 212,490.

Mobile, November 29.—Cotton dull; middling 7 5-16; sales 300; receipts 415; stock 39,817.

Savannah, November 29.—Cotton quiet and easy; middling 7¼; sales 130; receipts 3,678; stock 145,124.

Charleston, November 29.—Cotton quiet; middling 7¾; receipts 831; stock 34,798.

Wilmington, November 29.—Cotton steady; middling 7¼; receipts 2,010; stock 19,028.

Norfolk, November 29.—Cotton steady; middling 7½; sales 872; receipts 2,060; stock 41,154.

Baltimore, November 29.—Cotton nominal; middling 7¾; receipts net 955; gross 15,925.

Boston, November 29.—Cotton steady; middling 7 13-16; receipts net 955; gross 15,925.

Philadelphia, November 29.—Cotton quiet; middling 8; receipts 1,175; stock actual 4,582.

St. Louis, November 29.—Cotton firm; middling 7 7-16; sales 50; receipts 7,779; stock 99,012.

Memphis, November 29.—Cotton firm; middling 7 7-16; receipts 3,103; sales 1,950; stock 179,691.

Augusta, November 29.—Cotton quiet; middling 7½; sales 1,536; receipts 769; stock 50,092.

Houston, November 29.—Cotton steady; middling 7 7-16; sales 899; receipts 11,007; stock 100,986.

Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, November 29.—Today's decline came as a surprise to the trade here and in Europe, and appears to be due more to a desire to close open transactions than to any other reason. Every one knows the markets are long expecting the light receipts will compel the spinners to come in as buyers for their requirements. It is therefore not surprising that at the substantial advance of the past week there should be holders who were willing to take their profits. These had placed stop orders on their holdings and the slight decline abroad caused them to be executed at the opening. Tenders were made on December today, bringing a widening of the differences to that point where it became profitable to carry cotton forward. In the present condition of the money market the difference is not large.

S. Munn, Son & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, November 29.—Cotton opened active and excited 5 to 10 points lower on disappointing cables and bearish anonymous advertisements in various morning papers which led to heavy realizing and hammering by bears, under which prices sold off 9 points further, but rallied after first hour on covering, and as cables improved closed steady 11 points decline. Liverpool futures opened at a partial decline of 1 point, and after declining 3½ points further rallied and closed quiet at 3½ points net loss for the day. Spot sales 15,000 bales at 1-32d lower. Today's market was very excited and feverish. The fact that short interest was small, influenced holders and the south was heavily long of futures and the large quantities of long cotton came out on the decline. Liverpool was also a heavy seller, but against spots purchased yesterday. The fact that the south is heavily long of cotton and continues to buy no doubt gives weaker tone to our market, as prices advance on account of the possibility wishing to realize all at once. But it also substantiates short crop statements. Near months were much the weakest today on account of large number of expires. Notwithstanding our break of today, southern spot markets not only held firm at unchanged prices but at several points advanced. The break is what the market needed, and we believe as soon as the shortness of the crop is realized cotton will sell very much higher.

W. H. Bacheller & Co.'s Cotton Letter

New Orleans, November 29.—The leading futures ranged as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
January	7.18	7.21	7.10	7.17-18
March	7.17	7.27	7.15	7.23-24

The decline this morning was a surprise to both bulls and bears, serving as a disappointment to the friends of the staple with the bear element mystified. Easier Liverpool had its effect on prices and reports emanating from New York of a sensational nature which were not made public, depressed the market, but upon learning of their unreliability and with news from the interior of continued light receipts the market recovered itself, closing finally a few points lower than the highest of the day and on a level with opening prices. The readiness with which the market responded to the demand at the low prices of the early morning did much to confuse the bear faction who had prepared to hammer the whole line on any reaction. While Liverpool continues to pin their faith to an excessive yield, advices from the country are quite to the contrary, and backing the opinion by the policy they are pursuing, while spinners are buying 30 points more for cotton on the spot than it is worth for delivery seven months hence.

Southern Exchange Cotton Letter.

New York, November 29.—Liverpool cables were disappointing, being down 1-32d on spots, 2-64d on futures, and our market opened from 5 to 10 points under last night's close. During the first hour prices declined 10 points on January and March options, the reason being assigned to liquidation and short selling, induced to a great extent by the advertisement which appeared this morning in the leading New York dailies to the effect that the cotton market was heavily overbought by the south and held on slim margins and that the staple would have a hundred point decline. After the decline of the first hour prices hardened, and recovered from 6 to 9 points. Later in the afternoon, however, the market became weak again and prices suffered another decline, January contracts going within 2 points of the lowest of the day. There was some recovery just before the close, and the market closed steady.

Murphy & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, November 29.—The cotton market had the appearance of manipulation today. There evidently was a concerted movement to break prices with a view of depressing the market. The New York papers had a prominent article, and in connection with same there were numerous bearish advices freely circulated before the opening of the market. Liverpool cables were as favorable as expected, in view of our close yesterday, their opening on futures being about 2 points lower than last night, but before our opening half of this loss was regained, spots being 1-32d lower. Our opening here was on a range of 8 to 10 points under last night. While there was a good demand, offerings were so heavy that prices quickly declined 6 to 8 points from opening figures, which uncovered numerous stop loss orders and forced liquidation of thinly margined contracts. The New Orleans market also broke 20 points. During the afternoon session prices stiffened up 4 to 5 points from the lowest figures. The feeling at the close was rather mixed with general disposition to look for lower prices. New Orleans semi-weekly report of thirteen interior points shows receipts of 114,000, against 161,000 last year. Stock 593,000, against 560,000 last year. Port receipts today 42,119, against 78,411 last year.

The Live Stock Market.

Chicago, November 29.—Good to choice cattle firm with decline regained; low grade unfinished cattle not wanted. Texas cattle higher; butchers' steers 10@15c higher; canners strong. Good to choice $5.50@7; poor to medium $4.60@5.40; mixed stockers $3.60@3.80; selected feeders $4.25@4.75; good to choice cows $3.75@4.75; heifers $2.75@5; canners $1.75@3; bulls $2.40@5; calves $4@7; fed Texas steers $4.30@5.25; grass Texas steers $3.25@4.22; western range beeves $4@5.25.

Hogs fairly active and 5 to 10c lower. Mixed and butchers $3.65@3.87½; good to choice heavy $3.70@3.90; rough heavy $3.55@3.65; light $3.65@3.85; bulk of sales $3.65@3.80.

Sheep and lambs steady to strong; prices unchanged. Native wethers $3.90@4.65; lambs $4@5.40; western wethers $4@4.40; western lambs $5@5.35.

Receipts: Cattle 8,000; hogs 39,000; sheep 14,000.

St. Louis, November 29.—Cattle 2,700, all natives. Market steady for natives with Texans strong; native shipping and export steers $4.90@6.30; dressed beef and butchers' steers $4.15@5.50; steers under 1,000 pounds $3.30@4.55; stockers and feeders $2.40@4.50; cows and heifers $1.75@4.50; canners $1.50@2.25; bulls $2.50@3.75. Texas and Indian steers $3.90@4.30; cows and heifers $2.30@3.85.

Hogs—Receipts 11,400. Market weaker to 5c lower; pigs and lights $3.70@3.80; packers $3.70@3.85; butchers $3.80@3.90.

Sheep—Receipts 500. Market strong; native muttons $3.65@4.25; lambs $4.10@5.50.

Coffee and Sugar.

New York, November 29.—Coffee, futures firm, not unchanged to 10 points lower. Sales 47,500 bags, including January 5.85@5.86; February 5.90@5.95; March 6@6.15; May 6.10@6.20; June 6.20; July 6.25@6.30; August 6.30@6.35; September 6.35@6.45; October 6.50. Spot coffee, steady; No. 7 invoice 6¾; mild quiet; Cordova 6¾@11¾.

Sugar, raw steady; refined quiet.

New Orleans, November 29.—Sugar firm; open kettle 3 11-16@3¾; open kettle centrifugalled 3⅞@4¼; centrifugal, plantation granulated 4 9-16; whites 4⅝@4 7-16; yellows 3¾@4⅛; seconds 2⅞@4. Molasses very strong; open kettle 34@41.

The Metal Market.

New York, November 29.—Metals slow with no changes of importance. Lake copper dull at $17@17.25.

Tin steady for spot and easy for futures at $27.60@27.80.

Lead firmer on f. o. b. spot and unchanged for futures at $4.65@4.80.

Spelter dull at $4.40@4.50.

St. Louis, November 29.—Lead steady at $4.47½; spelter dull at $4.20.

Naval Stores.

Wilmington, November 29.—Spirits turpentine steady at 47½@48¼; receipts 47 casks. Rosin firm at $1.02½@1.07½; receipts 712. Crude turpentine quiet at $1.50@2.80; receipts 14. Tar firm at $1.40; receipts 182.

Savannah, November 29.—Spirits turpentine firm at 48@48¼; receipts 378; sales 1,130; exports 160. Rosin firm and unchanged; receipts 2,361; sales 2,442; exports 710.

Charleston, November 29.—Turpentine steady at 48; sales none. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales none.

MARKET KEPT FIRM

Buying for London Account Mainstay of Stock Market.

SPOTTY STRENGTH SHOWN

Prices Hardened in Last Dealings in Response to Fall to 4 Per Cent for Call Money.

New York, November 29.—Prices of stocks were on the whole very well sustained today, in spite of some factors making for reaction. Chief of these was the continued hardness of the money market, the further slump in Leather and the movement to take profits in the trunk line stocks, which have advanced so aggressively for some time past. This profit taking movement was the nearest to official confirmation that could be had of the numerous published reports and rumors of a consolidation of control of the great trunk lines. Those favored with advance information of such a project would naturally be sellers when the news became public property and brought in outside buyers. A good proportion of today's outside buyers thus invited operated by cabled orders from London. Americans shared in the general strength in that market on account of reports of British military success against the Boers. London buying was also attracted by the publication of the currency reform measure to be pursued by the dominant party at the coming session of congress. This buying for London account was the mainstay of the market and spotty strength displayed here and there by individual stocks, many of them very obscure, kept the market firm in the face of uneasiness and over the money outlook. Tomorrow's holiday also prompted some closing up of short accounts, while London's buying was the main supporting factor, the hardening of the London money rate and the fears of an advance in the Bank of England rate tomorrow discouraged operations for the long account. The demand for money kept the rate at 7 per cent and above until it had been mostly satisfied, when it fell below 4 per cent in the last dealings and the stock market hardened in response. The subtreasury's disbursements on account of the bond redemptions were considerably below $2,000,000, and the treasury statement from Washington showed the day's revenue receipts nearly $1,700,000 in excess of expenditures. This is the last day for which the treasury department's offer to redeem bonds holds good, the total disbursements for redemption are but little over half the amount of the total offered. The feeling is general in Wall street, however, that the period of the offer may be extended as a safety valve against a pressure of money rates thus supplied. A further decline in New York exchange at Chicago to 30c discount against 20c yesterday and a downward movement in New York exchange at other domestic centers were against the supposition that New York is gaining this week on the interior currency movement, as was the case last week. Fractional bet gains are the rule in stocks, and they rise to a point or over only in a few exceptional cases.

The bond market was quiet and prices showed some improvement as the day progressed. Total sales, par value, $1,935,000.

United States 3's advanced ¼ on the bid price.

Total sales of stocks were 589,500 shares, including Atchison 7,500; Atchison preferred 15,110; Baltimore and Ohio 7,477; Chesapeake and Ohio 35,770; Burlington 6,172; Louisville and Nashville 5,170; Manhattan 17,150. The New York Central 6,178; Northern Pacific 18,150; Northern Pacific preferred 17,257; Pennsylvania 22,885; Southern Pacific 12,100; Southern Railway preferred 6,850; Union Pacific 14,000; Federal Steel 14,762; North American 6,160; Sugar 18,000; Leather 22,480.

Money on call closed easier at 3@7 per cent; last loan at 3, ruling rate 7, prime mercantile paper 5½@6 per cent.

Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85¾@4.86½ for demand, and at $4.80¾@4.81 for 60 days; posted rates $4.82½@4.87; commercial bills $4.80@4.80¼.

Silver certificates 58¾@59⅜c.

Bar silver 59¾c.

Mexican dollars 47½c.

Government bonds strong.

State bonds inactive.

Railroad bonds firm.

RAILWAY STOCKS.

STOCKS.	Opening.	High.	Low.	Last Sale.	Closing Bid
Am'n Tobacco	118⅝	118⅝	118	118⅝	118⅝
Am'n Sugar Ref'g	155⅞	156⅜	153⅛	156⅜	156⅛
Atchison	23⅛	23⅜	23⅛	23⅜	23¼
do. preferred	65¾	66⅜	66	66⅜	66⅜
Balto. & Ohio	59	59	58	58⅝	58⅜
Brk. Rap. Tran.	88⅜	88¾	87⅝	87⅞	88
Canada Southern	....	....	....	....	45
Canadian Pacific	133⅜	133⅜	132⅜	133⅜	133⅜
C., C., C. & St. L.	64⅛	64¼	63⅜	64	63⅜
Ches. & Ohio	30⅜	30⅜	30⅛	30⅜	30⅜
Canada Southern	....	....	....	....	54
Del. & Hudson	....	....	....	120⅜	120¾
Cont. Tobacco	42⅝	43	42⅝	42¾	42⅝
do. preferred	92⅞	93	92⅝	93	92⅜
Con. Gas	192	192	191	191	191
Gen. Electric	130⅝	130¾	128	129	129
Chic. Great West	14⅜	14⅞	14⅜	14⅝	14⅝
Jersey Central	122⅜	122⅜	122⅜	122⅜	121½
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	....	39⅜	....	....	12¼
do. preferred	....	....	....	39⅜	39¼
Louisv. & Nash.	85⅞	86¼	85¾	86	86¼
Am. Steel & W.	49	49¼	48⅝	49	48⅝
Manhattan L.	105⅜	106⅜	105¾	105⅞	105⅜
Mo. Pacific	48⅝	48⅝	48¼	48⅜	48⅜
Metro. St. Ry.	192¾	193⅝	192½	193¼	193
National Lead	29½	29¾	29¼	29½	29¼
Northern Pac.	55⅞	56⅛	55⅝	56⅛	56⅛
do. preferred	75⅜	77⅜	75⅝	76¾	76⅝
N. Y. Central	139⅜	139⅜	138¾	139	139
Northwestern	....	....	....	....	168¼
Omaha	....	....	....	....	117⅜
Pacific Mail	46	46⅜	45⅞	46	43
People's Gas	113⅜	113⅜	113⅛	113¼	113⅞
Reading	....	....	....	....	20⅜
Rock Island	113⅜	113⅜	113⅛	113⅜	113⅛
Southern Rwy.	13¾	13¾	13	13	12⅞
do. preferred	58⅞	58⅜	58⅜	58⅝	58⅜
St. Paul	125	125⅜	124⅜	124⅜	124⅞
Tenn. Coal & I.	115	115	115	115	114⅞
U. S. Leather pfd	79⅝	80⅝	79⅝	79⅝	79⅜
Union Pacific	50¾	50⅝	49⅝	50¼	50¼
do. preferred	77¼	77⅜	77⅛	77¼	77¼
Western Union	....	....	....	....	87⅜
Wabash pr	22⅞	23⅛	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜
Am'n Cotton Oil	37⅜	37½	37⅜	37⅜	37¼
Am'n Spirits	....	....	....	....	4
do. preferred	....	....	....	....	18⅝
U. S. Rubber	47⅛	....	....	47⅛	47
do. preferred	....	....	....	....	111
Federal Steel	62	62¾	61¾	62	61⅞
do. preferred	82	82¾	82	82¾	82¼
Illinois Central	115¼	115¾	115⅛	115⅜	115⅜

*Ex-div. 1¼ per cent. †Ex.-div 1¼. ‡Ex-div. 1.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

The following are the bid and asked quotations.

STATE AND COUNTY BONDS.

Ga. 3½s, 27 to 30 year	107	Atl'nta 4s	108
Ga. 3½s, 25 to 40 years	108	Aug'ta 5s L.D.	109
do. 4½s, 1915	122½	Macon 6s	118
do. 4½s, 1945	122¾	Columbus 5s	107
Savannah 5s	114	Rome 5s	107
Atl'nta 1902	109	So. Car. 4½s	115
Atl'nta 1904	112	New'nan L.D.	110
Atl'nta 6% L.D.	121	Chat. 5s, 1911	109
Atl'nta 5s L.D.	111	Col. & Card'a 2s&4s, 1910	91
Atl'nta 4½s	109	Ala. Class A	110

RAILROAD BONDS.

Ga. 6s, 1910	114	Atl'n'a & Char 1st's, 1907	118
Ga. 6s, 1922	118	Do. income 6s, 1900	....
Ga. Pa. 1st	120		
C. C. & A. 1st 6s, 1909	105		

RAILROAD STOCKS.

Georgia	204	206	
Southwest'n	109	111	
Aug. & Sav.	110		
A. & W. P.	109		
do. deben.	104		

Murphy & Co.'s Stock Letter.

New York, November 29.—With the single exception of United States Leather common, the stock market opened this morning at substantial advances in comparison with last night's figures. As regarded the general market, the publication in this morning's papers of the new currency bill was probably the chief incentive to confidence. New York Central, Pennsylvania and Baltimore and Ohio were directly affected further by the reported deals by which the Pennsylvania railroad will control the Baltimore and Ohio, and by which both the Chesapeake and Ohio and the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis pass into the entire control of the Vanderbilts. The initial advance in prices was sufficiently extensive to induce heavy profit realizing sales, under which recessions were common after the opening. Active speculation was also held in check by apprehensions that yesterday's flurry in the money market would be repeated today, and also on account of the suspension of business tomorrow over Thanksgiving holiday. The London market was again reported steady on rumored further British success in Africa, although consols were lower on account of the stringent monetary situation there. The clearings here for foreign account at the opening of business were not upon a large scale. The most conspicuous advances in the early dealings, apart from the instances cited, were in Manhattan Railway, Sugar Refining and the low priced issues.

Foreign Finances.

London, November 29.—Close: Consols for money 102⅝; for the account 102⅝. Illinois Central 118½; Atchison 23¾; Louisville 88½.

Bar silver steady at 27 5-16d per ounce.

Market 3⅛@4 per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short and three months' bills 5⅛ per cent.

Paris, November 29.—Three per cent rentes 100 francs 37½ centimes for the account. Exchange London 25 francs 26 centimes for checks.

Prime's Weekly Crop Summary.

From The New York Stockholder.

Chicago, November 25, 1899.—The country from an agricultural standpoint has had no reason to complain of its conditions for the month which is now closing.

It is true that we do not expect much in the way of development at this season of the year except along the line of the winter wheat crop.

We have had no weather yet of a character to put a stop to the growth of the plants, and while the moisture has only been nominal it has been enough to keep the crop growing quite rapidly, and its general conditions are far better than they were at the opening of the month. We still have plenty of reports with regard to the presence of Hessian fly, but as I have remarked before, we can tell very little what it will or what it will not do until the coming spring.

As the season advances winter wheat millers find much difficulty in procuring stocks for milling purposes and are still, as they say, buying from hand to mouth. Millers have never on this crop believed in higher prices for wheat and have been perfectly willing to let others chances for lower prices and the sequel has shown that they have reasoned well.

We have not made much progress this week with gathering corn. The truth is we have not much left to gather.

The month of November has proved to be an exceptionally fine month for securing the corn crop. While there has been a day or two now and then, and owing to damp weather, corn could not be secured, still we have had on the other hand so much good weather that we are going to get the crop housed much earlier than usual this season.

The high price of lumber has prevented farmers generally from building more cribs this fall for their surplus crop than usual. Consequently they have been shelling and storing in country elevators considerable corn recently. They show very little if any disposition to sell corn at present. The feeding demand for corn which at this season of the year is always large has not yet been satisfied and the price of corn in the interior is from 1 to 3 cents above what it would bring if sent to grain centers.

I have still excellent reports of the condition of country banks. Their surpluses are still very large and the opportunity to make farm loans is very difficult. With such a condition of things in the country I do not see how it is possible for us to have a close winter in the money market. There is no reason in the world why the Thanksgiving Day now just upon us should not be one in which the masses have more to be thankful for than they have had for many years in the history of the country.

Provisions.

Atlanta, November 29.—Clear side ribs boxed 6¾; half ribs 6¾; rib bellies 6¾; ice cured bellies 8¾c. Sugar cured hams 11@13½; California, 8c; breakfast bacon 10@12½c. Lard, best quality, 7½c; second quality, 6¾@6¾; compound 5c.

St. Louis, November 29.—Pork steady, standard mess jobbing 9. Lard easy; prime steam 4.96@4.95; choice 4.92½. Dry salt meats, boxed shoulders, none offering; extra shorts 5.25; clear ribs 5.50; clear sides 5.62½. Bacon, boxed shoulders, none clear sides 6.25.

Chicago, November 29.—Mess pork 7.65@9.50. Lard 4.80@5.05. Short ribs sides (loose) 4.80@5.75; dry salted shoulders (boxed) 5⅝@5½; short clear sides (boxed) 5.15@5.25.

New York, November 29.—Lard easy; western steam 5.37½; November 5.37½; refined quiet. Pork steady.

Cincinnati, November 29.—Lard quiet at 4.80. Bulk meats quiet at 5.20. Bacon firm at 6.00.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

Atlanta, November 29.—Apples, per bbl. $3.25 to $3.75. Oranges, per box, $3.50@4.00. Lemons, choice, $3.25@3.50; fancy, $3.75@4. Bananas, straight, $1.75@2.00 bunch. Culls $1.25 to $1.50. Figs 12 to 13c. Raisins, new California, $1.95@2.00. Nuts, almonds, 16c; pecans, 9 to 10c; Brazil, 7 to 8c; filberts, 11½c; walnuts, 11 to 14c; mixed nuts, 10c. Peanuts, Virginia electric light, 5½ to 6c; fancy hand-picked, 4½ to 5; Georgia, 3@3½c.

CASH DEMAND POOR

That and Depression of Liverpool Caused Decline in Wheat.

EXPORT DEMAND WAS LIGHT

Corn Closed a Shade to 1-8c Down, and Oats Unchanged—Provisions Closed Lower.

Chicago, November 29.—Wheat, with the exception of a momentary bulge, was weak today, influenced by the depression of Liverpool and a poor demand, closing ½@¾c under yesterday. Corn closed a shade to ¼c down. Oats unchanged and provisions lower.

The break in Liverpool, despite the strength developed here yesterday, was the prime factor in the local market at the opening. As traders had looked for a rallying influence in cables, the wheat taken in yesterday was disposed of early. May opened ¼@⅝c lower at 70@70⅝c and December off a little fraction at 65⅛@65⅝c. Buying against puts, together with purchases made on the strength of light northwestern receipts, caused a rally from the opening. May touching 70¾c and December 66c. This advantage was lost, however, as the cash and export demands were poor. The market became heavy and May closed ½@⅝c down at 69¾c; December ⅝@¾c off at 65¼@65⅝c. As tomorrow is holiday this was the last day for December as a future, and most trading was done to even up and in preparation for delivery day. The difference between May and December narrowed to 4½c early, but was 4½@4⅝c at the close. December deliveries are expected to be heavy before the 10th. New York reported 25 loads taken for export. Clearances were 520,000 bushels. Primary points reported 1,808,000 bushels receipts, compared with 1,380,000 a year ago. Local receipts were 67 cars, 12 of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 54 cars, against 634 cars last week and 1,534 cars the corresponding day last year.

Corn was steady early with the December liquidation apparently about completed. The elevators were ready to take all the December offerings. Prices were up ¼c at one time helped by small western offerings, light local receipts—171 cars—and some wet weather with early predictions of more. The advance was all lost, however, the wet weather prognostication failing of fulfillment, being replaced by another for clear weather in the corn belt and the cash demand being poor. The market was dull. Clearances were 595,000 bushels. Primary receipts were 373,000 bushels, against 1,380,000 last year. May ranged from 30⅝@31⅜c, closing a shade down at 32⅜c. December ranged from 30⅜ to 31⅜c, closing ⅛c down at 30⅝c.

Oats were steady early in sympathy with corn and advancing a trifle. This was lost. The market was mainly a changing one, commission men selling December and taking May. Local receipts were 134 cars. Trade was dull. May ranged from 23⅝@24c to 24⅛@24¼c, closing unchanged at 24c. December closed at 22⅝c.

Provisions were barely steady with prices off just a shade on heavy hog receipts and lower prices for the same. May pork sold from $9.52½@9.60, closing $9.52½ bid, or 2½c under yesterday at $9.55; May lard from $5.27½ to $5.30@5.32½c, closing a shade down at $5.30, and May ribs from $5.05@5.07½ to $5.10@5.12½, closing 2½@5c lower at $5.05@5.07½. Market very dull.

Estimated receipts tomorrow: Wheat 50 cars; corn 235 cars; oats 135 cars; hogs 30,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat No. 2—				
December	65¾	66	65¼	65⅜
May	70¾	70¼	69¾	69¾
Corn No. 2—				
December	31½	31⅝	30⅞	30⅞
January	30⅜	31⅛	30⅜	30⅝
May	32¾	33	32⅝	32⅝
Oats No. 2—				
December	22⅝	22⅞	22⅝	22⅝
May	24⅞	24⅞	24	24
Mess pork, per barrel—				
December	7.95	8.00	7.92½	7.97½
January	9.42½	9.47½	9.40	9.40
May	9.55	9.57½	9.52½	9.55
Lard, per 100 pounds—				
December	4.87½	4.90	4.87½	4.87½
January	5.10	5.12½	5.10	5.10
May	5.27½	5.32½	5.27½	5.30
Short ribs, per 100 pounds—				
December	4.80	4.80	4.80	4.82½
January	4.92½	4.95	4.90	4.92½
May	5.10	5.10	5.05	5.07½

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, barrels	27,000	16,000
Wheat, bushels	173,000	83,000
Corn, bushels	293,000	258,000
Oats, bushels	364,000	330,000
Rye, bushels	11,000	3,000
Barley, bushels	103,000	90,000

Ware & Leland's Grain Letter.

By Private Wire to C. B. Woodruff.

Chicago, November 29.—Wheat: Liverpool ½d lower; corn ¼d lower; London ¼d lower; Paris unchanged to 10 centimes higher. Bradstreet's figures an increase in world's stocks of 7,381,000 in November, against 23,130,000 same month last year. Duluth stocks will decrease about 900,000 bushels. Twenty-two loads worked for export yesterday and we confirm 20 loads today. Receipts at St. Louis, Toledo, Minneapolis and Detroit and minor winter wheat points are extremely light. Clearances about 525,000. The market showed a fair amount of strength early, but toward the close weakness set in and the closing was a heavy one. Foreign markets were weak and outside orders were lacking. There was some changing of December to May, but the bulk of the day's business was of an evening up character. Delivery on Friday, December 1st, will finally rest with elevator people, and they may not be as large as expected. Buyers of yesterday let go today, but on further recessions will take hold again.

Corn was very dull and sympathized to some extent with the weakness in wheat.

Provisions were also a trifle weak, but show no marked changes from last night's closing.

Murphy & Co.'s Grain Letter.

Chicago, November 29.—Wheat: The foreign markets were a disappointment to the trade, failing to show any response or, in other words, the American markets failed to respond to the English strength of yesterday, and today the English markets flattened out, declining rather easily. Prices opened slightly lower, and while there was fairly active switching trade, general business was limited. The foreign crop situations continue good. Receipts in

E & CO.
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W. DICKEY,
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PHY & CO.
Wires Direct to New
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St. (Jackson Building.)
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Financial Agents.
BURG CORPORATION
Wall St. New York City.
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Georgia Collegiate
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and All Art Materials at Bot-
ring and Gilding done and China
er. 83½ Whitehall street. At-
l orders command prompt at-

Y SCHEDULES

eparture of Passenger Trains
om Union Depot.
OF GEORGIA RAILWAY.

From	No.	Depart To	
6 45 am	102	Hapeville..	6 55 am
7 25 am	*2	Savannah..	7 50 am
8 00 am	104	Hapeville..	8 30 am
9 00 am	108	Jonesboro..	12 10 pm
9 55 am	110	Hapeville..	2 20 pm
11 20 am	*12	Macon.. ..	4 05 pm
2 05 pm	112	Hapeville..	4 40 pm
3 30 pm	114	Hapeville..	6 10 pm
5 45 pm	*116	Griffin.. ..	6 45 pm
7 35 pm	*4	Savannah..	8 30 pm
7 30 pm	118	Jonesboro..	11 10 pm
ains.		Sunday Trains.	
10 45 am	120	Hapeville..	9 10 am
2 05 pm	122	Hapeville..	12 50 pm
ther trains daily except Sunday.			

ND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

From	No.	Depart To	
7 30 am	*2	Nashville..	8 15 am
8 40 am	74	Marietta..	12 10 pm
10 25 am	*70	Chattanooga	4 20 pm
2 40 pm	72	Marietta..	5 30 pm
7 30 pm	*4	Nashville..	8 30 pm

D WEST POINT RAILROAD.

From	No.	Depart To	
11 40 am	35	Monte'mery..	5 25 am
7 00 pm	*33	Monte'mery.	1 00 pm
11 30 pm	*37	Selma.. ..	4 20 pm
Trains		Accommodation Trains.	
7 05 am	11	College Pk..	5 40 am
8 20 am	17	College Pk..	8 50 am
10 00 am	15	Palmetto..	11 50 am
2 15 pm	19	College Pk..	2 30 pm
3 55 pm	21	College Pk..	4 25 pm
5 55 pm	23	LaGrange.. ..	5 35 pm
7 45 pm	25	College Pk..	6 20 pm
10 50 pm	27	College Pk..	9 40 pm
2 25 am	29	College Pk..	11 00 pm
ains.		Sunday Trains.	
7 30 am	41	LaGrange.. ..	8 00 am
16, 22, 24, 26, 28 and 30 stop at			
Platform.			
e from Union Passenger Sta-			

OARD AIR-LINE.

From	No.	Depart To	
7 15 am	*102	Washingt'n	6 05 a'n
7 50 pm	38	Norfolk.. ..	7 20 pm

RGIA RAILROAD.

From	No.	Depart To	
7 00 am	*2	Augusta.. ..	7 50 am
9 45 am	26	Lithonia.. ..	10 05 am
2 45 am	*28	Augusta.. ..	2 10 pm
4 55 pm	24	Conyers	5 00 pm
8 38 pm	10	Covington ..	8 25 pm
10 20 pm	*4	Augusta. ..	11 35 pm

OXVILLE AND NORTHERN RAILWAY.
d A. R. R. to Marietta.)

r Knoxville..		8 15 am
n Knoxville		7 30 pm

ew Orleans Short Line.

West Point Railroad Co.
ick Through Line via Mont-
s, Mexico and California.
BEST ROUTE
eola, Mobile, New Orleans. Co-
Union Springs, Eufaula.
hedule in effect Sept. 11, 1898.

	No. 35 Daily	No. 37 Daily	No. 31 Daily
	5 25 a m	4 20 p m	1 00 p m
	6 40 a m	5 25 p m	2 27 p m
	7 42 a m	6 28 p m	3 33 p m
nt	8 10 a m	6 55 p m	4 07 p m
	8 50 a m	7 35 p m	4 53 p m
	10 50 a m	10 40 p m	.....
	10 20 a m	9 20 p m	7 25 p m
		11 20 p m	.....

	No. 38 Daily	No. 34 Daily	No. 32 Daily
	6 10 p m	5 20 a m	.....
	4 10 p m	3 05 a m	.....
	8 20 p m	7 40 a m	.....
	8 45 a m	10 50 p m	.....
	5 50 a m	.....	6 55 a m
	7 50 p m	.....	7 10 a m
	12 20 a m	.....	12 20 p m
	11 25 p m	.....	12 20 p m
	.....	8 40 a m	3 30 p m
y	6 20 a m	12 01 p m	6 20 p m
	6 10 a m	1 20 p m	.....
	8 07 a m	2 35 p m	8 07 p m
	8 50 a m	3 33 p m	8 50 p m
	9 18 a m	4 14 p m	9 18 p m
	10 25 a m	5 26 p m	10 18 p m
	11 40 a m	7 00 p m	1 30 p m

ACCOMMODATION.
Except Sunday.

..Atlanta..	..Ar.	8 20 a m
..Newnan..	..Lv.	6 40 a m
.Grantville....	..Lv.	6 05 a m
Hogansville....	..Lv.	5 52 a m
.LaGrange.. ..	..Lv.	5 25 a m

Vestibule Train, Sleeping and
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. Traveling Passenger Agent.
veling Passenger Agent, At-
City Ticket Agent, 12 Kim-
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General Passenger and Tick-
. Ga.
affic Manager, Montgomery,
President and General Man-

WOMAN and ...SOCIETY

Home for Friendless Visited by Friends

THE most eloquent sermon on charity, the strongest interpretations of those passages of scripture relating to what we owe unto others would fall short as an appeal to the human heart for charity when compared to one glance at the little seven-weeks-old infant, the youngest inmate seen at the Home for the Friendless yesterday.

Weighing only six pounds and with a little face scarcely as large as the palm of its nurse's hand, this little human being seemed to have pictured in its worn countenance all the saddest aspects of life's struggle. Near it was another infant scarcely two weeks older, but plumper and healthier of form. As tears came to the eyes of those who looked upon these little waifs and realized their helpless, dependent state, there was still a sigh of relief in it all when it was remembered that they were a fortunate two, having fallen into the hands of the good women in charge of the Home for the Friendless.

No more praiseworthy, necessary institution than this one is being conducted in Atlanta today, and to appreciate the good work that is constantly in progress there one must visit the home and observe it personally.

There are at present in it over sixty inmates, all with the exception of three or four, being children, ranging from the age of the infants already mentioned to those of twelve or thirteen years of age.

Yesterday the home was open to the inspection of the public and a splendid showing it made.

Cleanliness, system, comfort and homelike cheer characterized every department, while the little ones were as healthy and happy a lot as could be found anywhere.

On entering one was charmed at the sound of baby voices singing the kindergarten songs, for just inside the hall on the left of the entrance were the little ones of the kindergarten class, the same ones who won the first prize at the State fair for kindergarten work. They were dressed in their best bib and tucker and apparently at ease with the ladies and gentlemen entertained by their kindergarten games and songs.

Now and then one would suggest to his or her sweet-faced teacher something else they could do that might win applause, and as they preferred singing their voices were heard during the entire afternoon.

A matured voice of plaintive sweetness that joined in with the childish strains was that of the pianist, who, when she turned with a smile from the instrument, disclosed the fact in her expressionless eyes that she was blind.

She was educated in the blind asylum at Macon, but when she left there, it appears, there was no mission in life left for her but to do what she could in the Home for the Friendless.

In the schoolroom an interesting class in reading, writing and spelling was being conducted yesterday, with elementary exercises in history and geography, while the ladies of the home told their visitors of the success they were meeting with in giving the girls and boys whatever industrial training was possible in the present size and condition of the home.

The girls old enough to do so are being taught to sew and cook, while the boys and girls all do their part toward the house cleaning and work in the new laundry, a useful and necessary feature of the home built through the generosity of Mr. George Parrott.

A visit to the dormitories emphasized the exquisite cleanliness and comfort of the home, while their crowded condition told the sad story that the home is by no means adequate for the accommodation of those children and oftentime adults, who, in desertion, sickness and starvation, have nowhere to go but to the Home for the Friendless.

Mrs. Dan Harris, the new president of the institution, was present yesterday to cordially welcome the interested visitors and assisting her were Mrs. Nellie Black, Mrs. Robert Clayton, Mrs. W. R. Hammond, Mrs. T. P. Westmoreland, Mrs. H. E. W. Palmer, Mrs. G. A. Nicolson, Mrs George Dexter, and Mrs E. P. McBurney, who, with many others, are enthusiastic workers for the Home for the Friendless. Among the visitors yesterday were Aldermen I. S Mitchell and Harvey Johnson, and Councilmen Rice, Day, McCullough and others holding municipal offices; Dr. W. W. Landrum, of the First Baptist church; Mr. Jessup, of St. Luke's church; Mr. E. P. McBurney, and many other prominent and benevolent citizens of similar prominence.

Today is one highly appropriate for gifts to be made to the institution. Anything will be acceptable, from an orage or a baby saque, cap or apron, to money enough to enlarge the home and make it what it should be for those homeless little ones, who, in their helplessness and innocence, remind us of what was meant in the Christ words: "Feed My lambs."

Young Matrons in Charge Tomorrow

The restaurant being operated in the interest of that splendid charity, the Sheltering Arms, will be in charge of the Young Matrons' Club tomorrow (Friday), when a delicious menu will be served. The chairman of the day will be Mrs. J. Frank Meador, and vice chairman, Mrs. Wilmer Moore and Mrs. James Dickey, Jr.

This club of the young matrons is a very popular one, not alone because of the beauty of each and every member, but because the ladies never have a meeting at which their husbands are not present.

They are all good housekeepers, and at the Sheltering Arms restaurant tomorrow will prove their ability as adepts in culinary art, in the delicious dishes that will be prepared in their individual kitchens, and served to patrons of the restaurant.

Besides their husbands and all old beaux, the young matrons expect a generous patronage from the public at large and will have to assist them in the entertainment of their guests the following lovely young women: Misses Florence Jackson, Alice Barker, Bessie Draper, Lucia Abbott, Gussie Wylie, Martha Glover, Lillian Lochrane, Emily MacDougald, Eugenia Oglesby, Katie Stocking, Mary and Nannie Nicolson

The members of the Young Matrons' Club are Mrs. Dunbar Roy, Mrs. Henry Grady, Mrs. Wilmer Moore, Mrs. James Dickey, Mrs. J. Frank Meador, Mrs. W. H. Kiser, Mrs. Eugene Black, Mrs. Harry Stearns, Mrs. Preston Arkwright, Mrs. Linton Hopkins, Mrs. Victor Smith, Mrs. Marion Jackson, Mrs. Julian Harris, Mrs. J. W. English, Jr., Mrs. Charles Healey, Mrs. J. Courtney Pinckney and Mrs. Aquila Orme.

The Guild of the First Methodist Church

There are many bands and societies of women in Atlanta, organized for various philanthropic purposes, but of these none does more continuous or more successful work than the Guild of the First Methodist church. The members of this society work for a number of charitable purposes, but are at present making their special interest the baby cottage of the orphans' home at Decatur. They have furnished this comfortable little retreat, and are now at work to obtain funds for plumbing, heat and water. In order to acquire the necessary amount, a bazaar will be given by the guild next Tuesday morning, afternoon and evening at the residence of Mrs. William H. Kiser, corner of Peachtree and Forrest avenue.

There will be offered for sale at very reasonable prices many beautiful and useful articles in the nature of dolls, sofa cushions and a number of fancy articles too numerous to mention. Among these will be a collection of miniature pictures of famous men and women, the work of Mrs. Sneed, a New York artist. They are especially appropriate for Christmas presents, and charming bits of art work.

An attractive feature of the bazaar will be the hot luncheons served at the luncheon hour, and refreshments of an appropriate kind to be served in the afternoon and evening. A bevy of charming young women will assist the ladies of the guild in their good work at the bazaar.

Admiral Schley's Doll.

Mrs. James Dickey, Jr., who is assisting Mrs. Robert Ridley in the bazaar to be given at the latter's residence, December 10th, received yesterday from Admiral and Mrs. Schley a beautiful doll, which will be raffled for the commendable purpose for which the bazaar is to be given.

During his visit to the city the admiral met Mrs. Dickey on several occasions, and in the course of conversation he heard her refer to a charity work in which she was much interested, when he expressed his desire to assist the good cause in some way Mrs. Schley suggested that he send a doll to be raffled off, and on yesterday afternoon the doll arrived. It is a handsome sailor lad with an American flag in his hand. He is just the gift that would delight the heart of any child at Christmas time.

The fact that it is the gift of the admiral will add great interest to it, and already Mrs. Dickey has received a number of quarters from little folks desirous of taking a chance on the "illustrious sailor boy." The doll will be exhibited in the window of Mr. Charles Crankshaw.

Important Notices.

Mrs. Sommerfield, secretary of the committee in charge of the Hebrew orphans' fair, requests that all donations for the refreshment department of the fair today be sent to the committee in charge as early as possible this morning.

A very important meeting of the ladies' auxiliary of the Atlanta Symphony Club is called Friday, December 1st, at 4 o'clock p. m. Your presence is earnestly desired. Mrs. Harry W. Young, secretary ladies' auxiliary Atlanta Symphony Club, signs the call.

Jeffries-Fuller.

The marriage of Miss Mildred Fuller and Mr. Thomas H. Jeffries took place last night at 8:30 o'clock at the residence of the bride's cousin, Mrs. J. S. Holliday, on Forrest avenue.

A hundred guests, including the relatives and intimate friends of the contracting parties, witnessed the impressive ceremony, which was performed in the drawing-room directly in front of a bank of palms.

The usual bridal scheme of decoration was carried out in green and white, the flowers used being white chrysanthemums with a background of palms, ferns and bamboo. In the dining room, where an elegant supper was served after the informal reception following the ceremony, the decorations were unusually pretty and effective.

In the center of the table was a plateau of white chrysanthemums, bordered with ferns, while at the four corners of the table were silver candelabras with lace-covered green silk shades. The bonbons were in white and green and every detail of the wedding suggestive of good taste and elegance.

The bride wore a most becoming toilet of pale castor colored silk, trimmed in renaissance lace, and carried a bouquet of white roses. She is a young woman of many admirable traits of character and possessed of a charming personality.

Mr. Jeffries is clerk of the superior circuit and a gentleman widely known and universally popular. He and his bride will be at home to their friends at their charming home on Pine street.

Reid-Gibson.

Talbotton, Ga., November 29.—(Special.) At the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas A. Gibson, Miss Sarah F. Gibson and Mr. William James Reid, of Macon, were married this afternoon, the ceremony being performed by Father Winkleried, of Macon. Mr. and Mrs. Reid left on the afternoon train for their future home in Macon. Mr. Sidney Reid and Miss Annie Bailey, of Macon, being in the party.

Cotillon at the Post.

Lieutenant Lawrence C. Brown was the host at a brilliant cotillon given at Fort McPherson last night. A large party of the younger society set were in attendance and the cotillon, led by the gallant host, was one remarkable for the number and beauty of its figures.

At 11 o'clock a delicious supper was served, after which the cotillon continued. The decorations in the post ballroom were unusually elaborate and artistic, flags in graceful drapery being introduced with beautiful effect, while palms and bamboo were an appropriate addition to the general scheme of decoration.

Lieutenant Brown has made many friends since his arrival in Atlanta and is at present the commanding officer at Fort McPherson.

Bush-Stribling.

A romantic marriage will occur today at noon when Miss Nanne J. Bush, of Roswell, and Mr. Paul Orlando Stribling, of South Carolina, will be united in marriage by Rev. Mr. Motley at the parsonage of the Sixth Baptist church.

The wedding was not to have occurred until the 26th of December, but as both parties were in the city, they decided not to wait longer, but to have the marriage solemnized on Thanksgiving Day. The families of the young couple had advanced no objection to the wedding.

Miss Bush is a beautiful and accomplished young woman and a gifted elocutionist. She has a large number of friends not only in Atlanta, but also throughout the state. Mr. Stribling is the second son of Mr. S. Y. Stribling, president of the Roswell Manufacturing Company, and holds an important and responsible position with his father's company.

Miss Bush has been visiting Miss Ella T. Martin, at 81 Luckie street, who will compliment the young couple with a luncheon and box party after the ceremony.

The following friends of the young people will witness the marriage: Mrs. N. M. Martin, Miss Hallie R. Perkins, of Alabama; Miss Ella T. Martin, Mr. R. B. Womack and Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Parker.

Immediately after the box party at the Grand the happy couple will leave for Roswell, their future home. Both families are prominently connected with the best families of South Carolina and Georgia.

Hill-Watts.

Durham, N. C., November 29.—(Special.) Tonight at 8:30 o'clock Miss Annie Louise Watts, daughter of George W. Watts, of the American Tobacco Company, was married to John Sprunt Hill, a well known lawyer of New York. The marriage was the crowning social event of the season. The ceremony was performed in the First Presbyterian church by Dr. L. B. Turnbull. The bride wore white satin duchess, point lace and a tulle veil, caught up with diamond ornaments and orange blossoms, worn by her mother on her wedding day. The maid of honor was Miss Lizzie Morehead, of this city, a lifelong friend of the bride. She wore pink mousseline de soie over pink satin and carried a shower bouquet of bride's roses. The bridesmaids were Miss Lottie Tomlinson, Snowden Carr, Lalla Ruth Carr and Anne Turnbull, of this city; Christine Clarke, Henderson, Ky.; Miss Scott, Hagerstown, Md. They wore white mousseline de soie and carried bridesmaid roses. The best man was Hamm F. Hill, brother of the groom, of Faison, N. C. The ushers were Charles S. Watts, of Baltimore; uncle of the bride; C. S. Andrews and Frank Barker, New York; V. P. Boyden, Raleigh, N. C.; John L. Patterson, Salem, N. C., and John F. Wiley, Durham, N. C.

The wedding marches of Mendelssohn and "Tannhauser" were played by Professor Vernon Darnall, a musician of considerable southern prominence.

A reception was tendered the bridal party by the parents of the bride at Harwood hall, the elegant home of Mrs. Watts. The house was decorated throughout with palms, ferns, cut flowers. The hall was decorated with a profusion of chrysanthemums. Room decorations were in different colors. Mr. and Mrs. Hill received in a Louis XIV drawing room, decorated with white roses and maidenhair ferns, an adjoining drawing room in American beauty roses and the dining room in a lavish of decorations of white and pink cut flowers.

Supper was served the bridal party proper in the library. The decorations were lilies of the valley and bride roses. The other guests were served in the dining room. The decorations were furnished by E. H. Thurman, Boston; the supper by Charles Rauscher, of Washington, D. C.

Presents up in the hundreds represented a fortune.

Miss Watts is the only heir of G. W. Watts, and is probably the wealthiest young lady in the south. She was educated at the Woman's college, Baltimore, and Peeble & Thompson's, New York. She has been abroad several times. The groom was born at Faison, N. C., graduated at the University of North Carolina and led his class in law at Columbia college, New York. He served in the famous Troop A of New York in the Spanish-American war, and is a well known lawyer. The bridal party left in a special car on the Seaboard Air-Line for the north. The train was held three hours for their accommodation.

An Organ Recital.

Miss Margaret Waddill will give an organ recital at the First Baptist church Friday evening, December 1st. There will be no charge of admission. The public is cordially invited.

Following is the programme:

Sonata in C minor, Mendelssohn—Miss Waddill.

"Andante," from "Violin Concerto," Mendelssohn—Mr. A. Frosolon.

"I Will Extol Thee," Costa—Miss Clark.

Fugu in G minor, Bach; "Chant Pastoral," Dubois; "In Paradisum," Dubois—Miss Waddill.

(a) Recitative, "O Loss of Sight," Handel; air, "Totale Eclipse," ("Samson"), Handel; (b) "Why Does the God of Israel Sleep," Handel—Mr. Marshbank.

Offertoire, "St. Cecilia," Badiste—Miss Waddill.

"Ave Maria," Bach-Gounod—Miss Clark and Mr. Frosolon.

Postlude, Wely—Miss Waddill.

Social Items.

Yesterday afternoon from 4 to 6 o'clock Mrs. Frank P. Gale received informally in compliment to Miss Frances E. Griffin, of Alabama.

The affair was very enjoyable, Miss Griffin being a bright and interesting woman whose presence and clever conversation was a source of much pleasure to those who were invited to meet her. She is in attendance at the suffrage meeting in Atlanta, in which movement she is a prominent figure. Refreshments were served during the evening, and Mrs. Gale's hospitality proved delightful.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Moody entertain at cards tomorrow evening in honor of Miss Claire Sheehan.

***

Mrs. Fannie Lamar Rankin entertains tomorrow evening in honor of the visiting members of the North Carolina football team. A bevy of charming Atlanta girls will assist in the entertainment of the guests.

***

Mrs. Roby Robinson will entertain at cards next week in honor of Mr. Mitchell, of New York.

***

Mrs. Ellis Tolbert left yesterday for a short visit to Macon.

***

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Johnson, Mr. Ligon Johnson left yesterday for Montgomery Whorter in his private car. They will spend Thanksgiving with ex-Governor and Mrs. Ligon, Mrs. Johnson's parents.

***

Belle Seddon Matheson is the name given the baby girl of Professor and Mrs. Kenneth Gordon Matheson.

***

Mrs. Alexander Fleet, of Virginia, is the guest of Professor and Mrs. Matheson.

***

Miss Minna Smithers, of Virginia, will be the guest of Miss Mabel Gentry for a few days.

***

Miss Louise Dubose, of Athens, one of the handsomest and most attractive young women in the state, arrives in the city today and will be the guest of Mrs. Rutherford Lipscomb at Mrs. Vassar Woolley's.

***

Mrs. Ovid Sparks one of the handsomest of Macon's society women, is the guest of Mrs. Lewis H. Beck.

***

Miss Augusta Thompson is visiting friends in Buckland, Va.

***

The friends of Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Harman will regret to learn that Mrs. Harman is quite ill at their home on Howard street.

***

Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Kern have left for Terre Haute, Ind., to spend the holidays with relatives.

***

Mrs. J. G. Burckhardt will return to Atlanta December 1st after spending several months in the northwest.

***

The friends of Miss Laura Bush, who has been ill with typhoid fever for a month, will be glad to learn that she is now convalescent.

***

Mrs. Joseph T. Kirby, of Newnan, is spending the week with Mrs. George W. Ramey in West End.

***

Miss Marie Holliday will be with Mr. and Mrs. John Holliday, 78 Forrest avenue, for the winter.

***

The friends of Mr. H. C. Perkins, of 195 Whitehall street, will be pleased to hear he is improving from an operation performed a few days ago.

***

Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Manson have returned to the city and are now residing at 618 Piedmont avenue.

Forty years it has stood the test. Connoisseurs pronounce it the best. Cook's Imperial Champagne Extra Dry.

TAKE EXCEPTION TO ORDER

Railway Companies File Bill of Exceptions with County Clerk.

WILL GO TO SUPREME COURT

Document Is a Lengthy One and Covers Entire Ruling and Order of Court.

A bill of exceptions to the decisions and order of Judge John S. Candler in the injunction case of the state against the Trust Company of Georgia et al. has been filed in the office of the clerk of the superior court and the matter will probably be taken to the supreme court early next month.

The bill is of considerable length and goes exhaustively into the charge by the state that a consolidation of interests of the Atlanta Railway and Power Company and the Atlanta Railway Company had been effected for the purpose of lessening competition and forming a monopoly.

The exceptions claim that H. M. Atkinson, and not the Richardson street property owners, was the real movant in the case, and allege that the state and the citizens on Richardson street allowed themselves to be used by a rival company for the purpose of effecting an injunction against the two street railway lines in the city.

Exception is taken to the judge's ruling and order that no tracks are to be taken up in any of the cities through which the companies' lines run, except by consent of the municipal authorities, and that no tracks shall be taken up from the public roads in this and DeKalb county without the consent of the county authorities.

Similar exception is taken to the rule that no schedules shall be unreasonably changed without consent of the authorities, except where the lines are outside the corporate limits of the towns or not upon any of the public roads of the county.

The exceptions set forth cover the entire decision of the judge and his rulings and order.

ASK BODIES BE NOT MOVED.

Citizens of Key West Petition the Navy Department.

Washington, November 29.—The citizens of Key West have petitioned the navy department not to move the remains of the victims of the Maine, who were interred in the cemetery there. They have represented that the town purchased a fine lot in the cemetery, placed an iron fence around it and erected an expensive monument, which is to be dedicated this winter.

All this was done under an implied understanding that the remains were not to be removed. Moreover, it is reported that only two of the bodies could be identified. The department, therefore, will not undertake to remove these bodies. Those buried at Havana, however, about 160 in number, will be brought home on the Texas.

Brunswick and Western Railroad.

Brunswick, Ga., November 29.—(Special.) The annual meeting of stockholders of the Brunswick and Western railroad today resulted as follows; Directors, Lynde Harrison, of New Haven, Conn.; M. F. Plant and M. K. Jesup, New York; S. R. Knott, Louisville; F. O. Brown, Boston; R. G. Erwin, Savannah, and C. P. Goodyear, of Brunswick. The officers elected were Lynde Harrison, president; S. R. Knott, vice president; R. B. Smith, secretary; J. Moultrie Lee, treasurer.

J. M. High. J. M. High.

Today,
Thursday,
[Thanksgiving Day]
We will close the store
at 1 p. m.

J. M. High. J. M. High.

VIRGINIA SOCIETY TO HEAR F. J. OTEY

Distinguished Virginian to Speak Here on Lee's Birthday.

EXERCISES AT THE GRAND

Elaborate Banquet Will Be Served After Celebration.

MAJOR OTEY IS AN EX-CONFEDERATE

Represented Virginia in Congress Many Years and Is a Man of Wide Reputation.

Major Peter J. Otey, member of congress from the sixth congressional district of Virginia, has accepted the invitation of the Virginia Society to deliver the annual oration on Lee's birthday, January 19th. Major Otey has represented Virginia in the house of representative for a number of years. He now represents that state on the national democratic committee.

Major Otey was a gallant officer in the confederate army, where he served during four years. The latter part of the war he was captured and confined with the late Speaker Charles F. Crisp at Fort Delaware. Since the war he has been prominent in political affairs in the state of Virginia, is one of its most influential citizens and celebrated men. His oration will be on "The Confederate Veteran," with special reference to the day to be celebrated.

The Virginia Society will hold its public exercises at the Grand opera house, where it is expected a large audience will be gathered to hear this distinguished son of Virginia.

Elaborate arrangements for decorating the opera house are under way. The Daughters of the Confederacy, the Confederate Veterans and other kindred organizations, together with the public generally are invited to attend.

At the conclusion of these exercises an elaborate banquet will be spread in honor of the guest and in honor of the day. The Virginia Society has now celebrated Lee's birthday for ten years and it expects that the coming celebration will be the most notable one in its history.

The defense was ably represented by Hamilton Douglas, while Lewis Thomas appeared for the plaintiff. The jury was charged Tuesday afternoon and remained out all night, returning the verdict about 11 o'clock yesterday morning.

JESTER GETS THE VERDICT.

City Court Jury Awards Him the Amount Asked for in Suit on Contract.

The jury in the case of W. R. Jester against the Beck Steam Laundry Company, which has been on trial before Judge H. M. Reid in the first division of the city court for several days, returned a verdict yesterday morning in favor of the plaintiff for $232.50 principal and $36.52 interest. The amount of the verdict was within 45 cents of what was asked for.

The plaintiff was suing the laundry company on a contract for painting and keeping in repair 100 signs in the city. It was claimed that in 1893 a contract was entered into for a period of five years, and that Jester was to receive $15 per month for each sign.

Sometime ago he filed a petition alleging that the laundry company had refused to pay the rent for several months and he entered suit to recover for the amount claimed to be due and unpaid.

The laundry company contended that the plaintiff had failed to keep the signs in good repair, and that in consequence he was in no danger of the terms of the contract. During the trial a number of the signs were introduced as evidence.

Mrs. Morris' Letter to EVERY WIFE AND MOTHER.

[LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM NO. 14,363]

"I have taken eight bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound with gratifying results. I had been married four years and had two children. I was all run down, had falling of womb with all its distressing symptoms. I had doctored with a good physician, but I derived very little good from his treatment. After taking a few bottles of your medicine, I was able to do my work and nurse my seven-months'-old babe. I recommend your medicine to every wife and mother. Had I time, I could write much more in its praise. I bid you God's speed in your good work."—Mrs. L. A. Morris, Welaka, Putnam Co., Fla.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham—When I commenced the use of your remedies I was very bad off. Every two weeks I was troubled with flowing spells which made me very weak. I had two of the best doctors, but they did not seem to help me.

"They said my trouble was caused from weakness and was nothing to worry about. I felt tired all the time; had no ambition. I was growing worse all the time until I began the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I am now able to help about the house, and am much improved in health."—Mrs. A. Walker, Calicoon Depot, N. Y.



COR. BROAD AND ALABAMA STS.

A SKIN OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER.
DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash and Skin diseases and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 51 years and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the Skin preparations." For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers in the U. S., Canadas, and Europe. FRED T. HOPKINS, Prop., 37 Great Jones St., N. Y.

THE GRAND
MATINEE TODAY—TONIGHT.
Appearance of the brilliant Stellar Alliance,
HERBERT EFFIE
Kelcey-Shannon Co
Presenting the Famous American Drama,
The Moth and the Flame
Beautifully staged—superbly cast.
The original company and scenery as seen for 125 nights at Lyceum theater, New York city.
Sale now open at Grand box office.

SATURDAY MATINEE AND NIGHT.
THE BIG FUN SHOW.
The Marx, Reich Co. Present the New York Success
THE AIR SHIP.
By Jos. M. Gaites.
Second and best Edition and Bound in Laughter.
Best Musical Comedy Company On tour including
Marie Stuart
The American Fougere; and
Abott Davidson.
Night, 25c to $1.00. Matinee, 25c to 75c.
Sale opens Thursday.

Special Engagement.
TWO NIGHTS, COMMENCING MONDAY, DECEMBER 4TH.
The management has the honor to announce the first appearance in Atlanta of the distinguished English actress
OLGA
Nethersole
Direction Mr. Marcus R. Mayer.
Monday evening at 8 o'clock sharp Miss Nethersole will appear in her powerful creation Paula in Pinero's four-act play
The Second Mrs. Tanqueray
Tuesday evening, December 5th, at 8 sharp Miss Nethersole will present her great character Leslie in Pinero's play in four acts
THE PROFLIGATE.
Sale of seats for the Nethersole engagement will begin Friday morning, December 1st, at 9 o'clock.

COLUMBIA THEATRE
ALL THIS WEEK
Matinees Today and Saturday.
MABEL PAIGE
—AND THE—
MARSHALL COMEDY MUSICAL COMPANY
19—PEOPLE—19.
Matinee Today
MISS JULIET.
TONIGHT
THE GIRL FROM IRELAND.
Prices—10c, 20c and 30c. Sale at Miller's book store.
$25 Given Away Saturday Night.

Mrs. Rosa Freudenthal Monnish, M. D
Specialty, diseases of Uteras, Ovaries and Menstrual Disorders. Consultation confidential. Twenty years' successful experience. Graduate of American and European colleges and hospitals. A few first-class patients can be accommodated during treatment. Hours 9 to 3. Residence 3 Church, cor. Peachtree, Atlanta, Ga. Standard 'phone 1321. DR. W. A. MONNISH, physician and surgeon, specialty, diseases of women. Hours 10 to 1 and 3 to 5. Chamberlin-Johnson building, 2d floor. Take elevator. 'Phone 1322.

Our Store
Will Be
Closed Today
To Observe
Thanksgiving
We will be ready to
SERVE YOU
from 7 a. m. on, tomorrow.
Eisenman Weil
3 WHITEHALL.
Men's and Boys' Outfitters.


HOTEL EMPIRE,
BROADWAY (Formerly Boulevard) And 63d St., NEW YORK CITY
FURNISHED IN A BEAUTIFUL AND HOMELIKE MANNER.
NOTED FOR THE EXCELLENCE OF ITS CUISINE AND SERVICE.
ACCESSIBLE MODERN FIREPROOF
An extensive library of choice literature has just been added.
Orchestra Concerts Every Evening
Delightfully and conveniently located, within ten minutes of the amusement and shopping centers.
RATES MODERAT
AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS.
Write for our book, "The Empire Illustrated," and other particulars.
W JOHNSON QUINN, Proprietor.

YOUNG'S HOTEL,
34 and 36 North Forsyth.
Mrs. W. D. Young wants the traveling public to know that she has given up the Arlington and taken charge of Young's hotel, 34 and 36 North Forsyth street, next door to postoffice, three blocks from union depot. Hotel has 50 rooms, newly papered, painted and newly furnished in oak; new carpets; steam heat. We want twenty families, 50 young men and all the transient that will favor us with their patronage. Large sample room; free rooms in suites with baths.
MR. and MRS. W. D. YOUNG.

Arlington Hotel,
85 MARIETTA ST.,
Atlanta, Ga.,
Is now under the personal management of Emmor H. Lee. The Arlington is being thoroughly renovated and is a first-class Transient and Family Hotel. $2 per day. Special family rates by week or month.

HOTEL WILMER,
Anniston, Ala. European and American Plan.
Rates—American plan, $2 per day.
Rooms first floor 75c, second 50c per day.
New management. Newly furnished. Table supplied with all the choice viands of the season. The public will find here all the comforts of a first-class home.
E. LOCKE, Manager.

FOOTE'S TRUNK FACTORY
17 E. ALABAMA S T.
Still in the lead selling Trunks, Valises and Satchels at lowest prices. Trunk and Valise repairing done on short notice.
Standard and Bell 'Phones 230.

PURCHASING AGENCY
—BY—
MRS. F. I. CROWELL,
69½ Whitehall Street. Atlanta, Ga.
Success due to years of experience in purchasing. Any article purchased.
WEDDING TROUSSEAUS SPECIALTY.
Inclose stamp for information.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.
L. D. TEACKLE QUINBY, ATTORNEY AT LAW.
532-540 Equitable. 'Phone 1227, Atlanta, Ga.
O. H. SHEFFIELD & CO., CIVIL ENGINEERS,
518 Austell Building, Atlanta, Ga.
Eng

Nat Kaiser & Co.

15 Decatur St., Kimball House.

Some of this week's forfeits:

1 solitaire diamond ring, ¾, 1-32, 1-64, $40.

1 pair diamond earrings, 1, ⅛, 1-32, perfect, $95, a real bargain.

1 ring, ruby, surrounded by ten fine brilliant diamonds, $25: cost new, $60.

1 pure white flawed solitaire diamond ring, 3½ carats, $125; big show for little money.

1 solid gold Waltham hunting case watch, $22.50; box hinged; cost new $65.

Several solid gold, small size, Elgin and Waltham ladies' watches, $15.

Warranted solid gold wedding rings, $2.50 to $5.00.

Alarm clocks, warranted a year, $1.

Liberal loans at lowest rates, strictly confidential.

References: Capital City Bank, Fourth National Bank.

ARAGON HOTEL,

ATLANTA, GA.

This famous hotel is palatial in its appointments and unexcelled in its service. So popular has been its management that new additions have been added. Lately it has been entirely remodeled and refurnished, and is an ideal home for tourists.

Rates reasonable.

GEO. W. COLLIER, Manager.

OPIUM and Whiskey Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. B.M.WOOLLEY, M.D. Atlanta, Ga. Office 104 N. Fryor St.

Have your Carpets and Rugs cleaned, also Lace Curtains and Draperies, by the only concern in the city. Suits cleaned and pressed, 99 cents. Troy Steam Laundry, 38 North Forsyth Street.

Diamonds,
Watches,
Sterling Silverware,
Wedding Presents.

STILSON'S,

55 Whitehall St.

We Still Give the
Green Trading Stamps

Diamonds, Watches,
Jewelry, Silverware,

DELKIN'S,

10 Peachtree St.

C. H. SWIFT,

AGENT.

UNDERTAKER.

31 S. Pryor. Telephone 204.

OPIUM Morphine and Whiskey habits treated without pain or confinement. Cure guaranteed or no pay. B. H. VEAL, Man'gr Lithia Springs Sanitarium, Box 3, Austell, Ga.

Gold Spectacles

Make an acceptable Christmas present for father or mother.

First quality filled ones $3.00, Solid Gold ones $5.00 and up.

We will fit the lenses afterwards free of charge.

JULIUS R. WATTS & CO.,

Jewelers and Opticians.

7 WEST ALABAMA ST.

Cash Paid for Old Gold and Silver.

E. & W. TRADE MARK The SYOSSET Collar

Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Mouldings, Fence Posts, Flooring, Ceiling, Weatherboards, Sash, Doors and Blinds. Prompt delivery; lowest market prices.

South Georgia Lumber Company,

O. STEWART, Proprietor.

'Phone 532—Yard and Office 62 West Hunter St., Corner Madison Ave.

BOOTH TUCKER COMES SOUTH

Leaves New York Today for a Visit to New Orleans.

ACCOMPANIED BY OFFICERS

Lieutenant Colonel Holz, Chief Division Officer for Ohio, Kentucky and the South, Is with Him.

Commander F. de L. Booth Tucker leaves New York city at 2:55 p. m. today and goes by the way of Bristol, Knoxville, Chattanooga and Birmingham to New Orleans, where he arrives at 8:30 Saturday morning. Contingents of salvationists will meet the commander at the above named places, where he will doubtless speak from the platform of the cars as is his custom when passing through cities where the organization has corps established.

The severe illness of Major J. N. Panken, the divisional officer for the south, prevents him from accompanying the commander to New Orleans, but expects to be at the meetings in Atlanta. He has sent his representative, Ensign L. L. Leyh.

Lieutenant Colonel R. E. Holz, the former national social secretary for the United States, will accompany the commander on his entire trip. This will also be Lieutenant Colonel Holz's first visit to the south since his appointment as chief divisional officer for Ohio, Kentucky and the south.

TICKET SELLERS WILL MEET.

Extensive Preparations Are Being Made for the Convention in Atlanta Next March.

Although the date of meeting is some months off the International Association of Ticket Agents is making extensive preparations for the next annual convention, which will take place in Atlanta March 8th.

The association is one of the most important railroad organizations in the country, and its membership embraces every state in the union, Canada and Mexico, and it is officered by some of the most prominent ticket men in the country.

The fact that the convention will come to Atlanta is of no little interest to railroad men in this city. It was directly due to the Atlanta Business Men's League that the ticket men were induced to come to the city, and Secretary Martin will use every effort to see that the visitors are well taken care of while in Atlanta.

Following is a letter to Mr. Martin from President C. Van Campen, in which he speaks of the coming convention:

Rochester, Minn., November 27, 1899.—T. H. Martin, Secretary Business Men's League, Atlanta, Ga.—Dear Sir: Referring once again to the matter of the convention of ticket agents, to be held in your city, and your very kind letter of May 30, 1899, I wish to say that we have definitely fixed upon March 6th as the date of our departure, by special train from Chicago. Our itinerary, so far as arranged, contemplates thes topping at Chattanooga for twenty-four hours, leaving that city about 8a. m., March 8th, via Western and Atlantic railroad to reach Atlanta about 12 o'clock noon of that day. It is my desire to arrange and have published, as far as practical, a complete itinerary for our whole route; the time of absence covering about fifteen days. I expect to call the first meeting in your city at 2 p. m., March 8th. We shall spend at least March 8th and 9th in your city; possibly another day.

We should have a hall that would seat comfortably 400 or 500 people. These facts I desire to have now to publish in our journal for the month of January.

We are looking forward to a very pleasant and profitable convention in your city. Yours very truly,

C. VAN CAMPEN,
President International Association of Ticket Agents.

A GREAT BOOK.

Chaplain Nave, of Fort McPherson, is the author of a great book that is receiving wide recognition. He gave fourteen years to its preparation. It is a topical arrangement of the scriptures. Under each subject he has grouped all the scriptures relating to it. There are upward of 20,000 topics and sub-topics treated in this manner, with 100,000 scriptures. No book has ever before furnished a student all that the Bible says on any given subject. It is not surprising, therefore, that it is welcomed by those who study the Book of all books. It has already reached its third edition, 25,000, although it has been out only two years. It is issued in large octavo, containing more than 1,600 closely printed pages, and is bound in elegant morocco after the style of Oxford Teacher's Bible. Prices have been reduced for the third edition, so that it is within the reach of all. Sample copies may be seen at book stores in Atlanta, which are authorized to take orders until Christmas only. It is sold only by subscription. It is an elegant book to bestow as a present, as well as to own for one's self.

Every church should see to it that its pastor is supplied with a copy. It is to be handled in Georgia by the Nave Topical Bible Agency, Atlanta, Ga.

Agents will find this a book easy to sell and welcomed on delivery.

THE SUNSET-CENTRAL SPECIAL.

A New Train from New Orleans to Denison, Texas.

An improvement was recently inaugurated in the train service of the Southern Pacific Company from New Orleans to northern Texas points, whereby passengers destined to central and northern Texas are not compelled to change cars between New Orleans and destination. Palatial Reclining Chair Cars with special porter are run daily between New Orleans and Denison. The Southern Pacific Company is the only line offering a service to all Texas points without an omnibus transfer.

In addition to the improvement in train service, the time has been reduced very much, it only taking twenty hours and fifty-five minutes from New Orleans to Dallas. The train is operated by the Southern Pacific to Houston and Houston and Texas Central to destination, taking passengers through the most attractive portion of Texas and necessitating only one change of cars between Georgia and Texas.

The Palace Tourist Sleeping Cars operated through north and southern Carolina and Georgia on the Southwestern Vestibule, connecting with the Southern Pacific at New Orleans afford the traveling public the best service and no change of cars to California points.

Parties going to Texas or California will do well to write or call on Mr. W. R. Fagan, traveling passenger agent, Southern Pacific Company, No. 10 Kimball house, Atlanta, Ga., before closing their arrangements for a western trip. tf

A Beautiful 1900 Calendar.

The passenger department of the Central of Georgia Railway and Ocean Steamship Company have issued a very handsome calendar for 1900, either of which they will send to any address upon receipt of 6 cents in postage. Address W. H. Fogg, C. T. and P. A., Atlanta, Ga.

THE SUPREME COURT.

Interesting Decisions Handed Down in the High Court Yesterday.

HEAD NOTES GIVEN IN FULL

Reported by Stevens & Graham, Reporters of Supreme Court of the State of Georgia.

Decisions rendered Wednesday, November 29, 1899.

112. Thompson v. State. Before Judge Russell. Walton superior court.

Little, J.—1. There was ample evidence to show that the defendant was guilty as charged, and his conviction was not contrary to law.

2. A challenge to the array is an objection to all of the jurors collectively, because of some defect in the panel as a whole. If for any reason the impartiality of any one or more of the jurors whose names appear on the panel is suspected, the proper method of determining the state of feeling of such juror or jurors is by a challenge to the polls, and when thus challenged they may be put on their voir dire. And this is the rule not only in the trial of criminal cases where the charge amounts to a felony, but in the trial of misdemeanors as well.

Judgment affirmed. All the justices concurring.

A. C. Stone and George & George, for plaintiff in error.

C. H. Brand, solicitor general, contra.

113. Teasley v. State. Before Judge Reese. Hart superior court.

Lewis, J.—Even if a minor is, under any circumstances, liable to a prosecution for vagrancy, the evidence in this case was not sufficient to show that the accused was without means of support during the period in which the state insisted he was a vagrant.

Judgment reversed. All concurring.

Asbury G. McCurry, for plaintiff in error.

R. H. Lewis, solicitor general, by Harrison & Bryan, contra.

114. Connally v. State. Before Judge Henry. Floyd superior court.

Fish, J.—Though the testimony for the state might, if credible, have authorized a conviction, yet as this testimony was not only far from satisfactory in its character, but, in so far as it tended to show actual guilt, circumstantial only, and did not, even if true, show more than an attempt to commit the offense charged; and as there was, on the other hand, testimony in behalf of the accused of physical facts demonstrating his innocence, and as the testimony of his witnesses did not necessarily conflict with that of those sworn for the state, the verdict of guilty was unwarranted, and the court erred in not granting a new trial.

Judgment reversed. All concurring.

Wright & Ewing, for plaintiff in error.

Moses Wright, solicitor general, contra.

115. McDaniel, agent, v. Columbus Fertilizer Company. Before J. H. Worrill, judge pro hac vice. Taylor superior court.

Lumpkin, P. J.—1. Upon a suggestion by counsel here that the clerk of a trial court has made a mistake in certifying as to the date upon which a bill of exceptions was filed in his office, this court will direct the clerk to recertify as to this matter, to the end that the actual truth in regard thereto may be ascertained.

2. Causing a bill of exceptions to be actually placed in the hands of the clerk of a trial court within the time prescribed by law for filing the same in his office is all that is, in this respect, required of a plaintiff in error or his counsel.

3. A verdict finding a tract of land subject to an execution as the property of the defendant therein named cannot be upheld when it appears that he was the owner of only an undivided one-third of the land and held the same as tenant in common with two other persons who interposed a claim thereto.

Judgment reversed. All concurring.

C. J. Thornton and A. A. Carson, for plaintiff in error.

O. M. Colbert, contra.

116. Stanford v. New England Mortgage Security Company. Before Judge Butt. Harris superior court.

Cobb, J.—1. Though a party was providently prevented from attending court, and that her counsel stated in his place he could not go safely to trial without her presence, was not, without more, sufficient to constrain the trial judge to grant to such party a fifth continuance, when it appeared that at least three of the previous continuances had been predicated upon her absence on account of sickness. Certainly under such circumstances the question of granting another continuance was, even under section 5131 of the civil code, a matter within the discretion of the judge. See, in this connection, Mitchell v. Mitchell, 40 Ga. 11.

2. In the trial of an action upon a promissory note, where the plaintiff introduced in evidence the note sued on, and closed, and the defendant thereupon closed without introducing any evidence whatever, it was not error to direct a verdict in the plaintiff's favor.

Judgment affirmed. All concurring.

C. J. Thornton, for plaintiff in error.

W. E. Simmons and J. H. Worrill, contra.

117. Parkman v. Dent. Practice in the supreme court.

Lewis, J.—Where a bill of exceptions was, on May 6, 1898, returned by the judge to the plaintiff in error for correction, and the same was not finally presented for the certificate of the judge until September 3, 1898, the delay was unreasonable and inexcusable.

Writ of error dismissed. All concurring.

C. J. Thornton, for plaintiff in error.

Brannon, Hatcher & Martin, contra.

118. Preston v. Walker et al. Before Judge Butt. Marion superior court.

Simmons, C. J.—"The obligee in a bond for titles, who has paid a part of the purchase money for the land to which the bond relates may, when sued by the maker of the bond upon a note given for the balance, recoup his damages resulting from a breach of bond, notwithstanding he retains possession of the land, he having at the maturity of the note offered to pay the same and demanded compliance with the terms of the bond, and by his plea offering to surrender possession and to account for rents during the time of his occupation of the premises."

Judgment reversed. All concurring.

Miller & Miller, for plaintiff in error.

C. J. Thornton and A. E. Thornton, contra.

119. Blue et al. v. McCorkle. Before Judge Spence. Marion superior court.

Simmons, C. J.—1. A summons issued for the purpose of instituting an action in a justice's court need not bear date twenty days before the time of trial; for sections 4118 of the civil code distinctly declares that such a summons shall bear date fifteen days before such time.

2. The bill of exceptions in this case is so palpably without merit that there can be no reasonable conclusion except that it was sued out for the purpose of delay only. Accordingly damages are awarded against the plaintiff in error.

Judgment affirmed, with damages. All concurring.

Simeon Blue, for plaintiffs in error.

W. D. Crawford, contra.

120. Clements & McCall v. Pearce & Williams. Before Judge Spence. Marion superior court.

Fish, J.—There was no error in excluding evidence, nor in the charges excepted to; the verdict was authorized by the evidence, and the trial judge did not err in refusing to grant a new trial.

Damages are awarded against the plaintiffs in error for bringing this case here for delay.

Judgment affirmed, with damages. All concurring.

Simeon Blue, for plaintiffs in error.

George P. Munro, contra.

121. Street v. Fudge. Practice in the Supreme Court.

Cobb, J.—There being no appearance for the plaintiff in error, this case is dismissed for want of prosecution.

As there was in the trial court no "judgment for a sum certain" against the plaintiff in error, the motion of the defendant in error that damages be awarded against his adversary for bringing the case here for delay only, must be denied. Collins Park Co. v. Short Electric Co., 95 Ga. 576, and citations.

Writ of error dismissed. All concurring.

J. T. Hill, for defendant in error.

122. Gilbert v. British-American Mortgage Company. Before Judge Butt. Talbot superior court.

Fish, J.—1. There being no conflict in the evidence, and it absolutely demanding the verdict for the plaintiff, there was no error in directing the jury to find accordingly.

2. The bill of exceptions being manifestly without merit, damages are awarded for bringing the case to this court for delay only.

Judgment affirmed, with damages. All concurring.

A. J. Perryman and C. J. Thornton, for plaintiff in error.

Claud Worrill and J. J. Bull, contra.

123. Harris v. State. Before Judge Henry. Floyd superior court.

Cobb, J.—1. Recitals of fact in a motion for a new trial, filed in a criminal case, relating to occurrences alleged to have taken place in the presence of the judge while the trial was in progress, though verified by the affidavit of movant's counsel and admitted to be true by the solicitor general, cannot be taken as true in this court, when it affirmatively appears that the trial judge expressly declined to certify the same. It follows that points made in a motion for a new trial which depend upon such recitals are not properly here for determination.

2. Words spoken by a person, some of them within an hour and others within twenty-four hours of the time when he took the life of another, capable of being understood as conveying a threat to take the life of some one, are admissible in evidence on the trial of the person speaking them for murder.

3. The evidence warranted the verdict, and it does not appear that any error was committed in denying a new trial.

Judgment affirmed. All concurring.

George A. A. Harris & Son, for plaintiff in error.

J. M. Terrell, attorney general; Moses Wright, solicitor general, and M. B. Eubanks, contra.

124. Cade v. Larned. Before Judge Butt. Chattahoochee superior court.

Lumpkin, P. J.—That a married woman in writing consented to and approved a security deed executed by her husband, conveying land to which he had title, did not estop her from subsequently setting up that this deed was void for usury; she having, before the bringing of an action against her husband on the secured debt, taken a conveyance of the land from him and having filed a claim thereto in resistance to a levy made at the instance of the holder of the security deed after obtaining judgment against the husband.

Judgment reversed. All concurring, except Cobb, J., who was disqualified.

C. J. Thornton, for plaintiff in error.

L. F. Garrard, E. J. Lynn and Vasser Woolley, contra.

125. Wiley v. City of Columbus. Before Judge Butt. Muscogee superior court.

Lewis, J.—When the charter of a city distinctly specifies the manner in which the municipal authorities shall contract in its behalf a petition which in loose and general terms alleges that "the city" employed plaintiff to do a certain thing, and which does not set forth the terms of the alleged contract with him, or contain allegations showing that such contract was in fact made in the manner prescribed by the charter, is demurrable.

Judgment affirmed. All concurring.

James H. Worrill and Samuel B. Hatcher, for plaintiff in error.

Francis D. Peabody, contra.

126. Macrum v. Washington. Before Judge Butt. Muscogee superior court.

Little, J.—1. The act of the ordinary in receiving and recording a schedule of property sought to be set aside as a homestead under the provisions of section 2866 et seq. of the civil code, is ministerial only, and the validity of such exemption may be collaterally attached, in a court of competent jurisdiction, in a case involving the right of a plaintiff in execution to subject the same to the satisfaction of his execution.

2. The affidavit required by section 2850 of the civil code, in order to authorize a seizure under execution of property set apart as a homestead, applies only to homesteads set apart under the provisions of section 2828 of the civil code, and not to property sought otherwise to be exempted.

Judgment reversed. All concurring.

Goetchius & Chappell, J. H. Worrill and S. T. Pinkston, for plaintiff in error.

C. E. Battle and A. A. Dozier, contra.

127. Kirven & Co. v. Thornton. Before Judge Willis. City court of Columbus.

Simmons, C. J.—1. A written acknowledgment of indebtedness, which does not specify or plainly refer to the particular demand or cause of action to be renewed or created by it, is not sufficient to take the case out of the statute of limitations, where the contract or cause of action sued on is barred. Gartrell v. Linn, 79 Ga. 760; Paille v. Plant, decided November 9, 1899.

2. Whether there were mutual accounts or dealings between the parties, so as to relieve the bar of the statute, was a question of fact for the jury. This question having been submitted to the jury, and they having found against the contention of the plaintiffs, and no error being assigned on the charge of the judge, and the evidence authorizing the verdict, this court will not interfere with his discretion in refusing a new trial. Gunn v. Gunn, 74 Ga. 555.

Judgment affirmed. All concurring.

Hatcher & Carson, for plaintiffs in error.

J. H. Worrill, contra.

128. Wynn v. Irvine's Georgia Music House, and vice versa. Before Judge Butt. Marion superior court.

Fish, J.—An execution against S. J. W. as agent for Mrs. M. W. is against S. J. W. alone, the words "as agent for," etc., being merely descriptio personae. Where such an execution is levied and a claim is filed by S. J. W. in his own right, the claim should be dismissed, as only a third person not a party to the execution can interpose a claim.

Judgment affirmed, with direction. Cross-bill of exceptions dismissed. All concurring.

George P. Munro, for Wynn.

Simeon Blue, contra.

129. Martin v. Williams. Before Judge Butt. Muscogee superior court.

Lumpkin, P. J.—This case, upon its facts, is controlled by the principles laid down in Whitehead v. Patterson, 88 Ga. 748, and Everett v. Westmoreland, 92 Ga. 670.

Judgment affirmed. All concurring.

Blandford & Grimes, for plaintiff in error.

Cameron & Hargett, contra.

130. Weathers v. Prufrock. Before Judge Butt. Muscogee superior court.

Little, J.—The verdict is sustained by the evidence, and no error calling for a reversal of the judgment appears to have been made by the presiding judge. It was not, therefore, error to overrule the motion for a new trial.

Judgment affirmed. All concurring.

Cameron & Hargett, for plaintiffs in error.

J. E. Chapman and W. H. McCrory, contra.

131. Epps, executor, v. Story. Before Judge Spence. Marion superior court.

Lewis, J.—1. A contract between a father and a daughter, by the terms of which she was to pay him annually a stated sum, and also to board him four months of each year while he lived, and, in consideration of so doing, was to have as her own a designated parcel of land belonging to the father, of which she and her husband were in possession, was, though in parol, irrevocable by the father, after substantial performance by the daughter during a considerable period of time.

2. If, in lieu of the annuity due to the father under such a contract, the daughter in one or more years boarded him for a time in excess of the stipulated four months, he not demanding from her any cash, and if his board during such period was worth more than the amount of the annuity, these facts would warrant a finding that there had been a novation of the terms of the original agreement, satisfactory to the parties.

3. Where a contract of the nature above indicated has been made and mutually carried out for a considerable space of time during which the daughter, upon the faith of the contract, caused valuable and permanent improvements to be placed on the land, her failure to continue to board the father, if due to no fault on her part, would not of itself operate as a rescission of the contract.

4. The charges complained of were substantially correct, and were applicable to the undisputed facts disclosed by the record.

5. The verdict was sufficiently supported by the evidence, and there was no error in denying a new trial.

Judgment affirmed. All concurring.

Brannon, Hatcher & Martin, for plaintiff in error.

W. D. Crawford, contra.

132. Marshall v. Charland, administratrix. Before Judge Butt. Talbot superior court.

Cobb, J.—1. After a judgment has been rendered in favor of one merely described as "administratrix," without adding the name of any person as intestate, it is too late for a claimant of property levied on under such judgment to attack the same on the ground that the plaintiff therein was a foreign administratrix and had not filed a copy of her letters of administration in the clerk's office before bringing suit. Indeed, such a judgment is really one in favor of the individual so described, and not in her favor in any representative capacity.

2. Though a judgment may give to the plaintiff therein a special lien upon described realty to which, under the pleadings she was not entitled, this affords no cause for dismissing the levy upon that realty as the property of the defendant under an execution issued upon such judgment, when it appears that the same embraced not only the special lien, but also a general lien on all the property of that defendant.

3. Upon the questions of usury involved, this case upon its undisputed facts is controlled by the decisions of this court in Hughes v. Griswold, 82 Ga. 296, and Stansell v. Georgia Loan Company, 96 Ga. 227.

Judgment affirmed. All concurring.

J. J. Bull and C. J. Thornton, for plaintiff in error.

J. H. McGehee, contra.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF CALL OF THE CIVIL DOCKET.

On Wednesday, December 6th, the Atlanta circuit will be taken up for the hearing of arguments, and the same will proceed from day to day until that circuit is disposed of. Argument of cases upon the civil docket will then be suspended until further notice.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Genuine Georgia Brunswick Stew, served in gelatine cases, is a novelty at dinners. Fill the cases, heat in the oven and serve hot; garnish with parsley.

NOVELTIES

Just received in Lace Scarfs from 25c up, Chiffon Lace-Trimmed Jabots and Scarfs, hand-made Spanish Scarfs and Fichus real Duchess and Appliqué Lace Barbes and Berthas.

Fine assortment of real Valenciennes Laces and Insertings for making Handkerchiefs, from 20c yard Real Duchess and Rose Point Laces, Scarfs and Collarettes.

New assortment of real Lace Handkerchiefs for the holidys.

SPECIAL

Our $1.25 four-button red Glove, in all colors; also white and cream embroidered Backs for 75c. Dents of London four-clasp real Kid Glove, in all colors and black, $2 quality for a few days at $1.

LACE HOUSE

28 Whitehall St.

DIRECT IMPORTERS.

FORREST ADAIR. G. W. ADAIR

G. W. ADAIR, REAL ESTATE and RENTING AGENTS,

AN OPPORTUNITY.

Within exactly three blocks of the business center of Atlanta we have an elegant home containing fourteen rooms, conveniently arranged, and well constructed, equipped with furnace, two bathrooms, stationary washstand in each bedroom, three servants' rooms, stable, carriage house, buggy shed, hot and cold water, numerous closets, and in fact every conceivable convenience that can be suggested by good taste or supplied by money. The lot is 58 feet front, by 219 feet in depth, and the rear is approached by four different alleys. It is an ideal place for a physician who desires to combine his residence and office, and wishes to be in the heart of the city, and at the same time in a first-class and desirable locality.

To a ready customer we will offer this place at 50 per cent less than its present actual value, and as the owner desires a residence a little further out, we will entertain a proposition to exchange, and will be willing to pay the difference in cash.

We mean business and will be glad to show this property at any time to those who wish to inspect it with a view of buying.

G. W. ADAIR, 14 Wall St.

A. F. LIEBMAN,

Real Estate, Renting and Loans, 28 Peachtree Street.

How's This?

$1,000 buys four lots averaging 43x100, one of which is a corner, in good renting neighborhood, on southside, less than ¾ mile from center of city; sidewalk, sewer and water down. If improved, will pay handsomely.

A. F. LIEBHAN,
28 Peachtree Street.

J. C. HENDRIX.

I have a party with ten thousand dollars to invest in good rent-paying property. Money in bank. If you have such call on me. I have another party with about fifteen hundred dollars to invest in a small home in a pleasant neighborhood. A 165-acre farm five miles from carshed. Can be bought at a bargain—the Mayson mill place.

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REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

61 West End ave., 186x250 feet, 12 room colonial residence with stone buttresses in first story; cabinet mantels, tiled hearths and facings, street cars, all conveniences and first-class neighbors. This is a magnificent, substantial, aristocratic home; must be sold; submit offers. We will sell a bargain also in 88 Pulliam st. and 610 Washington st.

A. J. WEST & CO.,
18 Pryor st., Kimball House.

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MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS IN

General Mill Supplies, Machinery and Tools

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Corrugated and V-Crimped Iron Roofing for Warehouses, Ginneries, Etc.

Write for Prices.

WE HAVE Plenty Coal IN OUR YARDS

AND CAN SUPPLY ALL ORDERS

PROMPTLY AT LOWEST PRICES

A Fire Set or Green Trading Stamps Free

DUNN & FRANCIS,

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FROM CHARLESTON TO ATLANTA

Officers Elected Yesterday for the Seaboard's New Railroad.

Charleston, S. C., November 29.—The Chattanooga, Augusta and Charleston Railway Company, the new road which the Seaboard Air Line proposes to build between Charleston and Atlanta, and surveys for which have already been made, was organized here today, the following officers being elected: President, E. R. Williams, Richmond; vice president, J. U. Jackson, of Augusta; secretary, Henry Buist, of Charleston; treasurer, R. Goodwyn Rhett, of Charleston.

Board of directors—G. W. Williams, Jr., C. Wulbern, R. Goodwyn Rhett, S. H. Wilson, W. B. Chisolm and W. M. Wallace, all of Charleston; Charles S. Heard, of Augusta; J. U. Jackson, Augusta; E. R. Williams, of Richmond; J. W. Travis, Richmond, and W. B. S. Whaley, of Columbia.

J. Skelton Williams, of the Seaboard Air Line, was in the city during the day but declined to be interviewed. The Seaboard Air Line closed by purchase today several options upon terminal properties in the city, and at a special meeting of city council to be held in a day or two rights of way will be asked for through certain streets. There seems no longer to be a reasonable doubt that the proposed road is to be built.

"Some are weatherwise, some are otherwise." You will be among the wiseacres if you fortify yourself against sickness, and prepare for winter's confinement by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla now.

GREAT SOUTHEASTERN FAIR.

BRUNSWICK, GA., NOVEMBER 27 TO DECEMBER 2.

Low Rates Via Southern Railway. See U. S. Battleship Texas, Commanded by Capt. Sigsbee.

For this occasion the Southern railway will sell tickets at very low rates from Atlanta, Columbus, Griffin and intermediate points to Brunswick. Rates from Atlanta, tickets selling November 25th to December 2d, inclusive, final limit December 4th, $8.34; also on November 28th, 30th and December 2d, with final limit two days, $5.20. Double daily train service by Southern railway. 11-28-12-2

CHAS. M. SHELDON'S BOOKS.

"Crucifixion of Philip Strong," "Robert Hardy's Seven Days," "His Brother's Keeper," "Richard Bruce," "The Twentieth Door," "John King's Question Class," "Malcom Kirk" and "The Miracle at Markham," 25 cents each; and "IN HIS STEPS; WHAT WOULD JESUS DO?" 10 cents. Postage paid on mail orders. John M. Miller Co., 39 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

ASTHMA HAY FEVER AND CATARRH

Oppression, Suffocation, Neuralgia, etc. CURED BY

Espic's Cigarettes, or Powder

Paris, J. ESPIC; New York, E. FOUGERA & CO. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

THE WEATHER.

Washington, November 29.—Forecast for Thursday and Friday: Georgia—Fair, warmer Thursday. Friday fair; fresh south to west winds.

Virginia—Generally fair with moderate temperature Thursday and Friday; fresh southerly winds.

North Carolina—Fair Thursday; warmer in western and central portions. Friday fair; fresh west to south winds.

South Carolina—Fair Thursday; warmer in western portion. Friday fair; fresh south to west winds.

Eastern Florida—Fair Thursday and Friday; light to fresh winds, mostly westerly.

Western Florida and Alabama—Fair; warmer Thursday. Friday fair; fresh south to west winds.

Mississippi—Fair Thursday. Friday fair; cooler in western portion; fresh south to west winds.

Louisiana and Eastern Texas—Fair Thursday. Friday fair; cooler; fresh south to west winds.

Western Texas—Fair Thursday; cooler in extreme northern and western portions. Friday fair; cooler in southeast portion; fresh south to west winds.

Tennessee—Fair Thursday. Friday fair; cooler in western and central portions; fresh southerly winds, shifting to northwesterly Friday.

Kentucky—Fair Thursday. Friday fair; cooler; southerly winds, shifting to northwesterly Friday.

Local Report for Yesterday.

Mean temperature	44
Normal temperature	48
Highest temperature	50
Lowest temperature	39
Rainfall in 24 hours	.00
Deficiency of rainfall since Jan. 1	7.79

Received from Other Stations.

STATION.	Temperature.	Highest Temperature.	Rainfall in past 24 hours.
Corpus Christi, clear	64	76	.00
Galveston, clear	62	70	.00
Mobile, clear	54	58	.00
Montgomery, clear	48	50	.00
New Orleans, clear	58	64	.00
Palestine, clear	66	74	.00

T indicates trace of rain or snow.

J. B. MARBURY,
Local Forecast Official.

MULES

Aren't the only animals that kick.

Men kick, too, sometimes, when they pay for a good thing and get a bad one! And they do right!

But there are very few kickers among the buyers of

PARIAN PAINTS

"Why?"

Because they are found to possess the qualities claimed for them, namely: Durability, permanence of color, unequaled covering capacity—and—what no other paints claim or are found to have—the quality of being unaffected by climatic conditions.

PARIAN PAINT COMPANY

39 South Pryor Street.

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At 95 Whitehall St.

Dealer in foreign and domestic Wines, Liquors, Cigars, Tobaccos, Ales, Porter, Beer and all such goods as belong with a first-class liquor store, the very best in the city or state. Send your orders or come in person. Terms cash.

Peter Lynch's Seed and Variety Store fronts 7 Mitchell. Stand will be open in a few days with a new stock Field and Garden Seeds and a variety of other goods.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, October 11, 1899. W. R. Jones, administrator of estate of Eli H. Blount, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in January next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

Dahl's FLORIST ATLANTA.

Ink Used on This Paper Made by the

The Tripod Paint Co

Manufacturers,

Importers,

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Painters' and Artists' Supplies

Best Goods, Lowest Prices.

41 and 43 E. Alabama St....

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

LOW RATE

Winter Tourist Tickets

NOW ON SALE TO

Florida Resorts.

STANDARD Printing Ink Co.

CINCINNATI, O.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—CREDITORS of the estate of Mrs. Fannie Frank are notified to render in an account of their claims, and all persons indebted to said estate are notified to settle with the undersigned.

A. F. LIEBMAN, Administrator.
28 Peachtree street.

11 22—6t wed

PARK DAVIS $1 CONICURA

Cures Gonorrhea in 1 to 5 Days. A guaranteed complete treatment. Internal and external. $1. No second bottle ever required. Cures Gonorrhea, Spermatorrhea, Gleet, Whites, Unnatural Discharges. Either sex. Will not stricture. Will not freeze. Sent in plain wrapper, Express paid for $1. Circular free. Address

METH... CA...

Possibil... Dir...

LITTLE NEW FRON...

News of Embarkation ... vision Received ...

MODDER LOSS LARGE...

Lieutenant Colonel S... Received with Sa... don—He Was I... sponsible for... Mobiliza...

London, December 1... yond the report from ... was heard in the dire... on Monday, there is no... of any kind from the ... semi-official statement ... that Lord Methuen's ... rious, and that he is ... right in the course of ... certain, however, that ... prevent his being in the ... is great anxiety to k... will be compelled tempo... the personal direction ...

His next in command ... ville, commanding the ... He has a reputation as ... cer.

As men are needed ... Lord Wolseley's anno... new division will be ... delay has been received ... satisfaction. The tran... be returning from he... hoped that the men w... speedily. On this poi... Post says:

"The sooner we can m... as to the magnitude of ... the sooner it will be ...

Lieutenant Colonel ... ends a most promising ... the officer mainly respo... ing out the details of ... scheme.

METHUEN AMONG...

Full List of British ... lic in Lon...

London, November 30... announced that Gen... among those wounded ... Modder river.

General Methuen, it de... slightly wounded by a ... flicted a flesh wound in ...

Lieutenant Long, of ... shires, is another offi... cers were wounded.

The war office has rec... ing dispatch from th... manding at Cape Tow... November 24th:

"Kimberley all well ... Rall and telegraph op... Gatacre reports Nevert... situation is unchanged...

The war office has rec... ing dispatch from Gen... Pietermaritzburg, We... 25th:

"Mitchell, a telegraphi... his way out of Ladys... whence he sends the f... "On November 9th ... Boers with great loss to ... total casualties were ... There were only eight ... the siege by shells, ... ties, etc., only a hundre... killed or wounded.

"I left Ladysmith the ... ter 25th. Since Novembe... has been made to attac... force.'"

The war office has re... ceived the following:

"Received from Modde... ber 20th:

"Killed—Staff, Colonel ... Second Coldstreams, Lie... H. R. Stopford, Captain ...

"Wounded—Artillery, ... say, Captain Farrell, Lie... Lieutenant Pursse; Third ... jor Count Gleichen, Lie... E. H. Lygon; Coldstre... Viscount Acheson; medi... tain C. A. Moore.

"The casualties among ... the Ninth brigade and ... division will follow."

BOERS FIRED 1,0...

Useless Waste of A... Bombardment of ...

Kimberley, November ... Klokfontein, November ... a few rifle shots hear to... rection of Wright's farm ... regarded as merely one ... Boer tricks to draw our ... ducing us to believe th... forces are drawing near ...

This afternoon the Bo... large culverts near the ... railway line toward Spyt...

The news of the prox... lieving forces greatly c... rison and the inhabitants ... were seen today, but ... only small bands around ... of fifty or so, the grea... gone to Spytfontein, wh... lieved to have been hea...

From Kaffir sources ... that there are two large ... Olifant's dam, with 150 ... supply. The Boers ha... three miles distant all... to run down toward th... an old dry dam on the ... believed to be the Free ... erations on the western ...

The official estimate ...